

L3 13829 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (MN(L)(B OR MG OR AL O	R
SI OR P OR SC OR TI OR V OR CR OR FE OR CO OR ZN OR GA C	R
SR OR Y OR ZR OR NB OR RU OR RH OR PD OR AG OR NI OR CU	
IN OR SN OR SB OR BA OR CE OR HF OR TA OR RE OR OS OR IF	
OR PT OR AU OR BI)(L)O)/ELS(L)3-4/ELC.SUB	
L7 13914 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DOPANTS+PFT,NT,OLD,NEW,	CT
L8 24584 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DOPING+PFT, NT, OLD, NEW/O	T
L11 35777 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "BATTERY ELECTRODES"+PR	T,N
T, OLD, NEW/CT	
L13 11218 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (MANGANESE OR MN) (2A) DC	P?
117 1100E ODA DILE DEGLOWDY ADD ON DILLON 12 NOW 1 100/LT	
L17 11085 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 NOT 1-100/LI L18 31211 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L17	
L18 31211 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 L19 1690 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 AND ((L7 OR L8) OR	
DOPING# OR DOPANT#)	
L20 26 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND L11	
L21 510 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND L13	
L22 36 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND ELECTROCHEM?/SC	S, SX
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L23 54 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 OR L22	
L24 29 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND (1840-2001)/PR	, AY
, PY	
L25 158 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND ELECTROCHEM?/SC	SX.
10C 04 000 0110 UCARYUG ARR ON DIU ON 10E AND /1040 0001\ /DD	7 717
L26 94 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND (1840-2001)/PR	, AY
, PY L29 81 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND (BATTER? OR	
ELECTROD? OR ANOD? OR CATHOD?)	
L30 44 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON: L29 AND ELECTROLYT?	
L31 62 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 OR L30	

#### => d 131 1-62 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L31 ANSWER 1 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:521158 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:465235

TITLE: Novel material for fuel cells and its manufacture

and use

INVENTOR(S): Hu, Jiandong; Tosto, Sebastiano

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ENEA-Ente per le Nuove Tecnologie, L'Energia e

l'Ambiente, Italy

SOURCE: Ital. Appl., 45pp.

CODEN: ITXXCZ

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Italian

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IT 2001RM0596	A1	20030403	IT 2001-RM596	20011003
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IT 2001-RM596	20011003
			/	

Entered STN: 15 May 2007 ΕD

- AB The fuel cell uses cerium oxide doped with NiAl, Co, Ni, Al, Fe, Nb, Ca, K, or Na ass the **electrolyte**, where the cerium oxide contains 0.1-40 weight%, preferably 0.1-20 weight%, of the **dopant**.
- IT 935527-71-2, Gallium lanthanum manganese oxide
   (Ga0.2La0.8MnO3)

(cathode; novel material for fuel cells and its manufacture and use)

RN 935527-71-2 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ga0.2La0.8MnO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	=+=		+===========
0	- 1	3	17778-80-2
Ga	- [	0.2	7440-55-3
Mn		1	7439-96-5
La		0.8	7439-91-0

IC ICM H01M

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST fuel cell doped electrolyte cerium oxide

IT Fuel cell electrolytes

(novel material for fuel cells and its manufacture and use)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconium oxide, uses 136854-58-5, Cerium gadolinium oxide (Ce0.8Gd0.202)

(anode; novel material for fuel cells and its manufacture and use)

IT 935527-71-2, Gallium lanthanum manganese oxide
 (Ga0.2La0.8MnO3)

(cathode; novel material for fuel cells and its manufacture and use)

L31 ANSWER 2 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1165362 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:443486

TITLE: Preparation of nanostructured and layered lithium

manganese oxides and their use as cathode material

in lithium secondary batteries

INVENTOR(S): Singhal, Amit; Skandan, Ganesh
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nanopowder Enterprises Inc, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 6960335	В1	20051101	US 2002-251306		20020920
			<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-323442P	P	20010920
			<		

ED Entered STN: 01 Nov 2005

AB Nanostructured and layered lithium manganese oxide powders are produced having the chemical formula, LixMn1-yMyO2, with 0.5 < x <1.33, and 0  $\leq$  y  $\leq$  0.5 and having an average primary particle diameter of 5-300 nm, preferably 5-100 nm, and M is at least one cation **dopant**. M can be Al, Co, Ga, V, or Ni. The powders can be formed into active cathode materials in Li-ion and Li

rechargeable batteries. The cathode material contains a binder, such as polyvinylidene fluoride, polyethylene oxide, polyethylene, polypropylene, PTFE, polyacrylates, or their mixts. or copolymers. The cathode material contains conductive particles, especially carbon.

868657-30-1P, Aluminum manganese sodium oxide ΙT

> (Al0.1Mn0.9Na0.902) 868657-33-4P, Aluminum manganese sodium oxide (Al0.25Mn0.75Na0.902)

(preparation of nanostructured and layered lithium manganese oxides and their use as cathode material in lithium secondary batteries)

868657-30-1 HCAPLUS RN

Aluminum manganese sodium oxide (Al0.1Mn0.9Na0.902) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
==========	==+===		===+==	
0	1	. 2	1	17778-80-2
- Na	1	0.9	1	7440-23-5
Mn	1	0.9	1	7439-96-5
Al .	- 1	0.1	1	7429-90-5

RN 868657-33-4 HCAPLUS

Aluminum manganese sodium oxide (Al-0.25Mn0.75Na0.902) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN

Component		Ratio	Component			
	1		Registry Number			
=========	==+==		+======================================			
0	1	2	17778-80-2			
Na	1	0.9	7440-23-5			
Mn	- 1	0.75	7439-96-5			
Al	- 1	0.25	7429-90-5			

IC ICM C01G045-02

ICS C01D001-02; H01M004-50; H01M004-58

INCL 423599000; 423594150; 429224000; 429231950

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

IT Battery cathodes

> (preparation of nanostructured and layered lithium manganese oxides and their use as cathode material in lithium secondary batteries)

868657-30-1P, Aluminum manganese sodium oxide IT

3

(Al0.1Mn0.9Na0.902) 868657-33-4P, Aluminum manganese sodium oxide (Al0.25Mn0.75Na0.902)

(preparation of nanostructured and layered lithium manganese oxides and their use as cathode material in lithium secondary batteries)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 3 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:511644 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:71602

Additive for alkaline batteries TITLE:

Christian, Paul A.; Davis, Stuart M.; Mezini, INVENTOR(S):

Tatjana

The Gillette Company, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent DOCUMENT TYPE:

English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	CENT	NO.			KIN		DATE			APPI	ICAT	ION				ATE	
	WO	2003						2003	0703		WO 2		us39				00212	211
	WO	2003	0549	88		А3		2004	0722									
						-		AU,			BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
								DE,	-									
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	
								LU,	-									
								PT,										
			TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	
			BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ;	DE,	DK,	
			EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SI,	SK,	
			TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	
			TD,	TG									,					
	US	2003	1341	99		A1		2003	0717	•	US 2	2001-	2227	2	,	2	00112	220
								•	•			<						
		6740						2004										
	AU	2002	3513	63		A1		2003			AU 2			63		2	00212	211
		1 4 6 6	222			7.0								0.0		0	0001	
	ΕP	1466	3/3			A2		2004	1013		EP 2	2002-		20		2	00212	211
		R·	ΔТ.	BE.	CH.	DE.	DK.	ES,	FR.	GB.	GR.			T.II.	NT.	SE.	MC.	
								FI,										
	CN	1630						2005										211
														_				
	JP	2006	5025	28		·T		2006	0119		JP 2	2003-	5556	06		2	00212	211
	BR	2002	0150	87		Α		2006	1128		BR 2	2002-	1508	7		. 2	00212	211
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US 2	2001-	2227	2	j	A1 2	00112	220
												<						
											WO 2	2002-	US39	649	1	w 2	00212	211
								•										

ED Entered STN: 04 Jul 2003

AB An alkaline battery includes a cathode including Ni oxyhydroxide and a gold salt, an anode including zinc, a separator between the cathode and the anode, and an alkaline electrolyte. The Ni oxyhydroxide includes  $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -Ni oxyhydroxide. Gold salt is selected from Au(III) oxide, Au(III) hydroxide, and Au(III) acetate.

IT 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate

(additive for alkaline batteries)

RN 7783-98-4 HCAPLUS

CN Permanganic acid (HMnO4), silver(1+) salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ag(I)

RN 7787-36-2 HCAPLUS

CN Permanganic acid (HMnO4), barium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●1/2 Ba

IC ICM H01M004-52 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST battery alk electrode additive ΙT Battery cathodes Primary batteries (additive for alkaline batteries) ITPrimary batteries (button-type; additive for alkaline batteries) 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide ΙT (additive for alkaline batteries) 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 55070-72-9, Nickel hydroxide oxide IT(additive for alkaline batteries) 1301-96-8, Silver oxide Ago 1303-52-2, Gold hydroxide au(oh)3 IT 1303-58-8, Gold oxide au2o3 1303-61-3, Gold sulfide au2s3 1304-28-5, Barium oxide (BaO), uses 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide (CdO), uses 1306-38-3, Cerium oxide ceo2, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), uses 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide (Sb2O3), uses 1312-43-2, India 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-37-0, Ytterbia 7440-57-5D, Gold, salt 7446-07-3, Tellurium oxide (TeO2) 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, uses 7681-52-9, Sodium hypochlorite Naocl 7722-64-7, Potassium permanganate 7727-21-1, Potassium persulfate 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7775-27-1, Sodium persulfate 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, 7790-75-2, Calcium tungsten oxide cawo4 12036-44-1, Thulium 12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide batio3, uses 12049-50-2, oxide Calcium titanium oxide catio3 12060-58-1, Samaria 12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide srtio3 12061-16-4, Erbia 12064-62-9, 12672-51-4, Cobalt hydroxide 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide bafeo4 14857-02-4, Calcium silicate 16469-22-0, Yttrium hydroxide 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 20427-58-1, Zinc hydroxide 20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide (CaS) 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Ag2O) 51305-35-2, Gold acetate 61701-27-7, 20731-62-8, Thulium sulfate Cobalt hydroxide oxide (additive for alkaline batteries) ΙT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses (conductive; additive for alkaline batteries) ΙT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses

7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses (dopant; additive for alkaline batteries)

L31 ANSWER 4 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

2003:377215 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> 138:356269

DOCOITE.

Fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide

TITLE:

fuel cells

INVENTOR(S):

Barnett, Scott A.; Liu, Jiang; Madsen, Brian Northwestern University, USA; Functional Coating

Technology, LLC

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003041196	A1	20030515	WO 2002-US35991	.20021107
•			<	

W: CA, JP, KR

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE,

IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR

US 2003124412 A1 20030703

US 2002-291875 20021107

<--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2001-348067P P 20011107

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- ED . Entered STN: 16 May 2003
- AB The invention is about the electrochem. oxidation of hydrogen and/or hydrocarbons in solid oxide fuel cells, to generate good power densities at low operating temps. Performance is obtained using various ceramic anode components, over a range of useful fuels.
- RN 216701-11-0 HCAPLUS
- CN Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		=+=	
0	1	x	-	17778-80-2
Cr	1	x		7440-47-3
Mn	1	x	1	7439-96-5
La	1	x	İ	7439-91-0

- IC ICM H01M004-86
  - ICS H01M004-90; H01M008-04; H01M008-12
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 57, 72

- ST fuel flexible anode solid oxide fuel cell
- IT Fuel cell anodes

Fuels

Oxidation, electrochemical

(fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

IT Hydrocarbons, uses

(fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

IT Fuel cells

(solid electrolyte; fuel-flexible anodes for

solid oxide fuel cells)

7440-54-2, Gadolinium, uses ΙT

> (dopant; fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

12060-59-2, Strontium titanate 55575-02-5, Cerium gadoliniumoxide IT57285-40-2, Chromium lanthanum strontium oxide 64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide 112721-99-0 125297-24-7, Chromium lanthanum manganese strontium oxide Cr0-1La0-1Mn0-1Sr0-103 178441-34-4, Chromium lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 216701-11-0, Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide 518986-11-3 518986-12-4D, O-deficient 518986-13-5, Strontium titanium yttrium oxide (Sr0.86TiY0.0803)

(fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

1306-38-3, Ceria, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses ΙT (fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

74-82-8, Methane, uses 74-98-6, Propane, uses 106-97-8, Butane, IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses

(fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

ΙT 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses 7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses

> (lanthanum chromite doped with; fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(yttria-stabilized; fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

IT1314-36-9, Yttria, uses

> (zirconia stabilized with; fuel-flexible anodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 5 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:129324 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:172788

TITLE:

Oxygen ion conducting materials

INVENTOR(S):

Vaughey, John; Krumpelt, Michael; Wang, Xiaoping;

Carter, J. David

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Chicago, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 6 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXAM Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT N	10.	KIND	DATE	APP	PLICATION NO.		DATE
US 65212	202	B1	20030218	US	1999-344859 <	-	19990628
US 20031	29115	A1	20030710	US	2002-327502		20021220
US 68214	98	В2	20041123				
US 20050	31519	A1	20050210 .	US	2004-900054		20040727
US 69165	570	B2	20050712 .				
PRIORITY APPI	IN. INFO.:			US	1999-344859	A3	19990628
				US	2002-327502	Α1	20021220

ED Entered STN: 20 Feb 2003

AB An oxygen ion conducting ceramic oxide that has applications in industry including fuel cells, oxygen pumps, oxygen sensors, and separation membranes. The material is based on the idea that substituting a dopant into the host perovskite lattice of (La,Sr)MnO3 that prefers a coordination number lower than 6 will induce oxygen ion vacancies to form in the lattice. Because the oxygen ion conductivity of (La,Sr)MnO3 is low over a large temperature range, the material exhibits a high overpotential when used. The inclusion of oxygen vacancies into the lattice by doping the material was found to maintain the desirable properties of (La,Sr)MnO3, while significantly decreasing the exptl. observed overpotential. The material is especially suitable for solid oxide fuel cell cathodes.

IT 124607-16-5, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.79MnSr0.203) 497221-32-6, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.54MnSr0.4503) 497221-33-7, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.59MnSr0.403)

(oxygen ion conducting materials based on doped perovskite which are suitable for solid oxide fuel cell cathodes, oxygen sensors, and separation membranes)

RN 124607-16-5 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.79MnSr0.203) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	=+=		+==============
0	- 1	3	17778-80-2
Sr	- 1	0.2	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.79	7439-91-0

RN 497221-32-6 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.54MnSr0.4503) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.45	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.54		7439-91-0

RN 497221-33-7 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.59MnSr0.403) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	' 	Component Registry Number
=============	==+==		==+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.4	1	7440-24-6
Mn ·	I	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.59	- 1	7439-91-0

IC ICM C01G045-12

ICS B01J023-00; B01J023-32; H01M004-50; H01M004-42

INCL 423599000; 502303000; 502324000; 429220000; 429223000; 429224000; 429229000

```
CC
     49-4 (Industrial Inorganic Chemicals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52
     7440-24-6, Strontium, uses
                                7440-70-2, Calcium, uses
ΙT
        (dopant for lanthanum; oxygen ion conducting materials
        based on doped perovskite which are suitable for solid oxide fuel
        cell cathodes, oxygen sensors, and separation membranes)
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
                               7440-02-0, Nickel, uses
ΙT
                  7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses
     Copper, uses
        (dopant for manganese; oxygen ion conducting
        materials based on doped perovskite which are suitable for solid
        oxide fuel cell cathodes, oxygen sensors, and separation membranes)
     12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide (LaMnO3) 124607-16-5,
ΙT
     Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.79MnSr0.203)
     497221-32-6, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (La0.54MnSr0.4503) 497221-33-7, Lanthanum manganese
     strontium oxide (La0.59MnSr0.403)
                                        497221-34-8D, oxygen-deficient
        (oxygen ion conducting materials based on doped perovskite which
        are suitable for solid oxide fuel cell cathodes, oxygen sensors,
        and separation membranes)
                               THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         26
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                               RE FORMAT
L31 ANSWER 6 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                     2002:812169 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:327411
                        Structure of solid fuel cell
TITLE:
                         Kawahata, Takeshi
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                . DATE
                         ____
                                _____
                                           -----
                        A
     JP 2002313362
                                20021025
                                           JP 2001-116306
                                                                  20010416
                                                  <--
                                           JP 2001-116306
                                                                  20010416
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     Entered STN: 25 Oct 2002
ED
     The fuel cell has a porous Mo anode having fine through holes formed by
AΒ
     lithog., ion etching, or sintering; a thin Al2O3 dopant layer containing 0.01-
     10 at% Pt on the right side of the anode; a composition grade zeolite
     electrolyte layer, having a Si/Al ratio 1.0-5.0 and containing 0.01-10 at% Zr,
     joined to the dopant layer; a porous Ni-LaSrMnO3 cathode having fine through
     holes formed by lithog., ion etching, or sintering; a 1st Cu alloy spacer and
     a 2nd Cu alloy spacer connected to the left side of the anode and the right
     side of the cathode, and a Cu alloy partition on the right side of the 2nd
     126447-16-3, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaSrMnO3
ΙT
        (structure of solid electrolyte fuel cells having
        nickel-lanthanum strontium manganese oxide cathodes)
     126447-16-3 HCAPLUS
RN
     Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide ((La,Sr)MnO3)
                                                       (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
                      Ratio
                                         Component
  Component
```

| Registry Number

	-=====================================	:====== 3	====+=================================	======================================	
Sr	i 0	- 1	i	7440-24-6	
Mn	i	1	i	7439-96-5	
La	i o	<del>-</del> 1	i	7439-91-0	
	, ,	-	•		
IC	ICM H01M008-02 ICS H01M008-02; H0	11M004-8	36: HO1MOO4-	88	
CC	52-2 (Electrochemic				
00	Technology)	ar, na	aracronar, a	nd Incimal bhergy	
ST	solid electrolyte f	ים ופני	ll structure		
IT	Fuel cells	uei ce.	ii structure		
11	(solid electroly	*** c+:	rusture of c	alid	
	electrolyte fuel			0114	
TO					
ΙT	Zeolites (synthetic			-111- b	
	(structure of so				5
		.ning a.	luminosilica	te zeolite electrolyte	е
T.M.	layers)				
ΙT	Copper alloy, base	124 - 7	<del> </del>	-111	
	·	orra ere	ectroryte Iu	el cells containing c	opper
T (1)	spacers)			•	
ΙT	7439-98-7, Molybder			-313	
			ectroryte iu	el cells containing po	orous
TO	molybdenum anode				
ΙT	7440-06-4, Platinum	-	astrolecto fu	ol colla containing n	0.000.0
	platinum anodes)		ectroryte lu	el cells containing p	orous
ΙT	7440-02-0, Nickel,		26//7_16_2	Tanthanum manganoso	
11	strontium oxide (La		20447-10-5,	Lanchandii illanganese	
	(structure of so		actrolyte fu	el celle having	
				se oxide <b>cathodes</b> )	
ΙT	1344-28-1, Alumina,		-	Palladium, uses	*
11	(structure of so				
•	palladium contai				
	parraaram concar		ramina aopan	c rayers,	
L31	ANSWER 7 OF 62 HCA	APLUS (	COPYRIGHT 20	07 ACS on STN	
	SSION NUMBER:			LUS Full-text	
	MENT NUMBER:	137:80		<u> </u>	
TITI			•	ation of solid oxide	fuel cell
		stack			
INVE	INTOR(S):		Naoki: Kush	ibiki, Keiko; Sato, F	uminori;
				; Uchiyama, Makoto; Ha	
		Masaha			·
PATE	CNT ASSIGNEE(S):	Nissan	n Motor Co.,	Ltd., Japan	
SOUF			nt. Appl., 4		•
			: PIXXD2		
DOCU	MENT TYPE:	Patent	Ī.		
LANG	GUAGE:	Englis	sh		
FAMI	LY ACC. NUM. COUNT:	1			
PATE	INT INFORMATION:				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE 	APPLICATION NO.	DATE 
	WO 2002045198	A2	20020606	WO 2001-JP10233	20011122
	WO 2002045198	A3	20030530	- -	
	W: CN, KR, US		·		
	RW: DE, FR, GB				
	JP 2002164074	A	20020607	JP 2000-360563	20001128

JP 3674840	B2	20050727			
EP 1338056	A2	20030827	EP 2001-983828		20011122
			<		
R: DE, FR, GB					
CN 1636296	A	20050706	CN 2001-805582		20011122
			<		
US 2003012995	A1	20030116	US 2002-182051		20020725
			<		
US 6969565	В2	20051129			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-360563	Α	20001128
			<		
			WO 2001-JP10233	W	20011122
			<b>/</b>		

ED Entered STN: 07 Jun 2002

In a solid oxide fuel cell stack, first and second cell plates are alternately AΒ stacked. The first cell plates comprise a substrate having a plurality of opening portions, a groove which extends through the plurality of opening portions formed on a lower surface of the substrate, a solid electrolyte layer which covers the opening portion formed on an upper surface of the substrate, a fuel electrode layer which covers the opening portions formed on the solid electrolyte layer, and an air electrode layer formed on the lower surface of the substrate so as to extend along the opening portions and the groove. The second cell plates has a structure in which the air electrode layer is replaced with the fuel electrode layer in the first cell plate. In this fuel cell stack, the air electrode layer of the first cell plate faces the air electrode layer of the second cell plate, and the fuel electrode layer of the first cell plate faces the fuel electrode layer of the second cell plate. A method of manufacturing the solid oxide fuel cell stack comprises preparing the first cell plate, preparing the second cell plate, alternately stacking the first and second cell plates, and collectively sintering the stacked first and second cell plates.

KN 39/0/-40-9 HCAPLOS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    +	Ratio	   F	Component Registry Number
	т		<sub>+</sub>	
0		x	1	17778-80-2
Sr		x	1	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	x	1	7439-96-5
La	1	x	1	7439-91-0.

IC ICM H01M008-24

ICS H01M008-12

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

IT Fuel cells

(solid electrolyte; method for fabrication of solid oxide fuel cell stack)

IT 7440-36-0, Antimony, uses

(dopant; method for fabrication of solid oxide fuel cell

IT 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide, uses **59707-46-9**, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 106830-29-9, Yttrium zirconium oxide Y0.2Zr0.902.1

(method for fabrication of solid oxide fuel cell stack)

L31 ANSWER 8 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:886688 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:21977

TITLE:

Doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes

INVENTOR(S):

Feddrix, Frank H.; Donne, Scott W.; Devenney,

Martin; Gorer, Alexander

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

CODEN: PIXXD2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT										ICAT					ATE
	2001										001-					0010601
WO	2001 W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,		BG,	BR,				
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	ES, KG, MN,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,		SI,		SL,					
	RW:	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	TZ, IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,
AU	2001											6529				TD, TG 0010601
EP	1297	581			A2		2003	0402				9398	17		2	0010601
EP	1297 R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,		IT,		LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,
		5350	13		T		2003	1125		JP 2	_	5004				0010601
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	2003				A1						-003					0030522
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											<				_	<del>-</del>

Entered STN: 07 Dec 2001 ED

PRI

This invention relates to batteries and, more particularly, to battery AΒ electrodes comprised of manganese dioxide doped with at least one element. In one aspect, the invention is a doped manganese dioxide useful as an active electrode material in both thin film and cylindrical batteries. The doped manganese dioxides provide several potential benefits, including improved electrochem. performance as compared with conventional manganese dioxides. The doped manganese dioxides of this invention comprise manganese, oxygen, and at least one dopant deliberately incorporated into the atomic structure of the manganese dioxide. The doped Mn dioxide electrode materials may be produced by a wet chemical method (CMD) or may be prepared electrolytically (EMD) using a solution containing Mn sulfate, H2SO4, and a dopant, in which the dopant is present in an amount of at least .apprx.25 ppm.

```
ΙT
     378248-51-2, Manganese borate oxide (Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-
     2) 378248-52-3, Magnesium manganese oxide
     (Mg0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-53-4, Aluminum manganese
     oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-54-5, Manganese oxide
     silicate (Mn0.99-101.86-2(SiO4)0-0.01) 378248-55-6,
     Manganese oxide phosphate (Mn0.99-101.86-2(PO4)0-0.01)
     378248-56-7, Manganese scandium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sc0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-57-8, Manganese titanium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-58-9, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.99-1V0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-59-0, Chromium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-60-3, Iron manganese oxide (Fe0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-61-4, Cobalt manganese oxide (Co0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-62-5, Manganese nickel oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-63-6, Copper manganese oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-64-7, Manganese zinc oxide (Mn0.99-12n0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-65-8, Gallium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-67-0, Manganese strontium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sr0-0.0101.9-
     2) 378248-68-1, Manganese yttrium oxide (Mn0.99-1Y0-0.0101.9-
     2) 378248-69-2, Manganese zirconium oxide
     (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-70-5, Manganese niobium
     oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-71-6, Manganese
     ruthenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-72-7,
     Manganese rhodium oxide (Mn0.99-1Rh0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-73-8
     , Manganese palladium oxide (Mn0.99-1Pd0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-74-9, Manganese silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-75-0, Indium manganese oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-76-1, Manganese tin oxide (Mn0.99-1Sn0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-77-2, Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-78-3, Cerium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-79-4, Hafnium manganese oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-80-7, Manganese tantalum oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-81-8, Manganese rhenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Re0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-82-9, Manganese osmium oxide (Mn0.99-10s0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-83-0, Iridium manganese oxide (Ir0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-84-1, Manganese platinum oxide (Mn0.99-1Pt0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-85-2, Gold manganese oxide (Au0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-86-3, Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-87-4, Aluminum manganese nickel oxide
     (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-88-5, Manganese
     nickel borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
     378248-89-6, Manganese zirconium borate oxide
     (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-90-9, Manganese
     titanium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
     378248-91-0, Hafnium manganese borate oxide
     (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-92-1, Aluminum
     manganese tantalum oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-93-2, Manganese tantalum borate oxide
     (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-94-3, Manganese
     niobium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
     378248-95-4, Aluminum manganese niobium oxide
     (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-96-5, Manganese
     niobium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-97-6, Aluminum manganese zirconium oxide
     (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-98-7, Gallium
     manganese zirconium oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-99-8, Cerium manganese zirconium oxide
     (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-00-4, Hafnium
     manganese zinc oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
     378249-01-5, Cerium manganese borate oxide
     (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-02-6, Gallium
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manganese borate oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378249-03-7, Cerium hafnium manganese oxide
(Ce0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-04-8, Aluminum
manganese borate oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378249-05-9, Aluminum gallium manganese oxide
(Al0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-06-0, Manganese zinc
borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-07-1
, Cerium manganese zinc oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-08-2, Cerium gallium manganese oxide
(Ce0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-09-3, Aluminum
hafnium manganese oxide (AlO-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-10-6, Hafnium manganese zirconium oxide
(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-11-7, Manganese zinc
zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-12-8
, Gallium hafnium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-13-9, Gallium manganese nickel oxide
(Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-14-0, Manganese
nickel zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zn0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-15-1
, Gallium manganese silver oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Aq0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-16-2, Indium manganese nickel oxide
(In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-17-3, Hafnium
manganese nickel oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-18-4, Indium manganese zirconium oxide
(In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-19-5, Manganese
silver borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378249-20-8, Aluminum manganese zinc oxide
(AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-21-9, Gallium
manganese zinc oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-22-0, Chromium manganese borate oxide
(Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-23-1, Chromium
manganese zinc oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
.378249-24-2, Aluminum chromium manganese oxide
(AlO-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-25-3, Chromium
indium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-26-4, Chromium gallium manganese oxide
(Cr0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-27-5, Chromium
hafnium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-28-6, Manganese nickel silver oxide
(Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-29-7, Aluminum
manganese silver oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-30-0, Chromium manganese silver oxide
(Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-31-1, Cerium
chromium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-32-2, Chromium manganese zirconium oxide
(Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-33-3, Manganese
silver zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-34-4, Cerium manganese silver oxide
(Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Aq0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-35-5, Chromium
copper manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-36-6, Copper manganese zirconium oxide
(Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-37-7, Hafnium
manganese silver oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-38-8, Manganese silver zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zn0-
0.0101.9-2) 378249-39-9, Manganese ruthenium zirconium oxide
(Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-40-2, Cerium
manganese ruthenium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-41-3, Hafnium manganese ruthenium oxide
(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-42-4, Aluminum
manganese ruthenium oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2)
378253-12-4, Antimony manganese oxide (Sb0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
```

378253-13-5, Chromium manganese nickel oxide

(Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2)

(doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes)

RN 378248-51-2 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese borate oxide (Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	. 1	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.87 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2
воз	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	14213-97-9
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-52-3 HCAPLUS

CN Magnesium manganese oxide (Mg0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
			1	Registry Number
========	===+===		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Mn	ļ	0.99 - 1	-	7439-96-5
Mg .	1	0 - 0.01	I	7439-95-4

RN 378248-53-4 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum manganese oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01	1	7429-90-5

RN 378248-54-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese oxide silicate (Mn0.99-101.86-2(SiO4)0-0.01) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
==========	==+==	=============	===+=	
0		1.86 - 2	1	17778-80-2
O4Si	ı	0 - 0.01	- 1	17181-37-2
Mn	l	0.99 - 1	- 1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-55-6 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese oxide phosphate (Mn0.99-101.86-2(PO4)0-0.01) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
			1	Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	=======================================
0	İ	1.86 - 2		17778-80-2
04P	1	0 - 0.01	1	14265-44-2
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-56-7 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese scandium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sc0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==	===============	==+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Sc .	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-20-2
Mn	1	0.99 - 1		7439-96-5

RN 378248-57-8 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese titanium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1 <sup>*</sup>	Ratio		Component Registry Number
=============	==+==		===+=	
0	Ī	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ti	-	0 - 0.01	- 1	7440-32-6
Mn	ı	0.99 - 1	-[	7439-96-5

RN 378248-58-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.99-1V0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=:	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
V	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-62-2
Mn ·	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-59-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		- 1	Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Cr	- 1	0 - 0.01	- 1	7440-47-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	- 1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-60-3 HCAPLUS

CN Iron manganese oxide (Fe0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	1		- 1	Registry Number
	==+==	===========	===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	- 1	7439-96-5
Fe	1	0 - 0.01	1	7439-89-6

RN 378248-61-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cobalt manganese oxide (Co0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1		Compor	nent
_	1			1	Registry	Number
==========	+=====		=======	+==		
0	1	1.9 -	2	1	177	78-80-2

```
0 - 0.01 | 7440-48-4
0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
Со
Mn
            - 1
    378248-62-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Manganese nickel oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                Ratio | Composition | Registry Number
 Component
           - 1
___________________________________
        | 1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
| 0 - 0.01 | 7440-02-0
| 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
0
Ni
Mn
RN
    378248-63-6 HCAPLUS
CN Copper manganese oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
               Ratio
 Component |
                                  Component
                             | Registry Number
           İ
_____+
            1.9 - 2
                                     17778-80-2 .
               0 - 0.01 |
0.99 - 1 |
                                   7440-50-8
7439-96-5
Cu
           1
Mn
    378248-64-7 HCAPLUS
RN
CN Manganese zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Component | Ratio
                             | Component
                          | Registry Number
O | 1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2

Zn | 0 - 0.01 | 7440-66-6

Mn | 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
    378248-65-8 HCAPLUS
RN
    Gallium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
 Component | Ratio |
                                  Component
                           | Registry Number
           - 1
1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
| 0 - 0.01 | 7440-55-3
| 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
Ga
Mn
    378248-67-0 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Manganese strontium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
 Component | Ratio
                          | Component
| Registry Number
           1 .
         ____+__
                1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
0 - 0.01 | 7440-24-6
0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
0
Sr
    378248-68-1 HCAPLUS
RN
    Manganese yttrium oxide (Mn0.99-1Y0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                Component
 Component
                   Ratio
                              | Registry Number
```

		10/713,969	
======== O Y Mn	1.9 - 2   0 - 0.01   0.99 - 1	+=====================================	
	9-2 HCAPLUS e zirconium oxide (Mn0	.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2)	(9CI) (CA INDEX
Component	Ratio	Component   Registry Number '	
 O Zr Mn	1.9 - 2 0 - 0.01 0.99 - 1	17778-80-2   7440-67-7   7439-96-5	
	0-5 HCAPLUS e niobium oxide (Mn0.9	9-1Nb0-0.0101.9-2) (	9CI) (CA INDEX
Component	Ratio	Component   Registry Number	
======== O Nb Mn	1.9 - 2   0 - 0.01   0.99 - 1	17778-80-2   7440-03-1   7439-96-5	•
	1-6 HCAPLUS e ruthenium oxide (Mn0	.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2)	(9CI) (CA INDEX
Component	Ratio	Component   Registry Number	
======================================	1.9 - 2   0 - 0.01   0.99 - 1	17778-80-2   7440-18-8   7439-96-5	
RN 378248-72 CN Manganese NAME)	2-7 HCAPLUS e rhodium oxide (Mn0.9	9-1Rh0-0.0101.9-2) (	9CI) (CA INDEX
Component	Ratio    -	Component   Registry Number	
======================================	1.9 - 2   0 - 0.01   0.99 - 1	17778-80-2   7440-16-6   7439-96-5	
	3-8 HCAPLUS e palladium oxide (Mn0	.99-1Pd0-0.0101.9-2)	(9CI) (CA INDEX
Component	Ratio	Component	

Component		Ratio	1	Component
	- 1		1	Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Pd	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-05-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-74-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
•	1		1	Registry Number
	==+==		===+==	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ag	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN Indium manganese oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	ŀ	17778-80-2
In	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	7440-74-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	- 1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese tin oxide (Mn0.99-1Sn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	I		1	Registry Number
	==+===		===+=	
0	1 .	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Sn	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-31-5
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-77-2 HCAPLUS

CN Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	==+==	==========	===+=	=======================================
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ва	I	0 - 0.01	I	7440-39-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-78-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	1		- 1	Registry Number
===========	==+==		===+=:	
0		1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ce		0 - 0.01	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-79-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hafnium manganese oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=== <b>====</b> =====	==+==		===+=	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Hf	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-58-6
Mn		0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

378248-80-7 HCAPLUS

RN

```
CN
    Manganese tantalum oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
 Component | Ratio
                            Component
          | Registry Number
| 1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
0
                                  7440-25-7
               0 - 0.01
0.99 - 1
           1
Ta
Mn
                                   7439-96-5
    378248-81-8 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Manganese rhenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Re0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
              Ratio | Component
| Registry Number
 Component | Ratio
0 | 1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
               0 - 0.01 | 7440-15-5
0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
Re
           - 1
Mn
          1
RN
    378248-82-9 HCAPLUS
    Manganese osmium oxide (Mn0.99-10s0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Component | Ratio | Component | Registry Number
_____+__+__+__+_
          1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
| 0 - 0.01 | 7440-04-2
| 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
0s
Mn
RN
    378248-83-0 HCAPLUS
    Iridium manganese oxide (Iro-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
    NAME)
 Component | Ratio | Component | Registry Number
          | 1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
| 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
| 0 - 0.01 | 7439-88-5
Mn
Ir
    378248-84-1 HCAPLUS
RN
    Manganese platinum oxide (Mn0.99-1Pt0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
    NAME)
                         Component
 Component | Ratio
                         | Registry Number
          - 1
1.9 - 2 | 17778-80-2
0 - 0.01 | 7440-06-4
0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
           Pt
       . 1
Mn
    378248-85-2 HCAPLUS
RN
    Gold manganese oxide (Au0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
                                  Component
                 Ratio
 Component
                             | Registry Number
```

=======	=====+====		===+====	
0	1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Au	1	0 - 0.01		7440-57-5
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5

RN 378248-86-3 HCAPLUS

CN Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	<b>-</b>		т	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80 <b>-</b> 2
Bi	ļ	0 - 0.01	1	7440-69-9
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	-	7439-96-5

RN 378248-87-4 HCAPLUS .

CN Aluminum manganese nickel oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component   Registry Number
==========	==+=		+===========
0		1.9 - 2	17778-80-2
Ni		0 - 0.01	7440-02-0
Mn		0.99 - 1	7439-96-5
Al		0 - 0.01	7429-90-5

RN 378248-88-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	<b>-</b>		+-	
0	1	1.87 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2
воз		0 - 0.01	- 1	14213-97-9
Ni	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-02-0
Mn	I	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-89-6 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese zirconium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	   F	Component Registry Number
	+			
0	1 .	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
BO3	-	0 - 0.01	1	14213-97-9
Zr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-90-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese titanium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	1		1	Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2

BO3	1	0 - 0.01		14213-97-9
Ti	1	0 - 0.01		7440-32-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-91-0 HCAPLUS

CN Hafnium manganese borate oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component   Registry Number
==========	=+==		+===========
0	1	1.87 - 2	17778-80-2
воз	1	0 - 0.01	14213-97-9
Hf	1	0 - 0.01	7440-58-6
Mn		0.99 - 1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-92-1 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum manganese tantalum oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1TaO-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	.	Component Registry Number
	==+=:		=+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Та	1	0 - 0.01		7440-25-7
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1 .		7439-96-5
Al	- 1	0 - 0.01		7429-90-5

RN 378248-93-2 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese tantalum borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	·	Component Registry Number
	=+==		===+=	
0	1.	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
BO3	1	0 - 0.01	0.	14213-97-9
Ta	- 1	0 - 0.01	ļ	7440-25-7
Mn		0.99 - 1	ļ	7439-96-5

RN 378248-94-3 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese niobium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
O .	1	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
воз	1	0 - 0.01	1	14213-97-9
Nb	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-03-1
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-95-4 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum manganese niobium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
	=+=		+=	=======================================
0	1	1.9 - 2	I	17778-80-2

Nb	l	0 - 0.01		7440-03-1
Mn		0.99 - 1	1	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5
Al	1	0 - 0.01		7429-90-5

RN 378248-96-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese niobium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	==+==		==+=============
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	17778-80-2
Zr	1	0 - 0.01	7440-67-7
Nb	1	0 - 0.01	7440-03-1
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	7439-96-5

RN 378248-97-6 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum manganese zirconium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+==	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Zr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01	1	7429-90-5

RN 378248-98-7 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium manganese zirconium oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	! !	Component Registry Number
==========	==+===		===+==	
0		1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Zr	1	0 - 0.01		7440-67-7
Ga	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-55-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7 <b>4</b> 39 <b>-</b> 96-5

RN 378248-99-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese zirconium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	-	Ratio	- 1	Component
	- 1		l	Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2
Zr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Ce	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	. 0.99 - 1	- 1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hafnium manganese zinc oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
-	1		1	Registry Number
	=+=		+-	=======================================
0	1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2

Zn	1	0 - 0.01	ŀ	7440-66-6
Hf	1	0 - 0.01	ļ	7440-58-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	ı	7439-96-5

RN 378249-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese borate oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
==========	==+=		+=	
0	1	1.87 - 2		17778-80-2
воз	1	0 - 0.01	1	14213-97-9
Ce		0 - 0.01	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-02-6 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium manganese borate oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
=======================================	=+=		+=	
0	1	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
во3	1	0 - 0.01	1	14213-97-9
Ga	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-55-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-03-7 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium hafnium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
=======================================	==+===		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Hf ·	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-58-6
Ce	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-04-8 HCAPLUS

CN. Aluminum manganese borate oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==:		===+;==	
0	- 1	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
BO3	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	14213-97-9
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01	1	7429-90-5

RN 378249-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum gallium manganese oxide (AlO-0.01GaO-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	1	Component
-	1		1	Registry Number
==========	=+=		+=	=======================================
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	ı	17778-80-2

Ga	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-55-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01	1	7429-90-5

RN 378249-06-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese zinc borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	=+=		+=	=======================================
0		1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
воз		0 - 0.01	1	14213-97-9
Zn		0 - 0.01		7440-66-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-07-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese zinc oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	+		+-	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Zn	- 1	0 - 0.01		7440-66-6
Ce	1	0 - 0.01		7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-08-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium gallium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	  -  -	Component Registry Number
	==+=:		=+=	
0		1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Ga	- 1	0 - 0.01	-	7440-55-3
Ce	- 1	0 - 0.01	i	7440-45-1
Mn		0.99 - 1	1	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5

RN 378249-09-3 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum hafnium manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		-=+=	=======================================
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80 <b>-</b> 2
Hf	1	0 - 0.01		7440-58-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	-	7439-96-5
Al	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7429-90-5

RN 378249-10-6 HCAPLUS

CN Hafnium manganese zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1			Registry Number
	+=====		=+=:	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2

Zr	1	0 - 0.01	l	7440-67-7
Hf	1	0 - 0.01		7440-58-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-11-7 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese zinc zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio .	Component   Registry Number
==========	==+==		+======================================
0	-	1.9 - 2	17778-80-2
Zr	-	0 - 0.01	7440-67-7
Zn		0 - 0.01	7440-66-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-12-8 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium hafnium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	=+=		+==	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Нf	- 1	0 - 0.01		7440-58-6
Ga	- 1	0 - 0.01		7440-55-3
Mn	-	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-13-9 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium manganese nickel oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    !	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
Ο · ·	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ga	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-55-3
Ni	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-02-0
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
=========	==+===		==-+
0	1	1.9 - 2	17778-80-2
Zn	1	0 - 0.01	7440-66-6
Ni		0 - 0.01	7440-02-0
Mn	ĺ	0.99 - 1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-15-1 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium manganese silver oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
-	-		1	Registry Number
==========	=+=	=============	==+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2

Ga	i	0 - 0.01	ļ	7440-55-3
Ag · ·	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1 ,	7439-96-5

RN 378249-16-2 HCAPLUS

CN Indium manganese nickel oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
In	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-74-6
Ni	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-02-0
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-17-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hafnium manganese nickel oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1.	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		=+=	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Hf	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-58-6
Ni	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-02-0
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-18-4 HCAPLUS

CN Indium manganese zirconium oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		==+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	-	17778-80-2
In	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-74-6
Zr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese silver borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	.	Ratio		Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
в03	1	0 - 0.01	!	14213-97-9
Ag	1	0 - 0.01		7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-20-8 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum manganese zinc oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
-	1		1	Registry Number
==========	==+===		===+=	=======================================
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2

Zn	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-66-6
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	7429-90-5

RN 378249-21-9 HCAPLUS

CN Gallium manganese zinc oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	•	Component stry Number
	==+==		==+=====	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Zn	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-66-6
Ga	1	0 - 0.01	t	7440-55-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-22-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium manganese borate oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	, <u> </u> 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+=:		+=	
0	1	1.87 - 2	1	17778-80-2
BO3	1	0 - 0.01		14213-97-9
Cr		0 - 0.01	1.	7440-47-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-23-1 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium manganese zinc oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=:	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Zn	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-66-6
Cr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-47-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	I	7439-96-5

RN 378249-24-2 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum chromium manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	!	Ratio		Component
==========	·   :==+===	· <b></b>	Ke ===+====	gistry Number
0	i	1.9 - 2	İ	17778-80-2
Cr	1	0 - 0.01		7440-47-3
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	- 1	0 - 0.01	j	7429-90-5

RN 378249-25-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium indium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	-		1	Registry Number
==========	=+=	=======================================	=+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2

```
In | 0 - 0.01 | 7440-74-6
Cr | 0 - 0.01 | 7440-47-3
Mn | 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
```

RN 378249-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium gallium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
========	==+===		===+=	=======================================
0		1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ga		0 - 0.01	1	7440-55-3
Cr		0 - 0.01	1	7440-47-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-27-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium hafnium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
=========	=+=		+==	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Hf	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-58-6
Cr	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-47-3
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-28-6 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	.	Ratio.	Component   Registry Number
==========	=+=	=======================================	+=========
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	17778-80-2
Ag	- 1	0 - 0.01	7440-22-4
Ni	- 1	0 - 0.01	7440-02-0
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5

RN 378249-29-7 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum manganese silver oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	=======================================
0	1.	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Ag	1	0 - 0.01		7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01	Ì	7429-90-5

RN 378249-30-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium manganese silver oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	· Component
-	1			Registry Number
=========	=+=	======================================	==+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2

Cr	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	7440-47-3
Ag		0 - 0.01	1	7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN .378249-31-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium chromium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio .	1	Component Registry Number
==========	==+=	===========	=+=	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	ŀ	17778-80-2
Cr	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-47-3
Ce	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-45-1
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	- 1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-32-2 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium manganese zirconium oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=========	=+=		+=	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Zr	- 1	0 - 0.01		7440-67-7
Cr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-47-3
Mn	1	0.99 - 1		7439-96-5

RN 378249-33-3 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese silver zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	<b>_</b>
0		1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Zr	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Ag	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	İ	7439-96-5

RN 378249-34-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese silver oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    !	Ratio	f 	Component Registry Number
=========	==+===		+-	
0	1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Ce	1 .	0 - 0.01		7440-45-1
Aq	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-35-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium copper manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
<del>-</del>	1		1	Registry Number
============	=+=		===+==	
0	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2

```
Cu | 0 - 0.01 | 7440-50-8
Cr | 0 - 0.01 | 7440-47-3
Mn | 0.99 - 1 | 7439-96-5
```

RN 378249-36-6 HCAPLUS

CN Copper manganese zirconium oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	  !	Ratio	    1	Component Registry Number
	==+===		+_	=======================================
0		1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Zr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Cu	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-50-8
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-37-7 HCAPLUS

CN Hafnium manganese silver oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	=+=		=+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2		17778-80-2
Hf	-	0 - 0.01		7440-58-6
Ag	1	0 - 0.01		7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1		7439-96-5

RN 378249-38-8 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese silver zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zn0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component .	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==	==========	===+=:	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Zn	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-66-6
Ag	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-22-4
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

RN 378249-39-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese ruthenium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	  -  -	Component Registry Number
==========	=+=		=+=	
0		1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2
Zr	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-67-7
Ru		0 - 0.01 .	1	7440-18-8
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1		7439-96-5

RN 378249-40-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese ruthenium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
-			1	Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2

```
Се
                      0 - 0.01
                                              7440-45-1
Ru
                      0 - 0.01
                                              7440-18-8
                      0.99 - 1
                                     1
                                              7439-96-5
Mn
```

RN 378249-41-3 HCAPLUS

Hafnium manganese ruthenium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=:	===========
0	1	1.9 - 2	1	17778-80-2
Hf	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-58-6
Ru	1	0 - 0.01		7440-18-8
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

378249-42-4 HCAPLUS RN

Aluminum manganese ruthenium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==	.===========	==+=	=======================================
0	1	1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2
Ru	1	0 - 0.01	- 1	7440 <b>-</b> 18-8
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	. 1	7439-96-5
Al	1	0 - 0.01		7429-90-5

378253-12-4 HCAPLUS RN

Antimony manganese oxide (Sb0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=============	==+==		===+=	
0 .	- 1	1.9 - 2	1	17778 <b>-</b> 80-2
Sb		0 - 0.01	1	7440-36-0
Mn	- 1	0.99 - 1	ı	7439 <b>-</b> 96-5

378253-13-5 HCAPLUS RN

Chromium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	:     	Ratio	    -+-	Component Registry Number
=========	==+=		-+-	
0	1	1.9 - 2	- 1	17778-80-2
Cr	1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-47-3
Ni	- 1	0 - 0.01	1	7440-02-0
Mn	1	0.99 - 1	1	7439-96-5

ICM H01M IC

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CC

Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 57, 76

ST doping manganese oxide battery electrode

Battery electrodes ΙT

Dopants

Doping

```
Electrodeposition
     Primary batteries
        (doped manganese dioxides for use in
        battery electrodes)
IT
     Coating process
        (plating; doped manganese dioxides for use in
        battery electrodes)
ΙT
     7440-66-6, Zinc, uses
        (anode material; doped manganese
        dioxides for use in battery electrodes)
ΙT
     1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses
        (battery electrolyte; doped
        manganese dioxides for use in battery.
        electrodes)
     7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, reactions
IT
                                           7785-87-7, Manganese
     sulfate
        (doped manganese dioxides for use in
        battery electrodes)
ΙT
     1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses
                                          7440-44-0, Carbon, uses
     7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 378248-51-2, Manganese borate
     oxide (Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-52-3, Magnesium
     manganese oxide (Mg0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-53-4,
     Aluminum manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-54-5
     , Manganese oxide silicate (Mn0.99-101.86-2(SiO4)0-0.01)
     378248-55-6, Manganese oxide phosphate (Mn0.99-101.86-2(PO4)0-
     0.01) 378248-56-7, Manganese scandium oxide
     (Mn0.99-1Sc0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-57-8, Manganese titanium
     oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-58-9, Manganese
     vanadium oxide (Mn0.99-1V0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-59-0, Chromium
     manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-60-3, Iron
     manganese oxide (Fe0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-61-4, Cobalt
     manganese oxide (Co0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-62-5,
     Manganese nickel oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-63-6,
     Copper manganese oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-64-7,
     Manganese zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-65-8,
     Gallium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
                                                        378248-66-9,
     Germanium manganese oxide (Ge0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-67-0
      Manganese strontium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sr0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-68-1, Manganese yttrium oxide (Mn0.99-1Y0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-69-2, Manganese zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-
     2) 378248-70-5, Manganese niobium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-
     0.0101.9-2) 378248-71-6, Manganese ruthenium oxide
     (Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-72-7, Manganese rhodium
     oxide (Mn0.99-1Rh0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-73-8, Manganese
     palladium oxide (Mn0.99-1Pd0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-74-9,
     Manganese silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-75-0,
     Indium manganese oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-76-1,
     Manganese tin oxide (Mn0.99-1Sn0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-77-2,
     Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-78-3,
     Cerium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-79-4,
     Hafnium manganese oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378248-80-7
       Manganese tantalum oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-81-8, Manganese rhenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Re0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-82-9, Manganese osmium oxide (Mn0.99-10s0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-83-0, Iridium manganese oxide (Ir0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-84-1, Manganese platinum oxide (Mn0.99-1Pt0-0.0101.9-2)
     378248-85-2, Gold manganese oxide (Au0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-86-3, Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
     378248-87-4, Aluminum manganese nickel oxide
```

(AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-88-5, Manganese

```
nickel borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378248-89-6, Manganese zirconium borate oxide
(Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-90-9, Manganese
titanium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378248-91-0, Hafnium manganese borate oxide
(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-92-1, Aluminum
manganese tantalum oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1TaO-0.0101.9-2)
378248-93-2, Manganese tantalum borate oxide
(Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378248-94-3, Manganese
niobium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378248-95-4, Aluminum manganese niobium oxide
(Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-96-5, Manganese
niobium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2)
378248-97-6, Aluminum manganese zirconium oxide
(Alo-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378248-98-7, Gallium
manganese zirconium oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2)
378248-99-8, Cerium manganese zirconium oxide
(Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-00-4, Hafnium
manganese zinc oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-01-5, Cerium manganese borate oxide
(Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-02-6, Gallium
manganese borate oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378249-03-7, Cerium hafnium manganese oxide
(Ce0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-04-8, Aluminum
manganese borate oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378249-05-9, Aluminum gallium manganese oxide
(Al0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-06-0, Manganese zinc
borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-07-1
, Cerium manganese zinc oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-08-2, Cerium gallium manganese oxide
(Ce0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-09-3, Aluminum
hafnium manganese oxide (AlO-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-10-6, Hafnium manganese zirconium oxide
(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-11-7, Manganese zinc
zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-12-8
, Gallium hafnium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-13-9, Gallium manganese nickel oxide
(Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-14-0, Manganese
nickel zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zn0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-15-1
 Gallium manganese silver oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-16-2, Indium manganese nickel oxide
(In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-17-3, Hafnium
manganese nickel oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-18-4, Indium manganese zirconium oxide
(In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-19-5, Manganese
silver borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Aq0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2)
378249-20-8, Aluminum manganese zinc oxide
(AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-21-9, Gallium
manganese zinc oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-22-0, Chromium manganese borate oxide
(Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-23-1, Chromium
manganese zinc oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.0101.9-2)
378249-24-2, Aluminum chromium manganese oxide
(Al0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-25-3, Chromium
indium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-26-4, Chromium gallium manganese oxide
(Cr0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-27-5, Chromium
hafnium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378249-28-6, Manganese nickel silver oxide
(Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Aq0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-29-7, Aluminum
```

manganese silver oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-30-0, Chromium manganese silver oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-31-1, Cerium chromium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-32-2, Chromium manganese zirconium oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-33-3, Manganese silver zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-34-4, Cerium manganese silver oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-35-5, Chromium copper manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-36-6, Copper manganese zirconium oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-37-7, Hafnium manganese silver oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Aq0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-38-8, Manganese silver zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zn0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-39-9, Manganese ruthenium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-40-2, Cerium manganese ruthenium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-41-3, Hafnium manganese ruthenium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-42-4, Aluminum manganese ruthenium oxide (AlO-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-44-6, Aluminum cerium manganese titanium oxide 378249-43-5 (AlO-0.01CeO-0.01Mn0.99-1TiO-0.0101.9-2) 378249-45-7 378249-46-8, Aluminum manganese nickel titanium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ti0-378249-47-9, Aluminum cerium manganese nickel oxide 0.0101.9-2)(AlO-0.01CeO-0.01Mn0.99-1NiO-0.0101.9-2) 378249-49**-**1 378249-50-4, Hafnium manganese nickel zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2)378249-51-5, Hafnium manganese zinc zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-52-6 378249-53-7 378249-54-8 **378253-12-4**, Antimony manganese oxide (Sb0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378253-13-5, Chromium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.0101.9-2) 378253-14-6, Cerium manganese nickel titanium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ti0-0.01O1.9-2)

(doped manganese dioxides for use in. battery electrodes)

ANSWER 9 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:851546 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:374185

TITLE:

Solid oxide fuel cells with symmetric composite

electrodes

INVENTOR(S):

Brown, Jacqueline L.; St. Julien, Dell J.; Badding, Michael E.; Ketcham, Thomas D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corning Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001089010	A1	20011122	WO 2001-US9744	20010326
			<	

W: JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,

NL, PT, SE, TR

EP 2001-924356 20010326 EP 1293004 Α1 20030319

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR US 2001044043 20010515 Α1 20011122 US 2001-858125 <--US 6630267 B2 20031007 TW 517406 В 20030111 TW 2001-90113128 20010529 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-205353P P 20000518 WO 2001-US9744 W 20010326 <--

ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 2001

AB The present invention relates to electrode/ electrolyte assemblies for solid oxide fuel cells comprising a thin electrolyte sheet interposed between opposite electrodes, and wherein the pos. air electrode ( cathode) and neg. fuel electrode (anode) are composed of similar electronically conductive metal phases and stabilizing ceramic phases, and wherein the anode exhibits both good oxidation resistance and good catalytic activity toward fuel oxidation

59707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes)

RN 59707-46-9 HCAPLUS

ΙT

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	==+==		+======================================
0	- 1	x	17778-80-2
Sr	1	x	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	x	7439-96-5
La	1	x	7439-91-0

- IC ICM H01M004-86
  - ICS H01M008-12
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell sym composite electrode
- IT Group VA element compounds

(bismuthates; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes)

IT Cermets

(nickel; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite
electrodes)

IT Ceramics

Fuel cell electrodes

Oxidation catalysts

Screen printing

Solid state fuel cells

(solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes)

IT Hafnia

(stabilized; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes)

IT Silver alloy, base

(solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes)

IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses

(cermets; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite

IT 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1308-87-8, Dysprosium oxide 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide 1313-97-9, Neodymia 1314-36-9, Yttrium oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 12060-58-1, Samarium oxide 12061-16-4, Erbium oxide 12064-62-9, Gadolinium

oxide 12627-00-8, Niobium oxide 12651-43-3, Ytterbium oxide 12738-76-0, Terbium oxide 12770-85-3, Europium oxide 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses 37200-34-3, Scandium oxide 39455-61-3, Holmium oxide 39455-67-9, Lutetium oxide 39455-81-7, Thulium oxide 59763-75-6, Tantalum oxide (dopant; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes) ΙT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-54-2, Gadolinium, uses 7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 12735-99-8 54340-10-2 59707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 113482-02-3, Tz-3y 66174-72-9 (solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes) 1314-35-8, Tungsten oxide, uses 11098-99-0, Molybdenum oxide ΙT (solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes) IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses (solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes) 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses TΤ (stabilized; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite electrodes) IT 1306-38-3, Ceria, uses 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses (zirconia with; solid oxide fuel cells with sym. composite THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L31 ANSWER 10 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:409979 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:98050 Activity of SrO in Lal-xSrxMnO3-y (x = 0.065, TITLE: 0.10, 0.15 or 0.20) by a solid state EMF method Arul Antony, S.; Swaminathan, K.; Nagaraja, K. S.; AUTHOR(S): Sreedharan, O. M. CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Loyola College, Chennai, India SOURCE: Journal of Alloys and Compounds (2001), 322(1-2), 113-119 CODEN: JALCEU; ISSN: 0925-8388 Elsevier Science S.A. PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English EDEntered STN: 07 Jun 2001 AB Thermodn. activity of SrO, aSrO, in lanthanum manganite doped with SrO (LSM) with the stoichiometry La1-xSrxMnO3-y (where x = 0.065, 0.10, 0.15 or 0.20) was measured as a function of temperature over the range of .apprx.750-1000 K by employing an EMF technique with CaF2 or SrF2 as the fluoride ion conducting electrolyte under an atmospheric of oxygen at unit fugacity. When Pt/SrO,SrF2,02 was used as the reference electrode for the test electrode Pt/0.15 LSM, SrF2,O2, sintered SrF2 was used as the electrolyte. In all other galvanic cells, both the test and reference electrodes contained LSM with different dopant concns. The SrO potential .hivin. $\Delta$ .hivin.GSrO, log aSrO and the corresponding activity coeffs. ( $\gamma$ SrO) for the four solid solns. were determined and log aSrO was found to exhibit decreasing neg. deviation from ideality with increasing SrO content. The .hivin. $\Delta$ .hivin.GSrO for these compns. could be represented as -4.81 - 0.03360T (K) for 0.065 LSM, -5.68 -0.02818T for 0.10 LSM, -9.84 - 0.01950T for 0.15 LSM and -11.42 - 0.01360T for 0.20 LSM in terms of kJ mol-1.

108916-22-9D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(La0.8MnSr0.203), oxygen-deficient 110781-51-6D; Lanthanum

IT

manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103), oxygen-deficient 118819-60-6D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.94MnSr0.0603), oxygen-deficient 120605-82-5D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.85MnSr0.1503), oxygen-deficient (activity of SrO in La1-xSrxMnO3-y determined by solid state EMF method) 108916-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
==========	=+=		+=	
0	- 1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	- 1	0.2	1	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1		7439-96-5
La		0.8	1	7439-91-0

RN 110781-51-6 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	Component Registry Number
0		· 3	17778-80-2
Sr		0.1	7440-24-6
Mn		1	7439-96-5
La		0.9	7439-91-0

RN 118819-60-6 HCAPLUS

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	=+==		+============
0		3	17778-80-2
Sr	- 1	0.06	7440-24-6
Mn		1	7439-96-5
La	-	0.94	7439-91-0

RN 120605-82-5 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.85MnSr0.1503) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	==============
0		3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.15	I	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1		7439-96-5
La	1	0.85	1	7439-91-0

CC 69-2 (Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, and Thermal Properties) Section cross-reference(s): 72

IT 1314-11-0, Strontium oxide (SrO), properties 108916-22-9D,
Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203), oxygen-deficient
110781-51-6D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(La0.9MnSr0.103), oxygen-deficient 118819-60-6D, Lanthanum
manganese strontium oxide (La0.94MnSr0.0603), oxygen-deficient
120605-82-5D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(La0.85MnSr0.1503), oxygen-deficient

(activity of SrO in Lal-xSrxMnO3-y determined by solid state EMF method)

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT:

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 11 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:210228 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:240115

TITLE: Lithium nickel oxide-based cathode material for

secondary lithium battery and its manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Yamamoto, Hiroshi; Terao, Koichi; Yonemura, Koji;

Kamei, Kazuto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd., Japan.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001076724	Α	20010323	JP 1999-249016	19990902
		•	<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-249016	19990902
•			<	•

Entered STN: 23 Mar 2001 ΕD

The cathode material comprise LixNi1-yMyO2 (M = Co, Mn, Fe, Al;  $0.95 \le x <$ AΒ 1.1; yr = 0-0.5) containing Z oxide (Z = B and/or P) with the atomic ratio of Z/(Ni + M) 0.001-0.1, in which Z is localized in amorphous oxides at the grain boundary to show the Li occupation at Li(3a) site ≥95%. The anode material is manufactured by blending (A) Ni compds., mixts. of Ni compds. and M compds., and/or M-Ni solid solns. with (B) Z (compds.), calcining the mixts., mixing thus obtained oxides with Li compds., and firing the mixts. in an oxidizing atmospheric The cathode material shows improved thermal stability with keeping high capacity.

**166092-55-3,** Manganese nickel hydroxide (Mn0.1Ni0.9(OH)2) ΙT

(manufacture of lithium nickel oxide-based cathode material for secondary lithium battery)

RN 166092-55-3 HCAPLUS

Manganese nickel hydroxide (Mn0.1Ni0.9(OH)2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Con	nponent		Ratio		Component
		1		1	Registry Number
		+======	=======	=====+	-============
НО		1	2	-	14280-30-9
Ni		1	0.9	.	7440-02-0
Mn			0.1		7439-96-5

IC ICM H01M004-58

ICS H01M004-02 ·

- 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) CC Section cross-reference(s): 57
- STlithium nickel oxide battery cathode boron doping; phosphorus doping lithium nickel oxide battery cathode

IT Battery cathodes

> (manufacture of lithium nickel oxide-based cathode material for secondary lithium battery)

12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide (Ni(OH)2) IT 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 147098-69-9, Cobalt nickel 21041-93-0, Cobalt hydroxide (Co(OH)2)

hydroxide (Co0.1Ni0.9(OH)2) 166092-55-3, Manganese nickel hydroxide (Mn0.1Ni0.9(OH)2) 177535-90-9, Aluminum nickel hydroxide (Al0.1Ni0.9(OH)2) 180694-36-4, Iron nickel hydroxide (Fe0.1Ni0.9(OH)2)

(manufacture of lithium nickel oxide-based cathode material for secondary lithium battery)

L31 ANSWER 12 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:911597 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:59131

TITLE:

Performance enhancing additives for

batteries

INVENTOR(S):

Jin, Zhihong; Kennedy, John H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	TENT	NO.			KĮN.		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.			ATE
	WO	2000	0796	22				2000	1228	1	WO 2	000-		561		2	0000621
		W: .	CU, ID, LU, SD,	CZ, IL, LV,	DE, İN, MA, SG,	DK, IS, MD, SI,	DM, JP, MG,	AZ, EE, KE, MK, SL,	ES, KG, MN,	FI, KP, MW,	GB, KR, MX,	BR, GD, KZ, NO,	BY, GE, LC, NZ,	GH, LK, PL,	GM, LR, PT,	HR, LS, RO,	HU, LT, RU,
		RW:	GH, CY,	GM, DE,	KE, DK,	LS, ES,	FI,	MZ, FR, CM,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,
	ΕP	1194										000-	9417				0000621
	EP	1194									<b>an</b>	•				0.5	140
		R:						ES, FI,		GB,	GR,	IT,	ъΙ,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,
	JP	2003									JP 2	001-	5050 			2	0000621
	AT	2491	01			Т		2003	0915		AT .2	-000 >	9417. 	32		2	0000621
	US	6818	347			В1		2004	1116		US 2	001-	7878. 	58		2	0010322
PRIOF	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					i	US 1	999-		90P		P 1	.9990623
										-	US 2	000-				P 2	0000617
		_		•		0.0				,	WO 2	000-			1	₩ 2	0000621

ED Entered STN: 29 Dec 2000

Alkaline battery cells comprising an anode, a cathode, a separator between the anode and the cathode, and an electrolyte are provided with an n-type metal oxide additive that improves electrochem. performance. The n-type metal oxide additive is either a doped metal oxide comprising a metal oxide modified by incorporation of a dopant , or a reduced metal oxide. The metal oxide may be selected from the group consisting of BaTiO3, K2TiO3, CoTiO3, SrTiO3, CaTiO3, MgTiO3, SiO2, CaO, TiO2, CoO, Co3O4, ZnO, SnO, SnO2, PbO2, Bi2O3, Bi2O3.3ZrO3, Bi12TiO20, Fe2O3-TiO2, Nb2O5, CaWO4, ZnMn2O4, and K2Cr2O7. Examples of dopant

disclosed are: NbO2, Nb2O5, Ta2O5, WO3, GeO2, ZrO2, SnO2, ThO2, Fe2O3, In2O3, LiNiO2, and P2O5, In2O3, Sb2O5.

IT 12032-94-9, Zinc manganese oxide ZnMn2O4

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

RN 12032-94-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese zinc oxide (Mn2ZnO4) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
0	1	4		17778-80-2
Zn	l	1	1	7440-66-6
Mn	1	2		7439÷96-5

IC ICM H01M004-62 ICS H01M006-16

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery performance enhancing additive metal oxide

IT Battery anodes

### Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT Oxides (inorganic), uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide bi2o3, uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide coo, uses 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide co304 1309-60-0, Lead dioxide 1313-96-8, Niobia 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide zno, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 7778-50-9, Potassium dichromate 12017-01-5, Cobalt titanium oxide 7790-75-2, Calcium tungstate cawo4 12023-27-7, Iron titanium oxide (Fe2TiO5) 12030-97-6, cotio3 Potassium titanium oxide k2tio3 12032-30-3, Magnesium titanium oxide mgtio3 12032-94-9, Zinc manganese oxide ZnMn204 12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide batio3, uses 12048-52-1, Bismuth zirconium oxide Bi2Zr3O9 12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide catio3 12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide srtio3 12441-73-5, Bismuth titanium oxide Bi12Ti020 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 21651-19-4, Tin oxide sno

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1310-53-8, Germania, uses 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (K(OH)), uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide in2o3 1314-20-1, Thoria, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 1314-35-8, Tungsten trioxide, uses 1314-56-3, Phosphorus pentoxide, uses 1314-61-0, Tantalum pentoxide 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide linio2

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 13 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:775682 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:48508

TITLE: Doping effects on the physicochemical

and electrochemical properties of lanthanum

manganite

AUTHOR(S): Tikhonova, L. A.; Zhuk, P. P.; Poluyan, A. F.; Al'fer, S. A.; Voropaev, A. G.; Glushko, A. N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Research Institute of Physicochemical Problems,

Belarussian State University, Minsk, 220080,

SOURCE: Inorganic Materials (Translation of

Neorganicheskie Materialy) (2000),

36(10), 1036-1042

CODEN: INOMAF; ISSN: 0020-1685

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Entered STN: 06 Nov 2000 ED

AB

The structural, thermal, elec., and electrochem. properties of La0.7Ca0.3Mn1x(Co,Ni)xO3 and La0.6Sr0.4Mn1-x(Co,Ni)xO3 (x = 0, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1) electrode materials were studied. Doping of the cubic perovskites with Co or Ni increases the fraction of Mn4+ ions, up to 49% in La0.7Ca0.3Mn0.9Co0.103 and 57% in La0.6Sr0.4Mn0.95Co0.0503. The 300-K conductivity of La0.7Ca0.3Mn1xNixO3, passes through a maximum at x = 0.05, while that of La0.6Sr0.4Mn1xCoxO3 decreases steadily with increasing x. In the range 300-1100 K, the conductivity of the Ca-containing manganites exhibits semiconducting behavior, whereas that of the Sr-containing materials shows metallic behavior. No phase transformations were detected in this temperature range. In the four systems, the thermal-expansion coeffs. are virtually independent of x. In both undoped and doped electrode materials, the resistance parameter  $\rho/d$  of electrode layers on solid-electrolyte substrates shows semiconducting behavior at 300-1100 K and oxygen partial pressures from 102 to 105 Pa. With increasing oxygen partial pressure or electrode-layer thickness (d =  $15-100 \text{ mg/cm}^2$ ),  $\rho/d$ decreases. The optimal electrode-layer thickness is .apprx.50 mg/cm2. introduction of Co or Ni into the electrode materials decreases the polarization resistance of the electrode layer in gas/electrode/ electrolyte systems. Compns. ensuring the lowest polarization resistance were found. ΙT

108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(La0.6MnSr0.403)

(cobalt or nickel doping effect on structural, thermal, elec., and electrochem. properties of electrode materials

RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	===+===	<b></b>	====+==================
0	<b>1</b> ,	3	17778-80-2
Sr		0.4	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1 ·	7439-96-5
La	1	0.6	7439-91-0

72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 57, 76, 78

doping effect physicochem electrochem property lanthanum STmanganite; cobalt doping lanthanum manganese calcium strontium oxide prepn property; nickel doping lanthanum manganese calcium strontium oxide prepn property; calcium lanthanum manganese cobalt nickel oxide prepn property; strontium lanthanum manganese strontium cobalt nickel oxide prepn property; electrode calcium strontium lanthanum manganese cobalt nickel oxide; cond calcium strontium lanthanum manganese cobalt nickel oxide

Perovskite-type crystals IT

(doping effects on physicochem. and electrochem. properties of lanthanum manganite)

ΙT Activation energy (for conduction of calcium lanthanum manganese oxide and lanthanum manganese strontium oxide with and without cobalt or nickel doping) TΤ Electric conductivity Electrodes Polarization resistance Thermal expansion (of calcium lanthanum manganese oxide and lanthanum manganese strontium oxide with and without cobalt or nickel doping) TΤ Doping (of cobalt or nickel by calcium lanthanum manganese oxide and lanthanum manganese strontium oxide) ΙT 112510-19-7P, Calcium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ca0.3La0.7MnO3) (cobalt and nickel doping effect on preparation, structural, thermal, elec., and electrochem. properties of electrode materials of) 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide ΙT (La0.6MnSr0.403) (cobalt or nickel doping effect on structural, thermal, elec., and electrochem. properties of electrode materials 7440-02-0, Nickel, properties IT 7440-48-4, Cobalt, properties (doping of calcium lanthanum manganese oxide and lanthanum manganese strontium oxide by) IT123921-92-6P, Lanthanum manganese nickel strontium oxide (La0.6Mn0.98Ni0.02Sr0.403) 123921-93-7P, Lanthanum manganese nickel strontium oxide (La0.6Mn0.95Ni0.05Sr0.403) 130679-99-1P, Cobalt lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Co0.02La0.6Mn0.98Sr0.403) 155732-12-0P, Calcium lanthanum manganese nickel oxide (Ca0.3La0.7Mn0.95Ni0.0503) 165131-81-7P, Calcium lanthanum manganese nickel oxide (Ca0.3La0.7Mn0.9Ni0.103) 165131-82-8P, Calcium cobalt lanthanum manganese oxide (Ca0.3Co0.1La0.7Mn0.903) 165131-84-0P, Calcium cobalt lanthanum manganese oxide (Ca0.3Co0.02La0.7Mn0.9803) 165131-85-1P, Calcium lanthanum manganese nickel oxide (Ca0.3La0.7Mn0.98Ni0.203) 194718-44-0P, Calcium cobalt lanthanum manganese oxide (Ca0.3Co0.05La0.7Mn0.9503) 201422-70-0P, Cobalt lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Co0.05La0.6Mn0.95Sr0.403) (preparation, structural, thermal, elec., and electrochem. properties of electrode materials of) REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L31 ANSWER 14 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:556860 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:197164 TITLE: Effect of Co dopant on the (La, Sr) MnO3 cathode for solid oxide fuel cell AUTHOR(S): Kim, Jae-Dong; Kim, Goo-Dae; Lee, Ki-Tae CORPORATE SOURCE: Ceramic Processing Research Center, Korea Institute of Science and Technology, Seoul, 136-791, S. Korea SOURCE: Han'guk Seramik Hakhoechi (2000), 37(6), 612-616 CODEN: HSHAF7 PUBLISHER: Korean Ceramic Society DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Korean

Entered STN: 14 Aug 2000

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10/713,969
     The effect of Co dopant on the (La,Sr)MnO3 cathode (LSMC) was investigated.
AB
     La2Zr2O7 and SrZrO3 were formed as the reaction products between YSZ and LSMC.
     The reactivity of LSMC with YSZ increased with increasing Co content.
     However, the cathodic polarization resistance decreased with increasing Co
     doping. Therefore, doping Co at Mn site in the (La,Sr)MnO3 cathode was
     effective on controlling the polarization resistance of the cathode. The
     polarization property of LSMC-YSZ composite (60:40 wt%) cathode was better
     than that of LSMC single cathode.
ΙT
    106390-66-3, Lanthanum strontium manganate La0.7Sr0.3MnO3
       (cathode, fuel cell; effects of Co dopant on
       the performance of (La, Sr)MnO3 as cathode for solid
       oxide fuel cell)
RN
    106390-66-3 HCAPLUS
CN
    Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaO.7MnSrO.3O3) (CA INDEX NAME)
                Ratio
  Component |
                               Component
                               | Registry Number
            ______________
                3
0
                                       17778-80-2
                             1
Sr
                    0.3
                    1
                                       7439-96-5
                               0.7
                               7439-91-0
La
    57-2 (Ceramics)
    Section cross-reference(s): 52, 76
```

ST lanthanum strontium manganate cathode property cobalt dopant fuel cell

IT Cathodic polarization

(effects of Co dopant on the performance of (La, Sr)MnO3 as cathode for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT Cathodes

(lanthanum strontium manganate; effects of Co dopant on the performance of (La, Sr)MnO3 as cathode for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 106390-66-3, Lanthanum strontium manganate La0.7Sr0.3MnO3 288855-62-9 288855-63-0 288855-64-1 288855-66-3 288855-67-4 288855-68-5

(cathode, fuel cell; effects of Co dopant on the performance of (La, Sr)MnO3 as cathode for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 64417-98-7, Yttrium Zirconium oxide

(electrolyte, fuel cell; effects of Co dopant
on the performance of (La, Sr)MnO3 as cathode for solid
oxide fuel cell)

IT 12031-48-0, Lanthanum zirconium oxide (La2Zr207) 12036-39-4, Strontium zirconium oxide (SrZr03) (reaction product; effects of Co dopant on the

performance of (La, Sr)MnO3 as cathode for solid oxide fuel cell)

L31 ANSWER 15 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:504820 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:122705

TITLE: O2-type Li2/3[Ni1/3Mn2/3]O2: a new layered cathode material for rechargeable lithium batteries. II.

Structure, composition, and properties

AUTHOR(S): Paulsen, J. M.; Dahn, J. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physics, Dalhousie University,

Halifax, NS, B3H 3J5, Can.

SOURCE: Journal of the Electrochemical Society (

2000), 147(7), 2478-2485

CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651

PUBLISHER:

Electrochemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 26 Jul 2000

AΒ Li2/3[Ni1/3Mn2/3]02 is prepared from the corresponding P2-Na2/3[Ni1/3Mn2/3]02 by ion exchange. This work investigates the correlation between structure, composition, and electrochem, properties, Crystalline Li2/3[Ni1/3Mn2/3]02 is a layered oxide with the T2 structure. Small deviations from the Ni1/3Mn2/3 stoichiometry cause less ordered samples showing T2-O2 intergrowth structures. Larger deviations (Ni0.25Mn0.75) or doping with 15% Co lead to stackingfaulted O2 structures instead of T2. Best electrochem. results are obtained if the sample has a slightly disordered T2 structure. The electrochem. properties of O2-Li2/3[Ni1/3Mn2/3]O2 are compared to those of related phases with the alternative O3 structure. Only O2-type Lix[Ni1/3Mn2/3]O2 can be cycled with little loss of capacity as a function of cycle number

285978-95-2P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide ΙT (Mn0.67Ni0.33Na0.6702) 285979-03-5P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.5Ni0.5NaO2) 285979-04-6P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.56Ni0.44Na0.8902) 285979-05-7P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.61Ni0.39Na0.78O2) 285979-07-9P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33NaO2) 285979-09-1P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33Na0.8302)

> (structure, composition and properties of lithium nickel manganese oxide layered cathode material for rechargeable lithium batteries)

RN 285978-95-2 HCAPLUS

Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33Na0.6702) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

Component	    1	. Ratio	Component   Registry Number
==========	+		T=====================================
0		2	17778-80-2
Na	1	0.67	7440-23-5
Ni	- 1	0.33	7440-02-0
Mn	1	0.67	7439-96-5

285979-03-5 HCAPLUS RN

CN Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.5Ni0.5NaO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
==========	+		+==	
0	1.	2	1	17778-80-2
Na	- 1	1	1	7440-23-5
Ni	1	0.5	Ι.	7440-02-0
Mn	1	0.5	1	7439-96-5

285979-04-6 HCAPLUS RN

Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.56Ni0.44Na0.8902) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

Component	Component			Component			
	1		1	Registry Number			
	==+===		+-=				
0	1	2		17778-80-2.			
Na		0.89	1	7440-23-5			
Ni	1	0.44	1	7440-02-0			
Mn		0.56		7439-96-5			

RN 285979-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.61Ni0.39Na0.78O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	+-		+-	
0	- 1	2	- 1	17778-80-2
Na	- 1	0.78		7440-23-5
Ni		0.39	1	7440-02-0
Mn	- 1	0.61	- 1	7439-96-5

RN 285979-07-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33NaO2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	- 1			Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
0.		2	1	17778-80-2
Na	1	1	1	7440-23-5
Ni	- 1	0.33	1	7440-02-0
Mn	- 1	0.67	1	7439-96-5

RN 285979-09-1 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33Na0.83O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio 		Component Registry Number
	т			
0	1	2	1	17778-80-2
Na	1	0.83	1	7440-23-5
Ni	1	0.33	1	7440-02-0
Mn	ŀ	0.67	1	7439-96-5

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

IT Battery cathodes

(structure, composition and properties of lithium nickel manganese oxide layered cathode material for rechargeable lithium batteries)

IT 128975-24-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide LiMn0.5Ni0.5O2 259190-87-9P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide Li0.67Mn0.67Ni0.33O2 285978-95-2P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide

(Mn0.67Ni0.33Na0.67O2) 285978-96-3P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li0.67Mn0.75Ni0.25O2) 285978-97-4P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li0.67Mn0.7Ni0.3O2) 285978-99-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.67Mn0.67Ni0.17O2) 285979-02-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.67Mn0.58Ni0.25O2)

285979-03-5P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.5Ni0.5NaO2)

285979-04-6P, Manganese nickel sodium oxide

(Mn0.56Ni0.44Na0.8902) **285979-05-7P**, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.61Ni0.39Na0.7802) **285979-07-9P**, Manganese nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33NaO2) **285979-09-1P**, Manganese

nickel sodium oxide (Mn0.67Ni0.33Na0.8302)

11

(structure, composition and properties of lithium nickel manganese oxide layered cathode material for rechargeable lithium batteries)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 16 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:445432 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:156793

TITLE:

Electrochemistry of the layered manganese

dioxides: AxMn1-y(Co,Ni,Fe)yO2 (A = Li, K) rate

effects

AUTHOR(S):

Zhang, Fan; Whittingham, M. Stanley

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry and Institute for

Materials Research, State University of New York at Binghamton, Binghamton, NY, 13902-6016, USA

SOURCE:

Electrochemical and Solid-State Letters (

2000), 3(7), 309-311

CODEN: ESLEF6; ISSN: 1099-0062

PUBLISHER:

Electrochemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal , English

LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 04 Jul 2000

AB Cobalt, iron, and nickel can be doped into the layered alkali manganese dioxides, AxMn1-yMyO2 for A = K, Na, or Li and M = Co, Fe, or Ni, during the hydrothermal synthesis from the alkali permanganates. A single phase was obtained. The transition metal doping enhanced the electrochem. behavior in lithium cells. The manganese phases formed during cycling appear to depend on the rate of reaction; a spinel-like phase was formed at 1 mA/cm2 whereas the layered phase is maintained at 0.1 mA/cm2 independent of whether potassium or lithium ions reside between the MnO2 layers of the structure. Polarization is significantly less in the spinel-like regime.

IT 160126-02-3, Cobalt manganese potassium oxide

(KxMn0.9Co0.102; electrochem. cycling in di-Me carbonate-ethylene carbonate containing LiPF6: electrochem. of layered manganese dioxides and rate effects)

RN 160126-02-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cobalt manganese potassium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	+		+-	
0	1	x	1	17778-80 <del>-</del> 2
Со	1	×	1	7440-48-4
K	1	х	1	7440-09-7
Mn	1	x	1	7439-96-5

IT 145055-00-1, Iron manganese potassium oxide

(KxMn0.9Fe0.102; electrochem. cycling in di-Me carbonate-ethylene carbonate containing LiPF6: electrochem. of layered manganese dioxides and rate effects)

RN 145055-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN Iron manganese potassium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	==+==		+=:	=======================================
0	1	x	1	17778-80-2
K	1	· <b>x</b>	1	7440-09-7
Mn	1	x	1	7439-96-5
Fe	1	x	1	7439-89-6

IT 287097-27-2, Manganese nickel potassium oxide (KxMn0.9Ni0.102; electrochem. cycling in di-Me carbonate-ethylene carbonate containing LiPF6: electrochem. of layered manganese dioxides

and rate effects) RN 287097-27-2 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese nickel potassium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	==+==		+======================================
0	- 1	x	17778-80-2
K	- 1	x	7440-09-7
Ni	- 1	, <b>x</b>	7440-02-0
Mn	1	x	7439-96-5

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 67, 78

ΙT Battery cathodes

(alkali metal iron-group manganese oxides)

ΙT 160126-02-3, Cobalt manganese potassium oxide

> (KxMn0.9Co0.102; electrochem. cycling in di-Me carbonate-ethylene carbonate containing LiPF6: electrochem. of layered manganese dioxides and rate effects)

IT 145055-00-1, Iron manganese potassium oxide

(KxMn0.9Fe0.102; electrochem. cycling in di-Me carbonate-ethylene carbonate containing LiPF6: electrochem. of layered manganese dioxides and rate effects)

ΙT 287097-27-2, Manganese nickel potassium oxide

20

(KxMn0.9Ni0.102; electrochem. cycling in di-Me carbonate-ethylene carbonate containing LiPF6: electrochem. of layered manganese dioxides and rate effects)

REFERENCE COUNT:

ED

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 17 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:287732 HCAPLUS Full-text

Correction of: 1997:215197

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:281597

Correction of: 127:20806

Electrical and microstructural characterization of TITLE:

(La0.8Sr0.2) (Fe1-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2) (Mn1-

xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode

materials

Holc, Janez; Kuscer, Danjela; Hrovat, Marko; AUTHOR(S):

Bernik, Slavko; Kolar, Drago

University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia CORPORATE SOURCE:

Solid State Ionics (1997), 95(3,4), SOURCE:

259-268

CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 04 May 2000

The perovskites with nominal compns. (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fe1-xAlx)03 and AΒ (La0.8Sr0.2) (Mn1-xAlx)03 (x from 0 to 0.94) were evaluated as possible solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC) cathodes. Cell parameters of solid solns. were calculated The elec. and microstructural characteristics and high temperature interactions with YSZ were studied. As compared with 'pure' perovskites, doping with strontium and aluminum decreases and increases their specific resistivity, resp. The incorporation of alumina and strontium oxide substantially reduces the sinterability resulting in a rather porous, fine grained microstructure. The reaction rate between perovskite materials and

YSZ at high temps. is higher for lanthanum manganites than for lanthanum ferrites, and the partial exchange of cations on 'B' sites with aluminum decreases the reaction rate.

IT 84615-81-6, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (AlLa2MnO6) 108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.8MnSr0.203 190664-72-3, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (Al0.94La2Mn0.0603)

(elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fel-xAlx)O3 and (La0.8Sr0.2)(Mnl-xAlx)O3 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

RN 84615-81-6 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (AlLa2MnO6) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component   Registry Number
===========	=+==		+======================================
0	1	6	17778-80-2
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5
La	!	2	7439-91-0
Al	-	1	7429-90-5

RN 108916-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio (	Component Registry Number
	==+=		- <b>=====</b> ===============================
0	- 1	3	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.2	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.8	7439-91-0

RN 190664-72-3 HCAPLUS

CN Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (Al0.94La2Mn0.0603) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ŗatio	1	Component Registry Number
===========	==+==		+=	
0	1	3		17778-80-2
Mn	1	0.06	1	7439-96-5
La	1	2	1	7439-91-0
Al	1	0.94	1	7429-90-5

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell cathode elec microstructural characterization; lanthanum strontium iron aluminum oxide cathode; manganese lanthanum strontium aluminum oxide cathode
- IT Electric resistance Fuel cell cathodes

Microstructure

X-ray spectra

(elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fel-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2)(Mn1-xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

12022-43-4, Iron lanthanum oxide FeLaO3 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide LaMnO3 84615-81-6, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (AlLa2MnO6) 108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide LaO.8MnSrO.2O3 109546-91-0, Iron lanthanum strontium

oxide FeLa0.8Sr0.203 178493-65-7, Aluminum iron lanthanum oxide Al0.5Fe0.5La03 190664-64-3, Aluminum iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Al0.3Fe0.7La0.8Sr0.203) 190664-65-4, Aluminum iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Al0.5Fe0.5La0.8Sr0.203) 190664-66-5, Aluminum iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Al0.94Fe0.06La0.8Sr0.203) 190664-67-6 190664-68-7 190664-69-8 190664-70-1, Aluminum iron lanthanum oxide (Al0.35Fe0.65La03) 190664-71-2, Aluminum iron lanthanum oxide (Al0.94Fe0.06La03) 190664-72-3, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (Al0.94La2Mn0.0603)

(elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fel-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2)(Mnl-xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

IT 64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide

(electrolyte; elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fel-xAlx)O3 and (La0.8Sr0.2)(Mnl-xAlx)O3 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

L31 ANSWER 18 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:240201 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:253506

TITLE: The stabilization of layered manganese oxides for

use in rechargeable lithium batteries

AUTHOR(S): Whittingham, M. Stanley; Zavalij, Peter; Zhang,

Fan; Sharma, Pramod; Moore, Gregory

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Materials Research and Chemistry

Department, State University of New York at Binghamton, Binghamton, NY, 13902-6016, USA

SOURCE: Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings (

2000), 575 (New Materials for Batteries and

Fuel Cells), 77-82

CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172 Materials Research Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 14 Apr 2000

PUBLISHER:

The layered structure LixTiS2 and LixCoO2 are excellent reversible cathodes for lithium batteries. However, layered lithium manganese oxides are metastable relative to the spinel form on cycling in lithium batteries. They may be stabilized in the layer form by insertion of larger ions such as potassium in the interlayer region, which minimizes the diffusion of the manganese ions from the MnO2 blocks. Their low conductivity is an impediment to their use in high rate batteries. Cobalt can be doped into the layered alkali manganese dioxides, MxMn1-yCoyO2 for M = K or Na, during the hydrothermal synthesis from the alkali permanganates. A single phase is obtained up to about 5% mole cobalt. The cobalt doping is found to enhance the conductivity by two orders of magnitude relative to pure KxMnO2.

IT 160126-02-3P, Cobalt Manganese potassium oxide 213533-03-0P, Cobalt Manganese sodium oxide

(stabilization of layered manganese oxides for use in rechargeable lithium batteries)

RN 160126-02-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cobalt manganese potassium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Rat	io	Compor	ent
	1	1	Registry	Number
	==+=======	=======+=		=======
0	x	: 1	1777	8-80-2
Co	l x		744	0-48-4
K	x		744	0-09-7
Mn	x	: 1	743	89-96-5

RN 213533-03-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cobalt manganese sodium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio (	Component Registry Number
	+-		
0	- 1	x	17778-80-2
Co	- 1	x	7440-48-4
Na	- 1	· x	7440-23-5
Mn	- 1	x	7439-96-5

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

IT Battery cathodes

Hydrothermal reactions

(stabilization of layered manganese oxides for use in rechargeable lithium batteries)

IT 51312-22-2P, Manganese potassium oxide hydrate 160126-02-3P,

Cobalt Manganese potassium oxide 213533-03-0P, Cobalt

Manganese sodium oxide 263011-69-4P, Cobalt manganese potassium sodium oxide

(stabilization of layered manganese oxides for use in rechargeable lithium batteries)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 19 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:813034 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 13

132:99524

TITLE:

Electrochemical transient investigations on the diffusion of minority charge carriers in YSZ doped

by transition metal oxides

AUTHOR(S):

Huang, X. J.; Weppner, W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sens

Sensors and Solid State Ionics, Faculty of

Engineering, Christian-Albrechts University, Kiel,

24143, Germany

SOURCE:

Ionics (1999), 5(1 & 2), 91-99 CODEN: IONIFA; ISSN: 0947-7047

PUBLISHER:

Institute for Ionics

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

ED Entered STN: 26 Dec 1999

The voltage relaxation of galvanic cells with zirconia based electrolytes polarized between an inert Pt electrode and a Pt/air electrode is analyzed to obtain the diffusion coeffs. of holes and electrons. The hole diffusion coefficient can be reduced by replacing zirconium with guest ions of different size, e.g. Nb5+ and Ti4+. The TZP phase with 3 mol% Y2O3 of dopant has a higher hole diffusion coefficient than the CYZ phase doped with 8 mol% Y2O3. 1 And 3 mol% p-type MnO1.5 doping increases the conductivity of holes in CYZ to a large extend, but does not influence the diffusivity. The doping increases the hole conductivity through an increased concentration of holes. In the case of 10 and 15 mol% MnO1.5 doped Z3Y, the electronic conductivity is dominant. The chemical diffusion coeffs. which are related to the oxygen vacancies were determined by GITT. The chemical diffusion coefficient of oxygen vacancies is much larger than that for holes in zirconia.

**254972-14-0,** Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide (Mn0.06Y0.16Zr0.8902.11)

(electrochem. transient investigations on diffusion of minority charge carriers in YSZ doped by transition metal oxides)

RN 180776-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide (Mn0.02Y0.16Zr0.9102.09) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    1	Ratio	  -  -	Component Registry Number
	+		=+-	
0	- 1	2.09		17778-80-2
Zr	- 1	0.91	-	7440-67-7
Y	- 1	0.16	-	7440-65-5
Mn	- 1	0.02	1	7439-96-5

RN 180776-06-1 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide (Mn0.2Y0.06Zr0.8702.13) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component Registry Number
===========	==+=:	========+	
0		2.13	17778-80-2
Zr	- 1	0.87	7440-67-7
Y	- 1	0.06	7440-65-5
Mn	1	0.2	7439-96-5

RN 180776-07-2 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide (Mn0.3Y0.06Zr0.82O2.18) (.9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio ·	 	Component Registry Number
=========	==+===		===+=:	
0	1	2.18	1	17778-80-2
Zr	1	0.82	1	7440-67-7
Y	1	0.06	1	7440-65-5
Mn	1	0.3	i	7439-96-5

RN 254972-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide (Mn0.06Y0.16Zr0.8902.11) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	T		T-	
0	- 1	2.11	1	17778-80-2
Zr	- 1	0.89	1	7440-67-7
Y	- 1	0.16		7440-65-5
Mn	1	0.06		7439-96-5

CC 72-11 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 65, 76

IT Air

(electrode in galvanic cell with Pt/air electrode with zirconia based electrolytes for determining diffusion coefficient of holes and electrons)

IT 113482-02-3, Yttrium zirconium oxide (Y0.06Zr0.9702.03) 114168-16-0,
 Yttrium zirconium oxide (Y0.16Zr0.9202.08) 180776-05-0,

ΙT

ED AB

ΙT

RN

CN

```
Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide (Mn0.02Y0.16Zr0.9102.09)
     180776-06-1, Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide
     (Mn0.2Y0.06Zr0.8702.13) 180776-07-2, Manganese yttrium
     zirconium oxide (Mn0.3Y0.06Zr0.8202.18)
                                               180776-11-8, Niobium yttrium
     zirconium oxide (Nb0.2Y0.16Zr0.8202.38)
                                               254972-13-9, Titanium
     yttrium zirconium oxide (Ti0.24Y0.06-0.07Zr0.7302.03)
     254972-14-0, Manganese yttrium zirconium oxide
     (Mn0.06Y0.16Zr0.8902.11)
        (electrochem. transient investigations on diffusion of minority
        charge carriers in YSZ doped by transition metal oxides)
     7440-06-4, Platinum, uses
        (electrode in galvanic cell with Pt/air electrode
        with zirconia based electrolytes for determining diffusion
        coefficient of holes and electrons)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         14
                               THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                               RE FORMAT
L31 ANSWER 20 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1999:736635 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         132:24803
TITLE:
                         Lanthanum alkaline-earth manganites as a
                         cathode material in high-temperature solid
                         oxide fuel cells
AUTHOR(S):
                         Mori, Masashi; Hiei, Yoshiko; Yamamoto, Tohru;
                         Itoh, Hibiki
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Central Research Institute of Electric Power
                         Industry, Kanagawa, 240-0196, Japan
                         Journal of the Electrochemical Society (
SOURCE:
                         1999), 146(11), 4041-4047
                         CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651
PUBLISHER:
                         Electrochemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 19 Nov 1999
     The effect of RE (RE = Ce and Pr) doping LaMnO3 perovskite on crystallog.
     properties, phase relationships, conductivity, thermal expansion, sintering,
     and reaction with Y2O3-stabilized ZrO2 electrolyte is presented. La1-xRExMnO3
     showed a single perovskite phase in the region 0 \le x \le 0.05 for Ce
     substitution and over the entire composition range of Pr content. No effect
     of RE doping of LaMnO3 on conductivity was observed A decrease in thermal
     expansion coeffs. of LaMnO3 accompanied RE doping . Ce doping of LaMnO3
     increased its morphol. stability and suppressed its reaction with the
     electrolyte. Ln1-xAExMnO3 (Ln: lanthanum concentration with La, Ce, and Pr,
     AE = Sr, Ca) materials were examined as cathodes in solid oxide fuel cells.
     X-ray diffraction anal. indicated that Ln1-xAExMnO3 (0 \le x \le 0.3) showed a
     single perovskite phase. Conductivities of these oxides increased with AE
     content and ranged from 80 to 200 S/cm at 1000°C in air, and thermal expansion
     coeffs. ranged from 9.5 to 11.6 + 10-6/°C. Ln1-xAExMnO3 showed less
     reactivity with the electrolyte compared with Lal-xAExMnO3. The cathodic
     polarization of the (Ln0.8Sr0.2)0.95MnO3 at 1000°C was 60 mV at 500 mA/cm2 in
     252212-02-5, Cerium lanthanum manganese oxide
     (Ce0.1-0.3La0.7-0.9MnO3) 252212-04-7, Cerium lanthanum
     manganese oxide (Ce0.02La0.98MnO3) 252212-05-8, Cerium
     lanthanum manganese oxide (Ce0.04La0.96MnO3)
        (lanthanum alkaline-earth manganites as a cathode material in
        high-temperature solid oxide fuel cells)
     252212-02-5 HCAPLUS
```

(CA

Cerium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ce0.1-0.3La0.7-0.9MnO3) (9CI)

INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
==========	==+==		-+==============
0	- 1	· 3	17778-80-2
Ce		0.1 - 0.3	7440-45-1
Mn	1.	1	7439-96-5
Ĺа	1	0.7 - 0.9	7439-91-0

RN 252212-04-7 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ce0.02La0.98MnO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	_======================================
0		3 .	1	17778-80-2
Ce		0.02	1	7440-45-1
Mn ·	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La .		0.98	1	7439-91-0

RN 252212-05-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ce0.04La0.96MnO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	==+==		+==========
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Ce	1	0.04	7440-45-1
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.96	7439-91-0

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
  - Section cross-reference(s): 57, 72
- ST lanthanum alk earth manganite cathode; solid oxide fuel cell cathode
- IT Crystal structure

Electric conductivity

Fuel cell cathodes

Solid state fuel cells

(lanthanum alkaline-earth manganites as a cathode material in high-temperature solid oxide fuel cells)

high-temperature solid oxide fuel cells)

IT 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide lamno3 12031-48-0, Lanthanum zirconium oxide la2zr2o7 252212-02-5, Cerium lanthanum

manganese oxide (Ce0.1-0.3La0.7-0.9MnO3) 252212-03-6, Lanthanum manganese praseodymium oxide (La0.7-0.9MnPr0.1-0.3O3)

252212-04-7, Cerium lanthanum manganese oxide

22

(Ce0.02La0.98MnO3) **252212-05-8**, Cerium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ce0.04La0.96MnO3)

(lanthanum alkaline-earth manganites as a cathode material in high-temperature solid oxide fuel cells)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 21 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:666657 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

132:66562

TITLE:

Thermal expansion studies of B-site doped

LaCrO3-perovskites under oxidizing or reducing

atmosphere

AUTHOR(S):

Hiei, Yoshiko; Yamamoto, Tohru; Itoh, Hibiki; Mori, Masashi; Inaba, Hideaki; Tagawa, Hiroaki Chemical Energy Engineering department, Central

research Institute of Electric Power Industry,

Kanagawa, 240-0196, Japan

SOURCE:

Advances in Science and Technology (Faenza, Italy)

(1999), 24 (Innovative Materials in Advanced Energy Technologies), 97-104

CODEN: ASETE5

PUBLISHER:

Techna Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 20 Oct 1999

AB The thermal expansion mechanisms have been studied for LaMO3, LaCr1-xMxO3 and La0.9Sr0.1Cr1-xMxO3(M=Mg, Al, Ti, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni; 0≤x≤0.1) in air and the H2 atmosphere. The effects of Al, Mg, Mn, Fe and Ni as a dopant on the average linear thermal expansion coefficient(TEC) were not observed Co-, and Mn-doping to La0.9Sr0.1Cr1-xMxO3 were effective to increase their TECs, whereas Ti doping to La0.9Sr0.1Cr1-xMxO3 was effective to decrease its TEC. These results would be related with the outer-electron configuration in d-orbital of B-site dopant.

130591-57-0, Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide Cr0.9LaMn0.103 253280-28-3, Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide (CrLa0.9Mn0.103)

(thermal expansion studies of B-site doped LaCrO3-perovskites under oxidizing or reducing atmospheric)

RN 130591-57-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide (Cr0.9LaMn0.103) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    1	Ratio	Component Registry Number
	+-		
0	- 1	3	17778-80-2
Cr	- 1	0.9	7440-47-3
Mn		0.1	7439-96-5
La		1	7439-91-0

RN 253280-28-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide (CrLa0.9Mn0.103) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		=+=	*=========
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Cr	1	1		7440-47-3
Mn	1	0.1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.9	-	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

IT 12003-65-5, Aluminum lanthanum oxide allao3 12016-86-3, Cobalt lanthanum oxide colao3 12017-94-6, Chromium lanthanum oxide crlao3 12022-43-4, Iron lanthanum oxide felao3 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide laMno3 12031-18-4, Lanthanum nickel oxide lanio3

```
12201-04-6, Lanthanum titanium oxide latio3
                                                   106828-51-7, Lanthanum
     magnesium oxide lamgo3 109457-70-7, Chromium lanthanum titanium
     oxide Cr0.9LaTi0.103
                           110584-62-8, Chromium lanthanum magnesium oxide
     crla0.9mg0.1o3
                      110584-69-5, Chromium lanthanum strontium oxide
     crla0.9sr0.1o3
                      110709-66-5, Chromium cobalt lanthanum oxide
     Cr0.9co0.1LaO3
                      111592-61-1, Chromium lanthanum nickel oxide
                      115927-76-9, Chromium lanthanum magnesium oxide
     Cr0.9LaNi0.103
     Cr0.9LaMg0.103 130591-57-0, Chromium lanthanum manganese
     oxide Cr0.9LaMn0.103
                            134325-00-1, Chromium iron lanthanum oxide
                      134383-16-7, Chromium lanthanum manganese strontium
     Cr0.9Fe0.1La03
     oxide Cr0.9La0.9mn0.1Sr0.103
                                   164792-05-6, Chromium lanthanum
     magnesium strontium oxide Cr0.9La0.9Mq0.1Sr0.103
                                                        166406-51-5,
     Chromium cobalt lanthanum strontium oxide Cr0.9co0.1La0.9Sr0.103
     167996-31-8, Aluminum Chromium lanthanum oxide Al0.1Cr0.9La03
     174779-24-9, Chromium lanthanum strontium titanium oxide
     Cr0.9La0.9Sr0.1Ti0.103
                            221323-77-9, Chromium lanthanum nickel
     strontium oxide Cr0.9La0.9ni0.1Sr0.103
                                             253280-26-1, Aluminum
     chromium lanthanum oxide (Al0.1CrLa0.903)
                                                 253280-27-2, Chromium
     lanthanum titanium oxide (CrLa0.9Ti0.103) 253280-28-3,
     Chromium lanthanum manganese oxide (CrLa0.9Mn0.103)
                                                           253280-29-4,
     Chromium iron lanthanum oxide (CrFe0.1La0.903)
                                                      253280-30-7, Chromium
     cobalt lanthanum oxide (CrCo0.1La0.903)
                                               253280-31-8, Chromium
     lanthanum nickel oxide (CrLa0.9Ni0.103)
                                               253280-32-9
                                                             253280-33-0,
     Chromium iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Cr0.9Fe0.1La0.9Sr0.103)
        (thermal expansion studies of B-site doped LaCrO3-perovskites under
        oxidizing or reducing atmospheric)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         8
                               THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                               RE FORMAT
L31 ANSWER 22 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         1999:593901 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         131:301402
TITLE:
                         Electrical properties of the layered manganese
                         dioxides MxMn1-yCoyO2, M = Na, K
AUTHOR(S):
                         Sharma, Pramod K.; Moore, Gregory J.; Zhang, Fan;
                         Zavalij, Peter; Whittingham, M. Stanley
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Department of Chemistry and Materials Research
                         Center, State University of New York at
                         Binghamton, Binghamton, NY, 13902-6016, USA
SOURCE:
                         Electrochemical and Solid-State Letters (
                         1999), 2(10), 494-496
                         CODEN: ESLEF6; ISSN: 1099-0062
PUBLISHER:
                         Electrochemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 21 Sep 1999
     Cobalt can be doped into the layered alkali manganese dioxides, MxMn1-yCoyO2
     for M = K or Na, during the hydrothermal synthesis from the alkali
     permanganates. A single phase is obtained up to about 5% mol cobalt.
     cobalt doping is found to enhance the conductivity by two orders of magnitude
     relative to pure KxMnO2.
     160126-02-3, Cobalt Manganese potassium oxide
     213533-03-0, Cobalt Manganese sodium oxide
        (elec. properties of layered alkali manganese dioxides)
     160126-02-3 HCAPLUS
     Cobalt manganese potassium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Component
                      Ratio
                                         Component
                                   1
                                      Registry Number
```

AB

ΙT

RN

CN

	+		====+====	
0	1	, X	I	17778-80-2
Co	1	х	1	7440-48-4
K	1	×	T .	7440-09-7
Mn	1	х .	i	7439-96-5

213533-03-0 HCAPLUS RN

CN Cobalt manganese sodium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=:	
0	}	X		17778-80-2
Со	1	х .	1	7440-48-4
Na	}	x	1	7440-23-5
Mn	1	x	1	7439-96-5

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ΙT Battery cathodes

> Electric conductivity Hydrothermal reactions

> > (elec. properties of layered alkali manganese dioxides)

IT56127-35-6, Manganese potassium oxide 56127-36-7, Manganese sodium oxide 160126-02-3, Cobalt Manganese potassium oxide 213533-03-0, Cobalt Manganese sodium oxide

247058-02-2

(elec. properties of layered alkali manganese dioxides)

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 . THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 23 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:566297 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:172710

TITLE:

Flexible inorganic electrolyte fuel cell design Ketcham, Thomas D.; Powell, William R.; Stewart,

Ronald L.; St. Julien, Dell J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Corning Incorporated, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA:	rent	NO.			KINI	)	DATE		AP	PLICAT	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE
	WO	9944	254			A1	_	1999	0902	WO	 -1999 >	us27	49		1	9990209
		W: RW:	AT,	BE,		CY,	DE,	, DK,	ES,	FI, F	R, GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,
	EP	1060	534	·		A1		2000	1220	EP	1999- <	9058: 	92		1	9990209
	EP	1060 R:	534 DE,	FR,	GB,	B1 IT		2003	0122							
	JP	2002	5055	12	·	Ť		2002	0219	JP	2000-	5339: 	19		1	9990209
	US	6045	935			A		2000	0404	US	1999- <	2510 	36		1	9990218
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					US	1998-	7633	3P	:	P 1	9980227

<--WO 1999-US2749 W 19990209 <--

ED Entered STN: 08 Sep 1999

AB Fuel cell designs incorporate non-planar inorg. electrolyte membranes offering improved mech. and thermal shock resistance for mobile power generation systems, e.g., for high temperature fuel cell applications using liquid fuel (diesel and gasoline) and air for automobile power plants and other power systems requiring only intermittent high-temperature fuel cell operation. The electrolyte sheet includes ≥1 elevated stress relief section having a sheet elevation above the sheet base plane such that the ratio of the sheet elevation to the largest sheet dimension is in the range of 1:600 to 1:3.

IT 59707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(flexible inorg. electrolyte fuel cell design)

RN 59707-46-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number					
===========	=+==		+===					
0		x	<b>!</b> .	17778-80-2				
Sr	-	x	1	7440-24-6				
Mn		x	}	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5				
La	1	x	1	7439-91-0				

IC ICM H01M008-10

ICS H01M008-12; H01M008-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 51

TT 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses
7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-48-4,
Cobalt, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses

(dopant; flexible inorg. electrolyte fuel cell design)
IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 12671-91-9, Kanthal A-1 59707-46-9

, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 113482-02-3, Yttrium zirconium oxide Y0.06Zr0.9702.03 114168-17-1, Yttrium zirconium oxide Y0.08Zr0.9602.04

(flexible inorg. electrolyte fuel cell design)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE

3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 24 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:468676 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:93927

TITLE: Surface coated non-carbon metal-based

anodes for aluminum production cells

INVENTOR(S):
De Nora, Vittorio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Moltech Invent S.A., Luxembourg

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<b>-</b>			
WO 9936591	A1	19990722	WO 1999-IB79	19990119

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		W:	AT,	ΑU,	BR,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK	, ES,	GB,	GH,	HU,	II	),	IN,
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		D				AM,											_	
		RW:										, AT,			CY,	DE	,	DK,
	IIS	6077		гт,	rr,			2000				, NL, 1998-					10	980730
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	US	6365	018			В1		2002	0402	1	US :	1998-	1263	59			19	980730
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	7\ [ ]	9917	705			А		1999	0000		י די ע		 1770	<b>E</b>			1.0	990119
	ΑU	991/	195			А		1999	0802	4	AU .	1999-	1119: 	5			13	9990119
	ΑU	7479	06			В2		2002	0530			`	•					
		1049						2000			EP :	1999-	9001	07			19	990119
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	EΡ	1049			0	В1		2003	0409									
				ES,	FR,	GB,			0700			0000	C1 C2	2.2			0.0	000715
	US	6425	992			В1		2002	0/30	ļ	US i	2000-	6163. 	33			20	000715
	NO	2000	0037	0.4		А		2000	0719	1	NO :	2000-					20	000719
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	US	2002	0927	65		A1		2002	0718	1	US :	2002-	9928	05			20	020314
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		6656		2.7		B2		2003					2020	0.5				
	US	2003	0709	31		A1		2003	041/		US i	2002-	3032) 	85			20	0021125
	US	6913	682			В2		2005	0705									
PRIO		APP:		INFO	. :	22		2000	0,00	1	WO :	1998-	IB81			Α	19	980120
												<						
										1	US :	1998-	1262	06	•	A	19	9980730
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										1		1998- <		59		A	19	9980730
										1		•	 TR79			TAT	10	990119
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										1	US :			86		A1	20	010129
												<						

ED Entered STN: 30 Jul 1999

AB A non-carbon, metal-based, high temperature resistant, elec. conductive and electrochem. active anode of a cell for the production of aluminum has a metal-based oxidation-resistant substrate to which an adherent multi-layer coating is applied prior to its immersion into the electrolyte and start up of the electrolysis by connection to the pos. current supply. The multi-layer coating is obtainable from one or more applied layers selected from: a liquid solution, a dispersion in a liquid or a paste, as suspension in a liquid or a paste, and a pasty or non-pasty slurry, and combinations thereof, with or without heat treatment between two consecutively applied layers. At least one layer of the multi-layer coating contains a polymeric and/or a colloidal carrier. The coating is after final heat treatment elec. conductive and has during operation in the cell an electrochem. active surface for the oxidation of oxygen ions present at the surface of the anode.

IT 12063-10-4, Manganese ferrite

<sup>(</sup>use for formation in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

RN 12063-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN Iron manganese oxide (Fe2MnO4) (CA INDEX NAME)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 12018-15-4, Chromium manganese oxide (Cr2MnO4)

(use in intermediate layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

RN 12018-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium manganese oxide (Cr2MnO4) '(CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	  .	Component Registry Number
=========	=+==		====+=:	
0	1	4	1	17778-80-2
Cr	1	2	1	7440-47-3
Mn	1	1		7439-96-5

IC ICM C25C003-12

ICS C25C007-02

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST surface coated noncarbon metal based **anodes** aluminum prodn cell

IT Cathodes

(aluminum-wettable, use in **electrolytic** cell for aluminum production)

IT Electrodes

(bipolar; use in electrolytic cell for aluminum production)

IT Catalysts

(electrocatalysts; use in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

IT Paints

(in formation of active oxide layer of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells using slurry containing)

IT Electrowinning

(of aluminum in **electrolytic** cell with surface coated non-carbon metal-based **anodes**)

IT Electrodeposition

(of copper and nickel on non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

IT Corrosion

(of electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells during electrolysis)

IT Electrolysis

(of molten cryolite with electrocatalytically active non-carbon
metal-based anodes)

IT Oxidation, electrochemical

(of oxygen ion on surface coated non-carbon metal-based
anodes for aluminum production cells)

IT Heat treatment

(of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells using slurry containing)

IT Fluorides, uses

(oxyfluorides; use multilayer coating of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

IT Group VA element compounds

(phosphides; use multilayer coating of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

IT Slurries

(polymeric slurry containing nickel ferrite powder and nickel aluminate for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells)

ΙT Cermets (substrate for surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT Alloys, uses Intermetallic compounds Metals, uses (substrate for surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) IΤ Anodes Coating materials Multilayers (surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ITFerrites (use for formation in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT Dispersion (of materials) Suspensions (use for preparation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT (use in intermediate layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT Rare earth metals, uses (use in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT Oxides (inorganic), properties (use multilayer coating of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) IT (use multilayer coating of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT 7782-44-7, Oxygen, properties (electrooxidn. of oxygen ions on surface of coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT 11105-45-6 (intermediate layer in surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 7440-50-8, Copper, uses ΙT (nickel plated; substrate and electrodeposit for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 12168-54-6, Nickel ferrite IT(polymeric slurry containing nickel ferrite powder and nickel aluminate for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 7440-02-0, Nickel, properties IΤ (substrate and electrodeposit for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production 7439-89-6, Iron, properties 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, properties TΨ 7440-25-7, Tantalum, properties 7440-47-3, Chromium, properties 7440-48-4, Cobalt, properties (substrate for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 12606-02-9, Inconel 146729-81-9 ΙT (substrate for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 7429-90-5P, Aluminum, properties IT

(surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for '

aluminum production cells) ΙT 12645-46-4, Iridium oxide (surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells containing electrocatalyst for rapid conversion of oxygen ions into mol. oxygen) 15096-52-3, Cryolite ΙT (testing of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells in molten cryolite) ΙT 1308-38-9, Chromium oxide Cr2O3, properties (use as barrier layer in multilayer coating of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) ΙT 1314-23-4, Zirconium oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 11118-57-3, 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses Chromium oxide (use as dopant for ferrites in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) IT 537-00-8, Cerium acetate 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-20-1, Thoria, uses 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide (Al2O3), uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 12057-24-8, Lithia, uses (use as dried colloids or polymer in multilayer coating on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 12052-28-7, Cobalt ferrite 12063-10-4, Manganese ferrite IT12063-19-3, Zinc ferrite 12068-86-9, Magnesium ferrite (use for formation in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 12009-92-6, Beryllium Chromium oxide (BeCr204) 12013-31-9, Calcium ΙT Chromium oxide (CaCr2O4) 12016-69-2, Chromium cobalt oxide (Cr2CoO4) 12018-10-9, Chromium copper oxide (Cr2CuO4) 12018-15-4, Chromium manganese oxide (Cr2MnO4) 12018-18-7, Chromium nickel oxide 12018-19-8, Chromium zinc oxide (Cr2ZnO4) 12053-26-8, Chromium magnesium oxide (Cr2MgO4) 12068-77-8, Chromium iron oxide 12344-99-9, Barium Chromium oxide (BaCr204) 12381-54-3, (Cr2FeO4) Chromium strontium oxide (Cr2SrO4) (use in intermediate layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 7439-88-5, Iridium, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-16-6, Rhodium, uses 7440-18-8, Ruthenium, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, 8049-20-5, Mischmetal (use in outer layer on electrocatalytically active non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) 10025-97-5, Iridium tetrachloride IT(use in polymeric slurry containing nickel ferrite powder and IrCl4 for formation of surface coated non-carbon metal-based anodes for aluminum production cells) REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L31 ANSWER 25 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:418877 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:146822 TITLE: New cathode material for oxide ionic electrolytes AUTHOR(S): Hashimoto, S.; Iwahara, H. CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Integrated Research in Science and Engineering, Nagoya University, Nagoya, 464-8603,

Japan

SOURCE:

Solid State Ionics: Science and Technology,

[Proceedings of the Asian Conference], 6th, New

Delhi, Nov. 29-Dec. 4, 1998 (1998),

411-415. Editor(s): Chowdari, B. V. R. World

Scientific: Singapore, Singapore.

CODEN: 67VKAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference

LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 07 Jul 1999

We found that the partial substitution of Ce for Sr in SrMnO3 could stabilizes the perovskite-type structure down to room temperature. The dependence of elec. conductivities on temperature was measured from 1000° to room temperature in air. By doping with Ce, the elec. conductivities of SrMnO3 have been enhanced drastically. Especially, Sr0.7Ce0.3MnO3-a showed higher conductivity (290 S•cm-1 at 1000°) than that of conventional La0.8Sr0.2MnO3-a (about 175 S•cm-1). Sr0.7Ce0.3MnO3-a was chemical compatible with (CeO2)0.8(YO1.5)0.2 at fabrication temperature. In the electrochem. gas cell using Sr0.7Ce0.3MnO3-a as a cathode material and (CeO2)0.8(YO1.5)0.2 as an electrolyte, contact resistance between the cathode and the electrolyte was as low as the case of Pt electrode although the polarization should be minimized by controlling the microstructure and the processing of the cathode.

IT 235428-75-8D, Cerium manganese strontium oxide

(Ce0.3MnSr0.703), oxygen-deficient

(cerium-doped SrMnO3 cathode material for oxide ionic electrolytes for fuel cells)

RN 235428-75-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium manganese strontium oxide (Ce0.3MnSr0.703) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component Component
=========	 ==+==		 :+=	Registry Number
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Ce	1	0.3		7440-45-1
Sr	1	0.7	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST cathode material solid oxide fuel cell; cerium manganese strontium oxide fuel cell
- IT Electric conductivity

Fuel cell cathodes

Solid state fuel cells

(cerium-doped SrMnO3 cathode material for oxide ionic electrolytes for fuel cells)

IT 116845-72-8, Cerium yttrium oxide Ce0.8Y0.201.9 235428-75-8D

, Cerium manganese strontium oxide (Ce0.3MnSr0.703), oxygen-deficient (cerium-doped SrMnO3 cathode material for oxide ionic electrolytes for fuel cells)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 26 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:342876 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:61097

TITLE:

Cathodic activity and interfacial stability of Y0.8Ca0.2Col-xFexO3/YSZ electrodes for solid oxide fuel cells

AUTHOR(S):

Lee, Hee Y.; Jang, Jong H.; Oh, Seung M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Division of Chemical Engineering and Institute of Chemical Process, College of Engineering, Seoul National University, Seoul, 151-742, S. Korea

SOURCE:

Journal of the Electrochemical Society (
1999), 146(5), 1707-1711

CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 07 Jun 1999

The Fe-doped cobaltates, Y0.8Ca0.2Co1-xFexO3- $\delta$  (x = 0.1-0.7), were prepared AΒ and their high-temperature phase stability and cathodic activity were investigated. The perovskite/yttria-stabilized zirconia (YSZ) electrodes were fabricated via a silk printing technique. It was found that the undoped cobaltate (x = 0) is so thermally unstable that the preparation of pure perovskite phase was unsuccessful. The partial Fe-doping to Co (x = 0.1-0.7), however, gave us highly crystalline perovskite powders of an orthorhombic lattice. Among those samples of x = 0.1-0.7, the Y0.8Ca0.2Co0.7Fe0.3O3-8 showed the best cathodic activity which is superior to LaO.9SrO.1MnO3. The thermal expansion coefficient of this material (10.5 + 10-6 cm/cm-K at 25-10000) was very close to that of 8 mol% YSZ (10.8 + 10-6 cm/cm-K). As a result of interfacial reaction between Y0.8Ca0.2Co0.7Fe0.3O3- $\delta$  and YSZ electrolyte, a spinel-type oxide was produced. But the interfacial product formation proceeded mainly during the electrode adhesion period (1200°) whereas its growth during the cell operation (900-1000°) was negligible.

IT 110781-51-6D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

La0.9MnSr0.103, oxygen-deficient

(cathodic activity and interfacial stability of Y0.8Ca0.2Co1-xFexO3/yttria-stabilized ZrO2 electrodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

RN 110781-51-6 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    +	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
	т		+	
0		3	1	17778-80-2
Sr		0.1	1	7440-24-6
Mn		1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.9	1	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST fuel cell interfacial stability cathode electrolyte

IT Fuel cell cathodes

Fuel cell electrolytes

Solid state fuel cells

Thermal expansion

(cathodic activity and interfacial stability of Y0.8Ca0.2Co1-xFexO3/yttria-stabilized ZrO2 electrodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

IT 110781-51-6D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.9MnSr0.103, oxygen-deficient 114168-16-0, Tz-8y 206440-94-0D, Calcium cobalt iron yttrium oxide Ca0.2Co0.9Fe0.1Y0.8O3, oxygen-deficient 206440-95-1D, Calcium cobalt iron yttrium oxide Ca0.2Co0.7Fe0.3Y0.8O3, oxygen-deficient 206440-96-2D, Calcium cobalt iron yttrium oxide Ca0.2Co0.5Fe0.5Y0.8O3, oxygen-deficient 206440-97-3D, Calcium cobalt iron yttrium oxide Ca0.2Co0.3Fe0.7Y0.8O3, oxygen-deficient

(cathodic activity and interfacial stability of Y0.8Ca0.2Col-xFexO3/yttria-stabilized ZrO2 electrodes for solid oxide fuel cells)

REFERENCE COUNT:

14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 27 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:232477 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:355741

TITLE: Characterization of Nd1-xSrxMnO3±δ SOFC

cathode materials

AUTHOR(S): Kostogloudis, G. Ch.; Ftikos, Ch.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Inorganic Materials Technology,

Department of Chemical Engineering, National

Technical University of Athens, Athens, GR-157 80,

Greece

Journal of the European Ceramic Society ( SOURCE:

**1999**), 19(4), 497-505

CODEN: JECSER; ISSN: 0955-2219

Elsevier Science Ltd. PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 15 Apr 1999

AΒ The crystal structure, thermal expansion behavior and elec. conductivity of  $Nd1-xSrxMnO3\pm\delta$  (x = 0-0.5) perovskite oxides were investigated. The chemical compatibility of the compns. with 40 and 50 mol% Sr with Gd2O3-doped CeO2 (CGO) electrolyte was also studied. An orthorhombic GdFeO3-type symmetry (space group Pbnm, z = 4) was identified for all perovskite oxides, and the lattice parameters were determined As the level of Sr doping increases, the pseudo-cubic lattice constant decreases, and the thermal expansion coefficient increases. The elec. conductivity can be described by the small polaron hopping conductivity model. The conductivity increases on increasing Sr doping, while the activation energy decreases. The compns. with 40 and 50 mol% Sr show very good thermal expansion and chemical compatibility with CGO electrolyte and can be considered as candidate intermediate-temperature solid oxide fuel cell cathode materials.

TT 109546-98-7D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.7Sr0.303, oxygen nonstoichiometric 143079-90-7D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.5Sr0.503, oxygen nonstoichiometric 152825-24-6D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.6Sr0.4O3, oxygen nonstoichiometric 224618-18-2D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.85Sr0.1503), oxygen nonstoichiometric

(cathode; crystal structure, thermal expansion, and elec.

conductivity of Nd1-xSrxMnO3 $\pm\delta$  ceramics as candidate solid oxide fuel cell cathode materials)

109546-98-7 HCAPLUS RN

Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.7Sr0.3O3) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Component	    !	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	+		T	
0		3		17778-80-2
Sr		0.3	i	7440-24-6
Nd		0.7		7440-00-8
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

143079-90-7 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.5Sr0.5O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    +	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	+		====+===	
0	- 1	3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.5		7440-24-6
Nd	1.	. 0.5		7440-00-8
Mn	1	1		7439-96-5

RN 152825-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.6Sr0.4O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component Registry Number
======================================	==+=		
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Sr		0.4	7440-24-6
Nd	1	0.6	7440-00-8
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 224618-18-2 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.85Sr0.1503) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	•	Component Lstry Number
	==+===		====+=====	
0		3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	J	0.15	1	7440-24-6
Nd	1	0.85	1	7440-00-8
Mn ·	1	1	1 0	7439-96-5

CC 57-2 (Ceramics)

Section cross-reference(s): 52

- ST neodymium strontium manganate property fuel cell cathode candidate
- IT Crystal structure

Electric conductivity

Thermal expansion

(crystal structure, thermal expansion, and elec. conductivity of Nd1-xSrxMnO3 $\pm\delta$  ceramics as candidate solid oxide fuel cell cathode materials)

IT Electric conductors, ceramic

Fuel cell cathodes

(neodymium strontium manganate; crystal structure, thermal expansion, and elec. conductivity of Ndl-xSrxMnO3± $\delta$  ceramics as candidate solid oxide fuel cell **cathode** materials)

IT 109546-98-7D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.7sr0.303, oxygen nonstoichiometric 143079-90-7D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.5sr0.503, oxygen nonstoichiometric 152825-24-6D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.6sr0.403, oxygen nonstoichiometric 224618-18-2D, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.85sr0.1503), oxygen nonstoichiometric (cathode; crystal structure, thermal expansion, and elec.

(cathode; crystal structure, thermal expansion, and elec. conductivity of Ndl-xSrxMnO3 $\pm\delta$  ceramics as candidate solid oxide fuel cell cathode materials)

IT 12064-62-9, Gadolinium oxide (Gd2O3)

(dopant, ceria electrolyte; compatibility of Nd1-xSrxMnO3 $\pm\delta$  candidate cathode material with Gd2O3-doped CeO2 electrolyte)

IT 1306-38-3, Cerium oxide (CeO2), processes

(electrolyte; compatibility of Nd1-xSrxMnO3 $\pm\delta$  candidate cathode material with Gd2O3-doped CeO2 electrolyte)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 28 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:131207 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:211709

TITLE:

Properties of (La0.7Sr0.3)0.9Mn1-yCryO3- $\delta$ 

cathode materials for solid oxide fuel

cell (SOFC)

AUTHOR(S):

Yang, Y. J.; Tu, H. Y.; Lu, Z. Y.; Yang, J. H.;

Wen, T. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

State Key Lab. High Performance Ceramics Superfine Structure, Shanghai Institute Ceramics, Chinese Academy Sciences, Shanghai, 200050, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE:

Journal of the Australasian Ceramic Society (

**1998**), 34(1), 210-215

CODEN: JAUSEL; ISSN: 1018-6689 Australasian Ceramic Society

PUBLISHER:

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 01 Mar 1999

The starting powders of (La0.7Sr0.3)0.9Mn1-yCry03- $\delta$  (y = 0.apprx.0.15) were synthesized by glycine-nitrate-process (GNP). The powder features and sintering behaviors were characterized. The elec. conductivity of sintered samples has been measured. Using a screen printing technique, the **cathode** film was coated on YSZ pellets for the measurement of **cathodic** polarization by means of a current interruption technique. It was found that substituting Cr for Mn in A-site deficient La(Sr)MnO3- $\delta$  gave rise to increased sinterability, improved morphol. and thermal-chemical stability; moreover, **cathode** overpotential was reduced without a considerable loss of elec. conductivity

IT 106390-66-3D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(La0.7MnSr0.303), oxygen-deficient

(properties of chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide cathodes for solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC))

RN 106390-66-3 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	.   +======	Ratio	    -+	Component Registry Number
^			-	17770 00 0
O	l	3	- 1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.3		7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.7	1	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST chromium doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

fuel cell cathode; elec property manganate cathode solid electrolyte fuel cell; microstructure manganate cathode solid electrolyte fuel cell ΙT Overvoltage (cathode; properties of chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide cathodes for solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC)) ΙT Cathodic polarization Contraction (mechanical) Electric conductivity Fuel cell cathodes Microstructure Particle size distribution Porosity Sinterina Solid state fuel cells (properties of chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide cathodes for solid oxide fuel cell 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses ΙT (dopant; properties of chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide cathodes for solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC)) ΙT .106390-66-3D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303), oxygen-deficient 143193-65-1D, Chromium lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Cr0.1La0.7Mn0.9Sr0.3O3), oxygen-deficient 220978-09-6D, oxygen-deficient 220978-13-2D, oxygen-deficient (properties of chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide cathodes for solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC)) REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L31 ANSWER 29 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:350638 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:87281 Preparation of perovskite-type Lal-xSrxMnO3 films TITLE: by vapor-phase processes and their electrochemical properties. II. Effects of doping strontium to LaMnO3 on the electrode properties AUTHOR(S): Ioroi, Tsulomu; Hara, Tatsunoir; Uchimoto, Yoshiharu; Ogumi, Zempachi; Takehara, Zen-Ichiro CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Energy and Hydrocarbon Chemistry, Graduate School of Engineering, Kyoto University, Kyoto, 606-8501, Japan SOURCE: Journal of the Electrochemical Society ( 1998), 145(6), 1999-2004 CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651 Electrochemical Society PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Entered STN: 10 Jun 1998 ED Complex a.c. impedance and steady-state polarization measurements were AΒ conducted on dense and thin LaMnO3 and LaO.85SrO.15MnO3 film electrodes and porous-sintered LaMnO3 and LaO.85SrO.15MnO3 electrodes in air at elevated temps. between 873 and 1273 K, to study the reaction mechanism of oxygen reduction at the Lal-xSrxMnO3 electrode of a solid oxide fuel. cell. By

fitting impedance spectra to an appropriate equivalent circuit, the chemical

diffusion coefficient of oxygen and interfacial reaction resistance of the LaMnO3 and LaO.85SrO.15MnO3 film **electrodes** were determined. The chemical diffusion coefficient was scarcely affected by Sr **doping**, while the interfacial reaction resistance considerably decreased by Sr **doping**. Steady-state polarization behavior of the porous-sintered La1-xSrxMnO3 was dramatically improved by **doping** Sr, while those of the dense La1-xSrxMnO3 film were almost unchanged by Sr **doping**. Probably the electrochem. reduction of oxygen at the porous La1-xSrxMnO3 **electrode** takes place around the triple phase boundary (TPB), and the reaction rate is controlled by the surface reactions close to the triple phase boundary region.

IT 120605-82-5, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.85MnSr0.1503)

(preparation of perovskite-type Lal-xSrxMnO3 films by vapor-phase processes and electrochem. properties: effects of doping strontium to LaMnO3 on electrode properties)

RN 120605-82-5 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.85MnSr0.1503) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    +	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
			T	
0	1	· 3	1.	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.15	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.85.	1	7439-91-0

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): **52**, 65, 67, 75, 76

ST lanthanum strontium manganate prepn electrochem property;
doping strontium lanthanum manganate electrode
property; electrode lanthanum strontium manganate; oxygen
electroredn lanthanum strontium manganate; diffusion oxygen lanthanum
strontium manganate; fuel cell cathode lanthanum strontium
manganate; kinetics oxygen electroredn lanthanum strontium manganate
IT Film electrodes

(lanthanum strontium manganate)

IT Fuel cell cathodes

(of lanthanum strontium manganate)

IT Electrolytic polarization

(of lanthanum strontium manganate and LaMnO3)

IT Vapor deposition process

(of lanthanum strontium manganate on YSZ for electrodes)

IT Equivalent electric circuits

(of lanthanum strontium manganate/YSZ electrode)

IT Doping

(of strontium by LaMnO3 and effect on electrode
properties)

IT Electrodes

(strontium doping of LaMnO3 effect on properties of)

IT 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide (LaMnO3)

(doping of strontium by LaMnO3 and effect on electrode properties)

IT 64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide

(equivalent circuit of lanthanum strontium manganate/YSZ
electrode)

IT 120605-82-5, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(La0.85MnSr0.1503)

(preparation of perovskite-type Lal-xSrxMnO3 films by vapor-phase processes and electrochem. properties: effects of doping

strontium to LaMnO3 on electrode properties)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(yttria-stabilized; equivalent circuit of lanthanum strontium manganate/YSZ electrode)

IT 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses

(zirconia stabilized by; equivalent circuit of lanthanum strontium manganate/YSZ electrode)

REFERENCE COUNT:

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 30 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:299305 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:59840

TITLE: Potentiometry of the interface between a solid

sodium-conducting electrolyte and

SmCol-xMxO3 (M = Ti, Mn) in the presence of oxygen
Tkacheva, N. S.; Korosteleva, A. I.; Bukun, N. G.
Inst. New Chemical Problems, Russian Acad. Scis.,

Moscow, 142432, Russia

SOURCE: Russian Journal of Electrochemistry (Translation

of Elektrokhimiya) (1998), 34(4),

387-392

CODEN: RJELE3; ISSN: 1023-1935

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 22 May 1998

Entered STN: 22 May 1998 AΒ The potentiometry method is employed to study the behavior of the electrochem. cell SmCol-xMxO3|Na+-SE|Na0.65CoO2 in mixts. of mol. oxygen and argon. cell contains a sodium-conducting solid electrolyte (Na+-SE) and an oxygen electrode based on a binary Sm-Co oxide doped by oxides of Ti and Mn. The  $\beta$ phase of a Na-Co bronze, Na0.65CoO2, is selected as the reference electrode. With compds. prone to hydration, such as  $\beta$ -Al203,  $\beta$ "-Al203 and Na5GdSi4012, used as Na+-SE, the solid-phase system is reversible towards oxygen at temps. exceeding 150°. The oxygen reduction is shown to proceed at these temps. as a single-electron process, probably, with the formation of the superperoxide ion O2-. The reversibility by oxygen can be ensured even at room temperature, provided finely divided platinum (.apprx.5 wt%) is deposited on the oxide electrode'surface. In the low-temperature region, the oxygen reduction mechanism is determined by the dopant M in the oxygen electrode composition With M = Ti, the process involves two electrons and leads to the O22- ion formation, whereas with M = Mn, the process is a four-electron one and yields the OH- ion. The concentration dependence of the cell's emf is described by the Nernst equation up to 80 vol% of oxygen.

125649-10-7, Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (Co0.8Mn0.2SmO3) 163263-28-3, Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (CoMnSm2O6) 208525-72-8, Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (Co0.9Mn0.1SmO3) (conductivity of complex oxide with perovskite structure)

RN 125649-10-7 HCAPLUS

CN Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (Co0.8Mn0.2SmO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	.	Component
	- 1		1	Registry Number
==========	==+==		===+=	
0	i	3		17778-80-2
Co	1	0.8		7440-48-4
Sm	- 1	1		7440-19 <b>-</b> 9
Mn	- 1	0.2		7439-96-5

```
RN
     163263-28-3 HCAPLUS
CN
     Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (CoMnSm2O6) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
  Component
                     Ratio
                                        Component
                                 | Registry Number
                       6
0
                                          17778-80-2
                       1
Co
                                 - 1
                                         7440-48-4
Sm
                       2
                                          7440-19-9
                                 - 1
Mn
                       1
                                          7439-96-5
RN
     208525-72-8 HCAPLUS
CN
     Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (Co0.9Mn0.1SmO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX
  Component |
                    Ratio
                                      Component
             1
                                 | Registry Number
| 3
0
                                          17778-80-2
             1
                      0.9
                                1
                                         7440-48-4
Co
                     1
Sm
                                          7440-19-9
                     0.1
Mn
                                          7439-96-5
     72-2 (Electrochemistry)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 66
ST
     potentiometry interface solid sodium conducting electrolyte;
     samarium cobalt titanium manganese oxide
IT
     Interface
        (potentiometry of the interface between a solid sodium-conducting
        electrolyte and SmCo1-xMxO3 (M = Ti, Mn) in the presence of
     208525-66-0, Cobalt sodium oxide (CoNa0.6502)
ΙT
        (as reference electrode)
     58572-20-6, Sodium zirconium phosphate silicate (Na3Zr2(PO4)(SiO4)2)
ΙT
     64890-77-3 67733-94-2
        (concentration dependence of electromotive force in SmCo0.8Ti0.203 +
Pt|sodium-conducting
        solid electrolyte | Na0.65CoO2 cell)
     125649-10-7, Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (Co0.8Mn0.2SmO3)
IT
     163263-28-3, Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (CoMnSm2O6)
     208525-68-2, Cobalt samarium titanium oxide (Co0.9SmTi0.103)
     208525-70-6, Cobalt samarium titanium oxide (Co0.8SmTi0.203)
     208525-71-7, Cobalt samarium titanium oxide (Co0.5SmTi0.503)
     208525-72-8, Cobalt manganese samarium oxide (Co0.9Mn0.1SmO3)
        (conductivity of complex oxide with perovskite structure)
ΙT
     7782-44-7, Oxygen, uses
        (potentiometry of the interface between a solid sodium-conducting
        electrolyte and SmCol-xMxO3 (M = Ti, Mn) in the presence of
        oxygen)
     7440-23-5, Sodium, properties
ΙT
        (potentiometry of the interface between a solid sodium-conducting
        electrolyte and SmCol-xMxO3 (M = Ti, Mn) in the presence of
     12005-16-2, \beta''-Alumina 12005-48-0, \beta-Alumina
ΙT
        (sodium-conducting solid electrolyte; concentration dependence
        of electromotive force in SmCoO.8TiO.2O3 + Pt|sodium-conducting solid
        electrolyte | Na0.65CoO2 cell)
```

18

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

REFERENCE COUNT:

#### RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 31 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:283038 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:272749

TITLE: Recent advances in planar SOFC development at

Tokyo Gas

AUTHOR(S): Ogasawara, K.; Yasuda, I.; Matsuzaki, Y.; Ogiwara,

T.; Hishinuma, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fundamental Technology Research Laboratory, Tokyo

Gas Co., Ltd, Tokyo, 105, Japan

SOURCE: Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (

1997), 97-40 (Solid Oxide Fuel Cells),

143-152

CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PUBLISHER: Electrochemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 16 May 1998

The progress and current status of research and development of planar SOFCs at Tokyo Gas are described. By coating the electrolyte with samaria-doped ceria (SDC) on the cathode side and doping YSZ in the Ni/YSZ anode with ceria, a high power d. of 0.93 W/cm2 was obtained in single-cells with self-supporting electrolytes. These modified electrode processing techniques have improved the long-term performance stability as well. A 3-cell stack with an internal-manifold design achieved a high power d. of 0.41 W/cm2, and was successfully operated at fuel utilization up to 80% with CH4-H2O fuels. A kW-class stack is to be assembled and tested to demonstrate the potential advantages of our stack design including high power d. and direct internal reforming of methane. Some research works for reducing the operating temperature are also described.

159707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(recent advances in planar solid state fuel cell development at Tokyo Gas)

RN 59707-46-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	, I	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	_======================================
0	1	X		17778-80-2
Sr	1	X	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	X	1	7439-96-5
La	1	×	1	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

TT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 55575-06-9, Cerium samarium oxide 59707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 113482-02-3, Yttrium zirconium oxide (Y0.06Zr0.9702.03) 114168-16-0, Yttrium zirconium oxide (Y0.16Zr0.9202.08)

(recent advances in planar solid state fuel cell development at Tokyo Gas)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 32 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:274487 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:21817

TITLE: Fluorite-like mixed conductors in the oxide

systems Bi(Y,M)O1.5 $\pm\delta$  (M=Pr, Co) and

Ce (Gd, Me)  $O2-\delta$  (Me=Co, Mn)

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

Naumovich, E. N.; Kharton, V. V.; Kovalevsky, A.

V.; Samokhval, V. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Physico-Chemical Problems, Belarus

State University, Minsk, 220080, Belarus Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (

1998), 97-24 (Ionic and Mixed Conducting

Ceramics), 496-508

CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PUBLISHER:

Electrochemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 13 May 1998

AΒ Formation of continuous series of solid solns. with mixed ionic and electronic conductivity was ascertained in the (Bil-xYxO1.5)1-y(PrO1.83)y oxide system at x = 0.25 - 0.50 and y = 0 - 0.15. The O ion transference number of the ceramics containing praseodimia is 0.80  $\pm$  0.15. For the (Bi1-xCox)1-yYy01.5- $\delta$ ternary system, fluorite-type solid solns. formed at 0 <  $x \le 0.30$  and  $y \ge$ 0.10. The electronic conductivity of Bi(Y,Co)O1.5 increases with cobalt concentration The ionic conductivity of the Bi(Y,Co)O1.5 ceramic is close to that of Bi(Y)01.5 solid electrolyte. The solid solubility limit of cobalt and manganese in gadolinia-doped ceria at temps. below 1000 K is approx. 10 mol.%. Doping by transition metals results in increasing electronic conductivity and oxygen permeability of the solid solns.  $Ce(Gd,Co)O2-\delta$  and  $Ce(Gd,Mn)O2-\delta$ .

207741-95-5DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce(Gd,Mn)O2), oxygen-deficient 207742-16-3DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.75Gd0.2Mn0.0502), oxygen-deficient 207742-17-4DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.7Gd0.2Mn0.102), oxygen-deficient 207742-18-5DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.65Gd0.2Mn0.1502), oxygen-deficient 207742-20-9DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.6Gd0.2Mn0.2O2), oxygen-deficient 207742-22-1DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.5Gd0.2Mn0.302), oxygen-deficient 207742-24-3DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.4Gd0.2Mn0.4O2), oxygen-deficient

(preparation and ionic and electronic conductivity and oxygen permeability

of

ceramic solid solns. based on bismuth oxide and ceria for solid electrolytes)

207741-95-5 HCAPLUS RN

CN Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce(Gd,Mn)O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio   	Component Registry Number
	T	
0	j 2 j	17778-80-2
Gd	0 - 1	7440-54-2
Ce	1 1	7440-45-1
Mn	0 - 1 !	7439-96-5

207742-16-3 HCAPLUS RN

Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.75Gd0.2Mn0.0502) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

Component	i	Ratio	1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
	==+===		=+==	
0	- 1	2	-	17778-80-2

Gd	1	0.2	1	7440-54-2
Ce	1	0.75	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.05	1	7439-96-5

RN 207742-17-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.7Gd0.2Mn0.102) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	<b>+-</b> -	<b></b>	+=	
0		2	1	17778-80-2
Gd	1	0.2	1	7440-54-2
Ce	1	0.7	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.1	1	7439-96-5

RN 207742-18-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.65Gd0.2Mn0.1502) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	. l	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=:	
0		2		17778-80-2
Gd		0.2	- 1	7440-54-2
Ce		0.65	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.15	1.	7439-96-5

RN 207742-20-9 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.6Gd0.2Mn0.2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio		Component Registry Number
^	==+==:	2	===+==	17778-80-2
0	1	2	1	1///8-80-2
Gd	1	0.2	1	7440-54-2
Ce	1	0.6	1	7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.2		7439-96-5

RN 207742-22-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.5Gd0.2Mn0.302) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
0	1	2	1	17778-80-2
Gd	1	0.2	1	7440-54-2
Ce	1	0.5		7440-45-1
Mn	1	0.3	1	7439-96-5

RN 207742-24-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.4Gd0.2Mn0.4O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component
		Registry Number
		+======================================
0	2	17778-80-2

7440-54-2

0.2

Gd

```
Ce
                       0.4
                                            7440-45-1
Mn
                       0.4
                                            7439-96-5
CC
     76-2 (Electric Phenomena)
     Section cross-reference(s): 57, 72
     12338-00-0P, Bismuth cobalt oxide (BiCoO3)
IT
                                                  136720-70-2P, Bismuth
     praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.42Pr0.15Y0.42O1.55)
                                                           136720-71-3P,
     Bismuth praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.45Pr0.1Y0.4501.53)
     136720-72-4P, Bismuth praseodymium yttrium oxide
     (Bi0.48Pr0.05Y0.4801.52)
                                136720-73-5P, Bismuth praseodymium yttrium
     oxide (Bi0.49Pr0.02Y0.4901.51)
                                      136720-74-6P, Bismuth praseodymium
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.51Pr0.15Y0.34O1.55)
                                             136720-75-7P, Bismuth
     praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.54Pr0.1Y0.3601.53)
                                                          136720-76-8P,
     Bismuth praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.57Pr0.05Y0.3801.52)
     136720-77-9P, Bismuth praseodymium yttrium oxide
     (Bi0.59Pr0.02Y0.3901.51)
                               136720-78-0P, Bismuth praseodymium yttrium
     oxide (Bi0.6Pr0.15Y0.26O1.55)
                                     136720-79-1P, Bismuth praseodymium
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.63Pr0.1Y0.2701.53)
                                             136720-80-4P, Bismuth
     praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.66Pr0.05Y0.2801.52)
                                                          136720-81-5P,
     Bismuth praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.69Pr0.02Y0.2901.51)
     136720-82-6P, Bismuth praseodymium yttrium oxide
                                136720-83-7P, Bismuth praseodymium yttrium
     (Bi0.64Pr0.15Y0.2101.55)
     oxide (Bi0.68Pr0.1Y0.2201.53)
                                     136720-84-8P, Bismuth praseodymium
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.71Pr0.05Y0.2401.52)
                                              136720-85-9P, Bismuth
     praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.74Pr0.02Y0.2401.51) 142567-80-4P,
     Bismuth cobalt oxide (Bi0.95Co0.0501.5)
                                               142568-19-2P, Bismuth cobalt
                                          142568-20-5P, Bismuth cobalt
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.27Co0.63Y0.101.5)
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.36Co0.54Y0.101.5) 142568-21-6P, Bismuth cobalt
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.45Co0.45Y0.101.5)
                                            142568-22-7P, Bismuth cobalt
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.54Co0.36Y0.101.5)
                                            142568-23-8P, Bismuth cobalt
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.63Co0.27Y0.101.5)
                                            142568-24-9P, Bismuth cobalt
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.72Co0.18Y0.101.5)
                                            142568-25-0P, Bismuth cobalt
     yttrium oxide (Bi0.81Co0.09Y0.101.5)
                                            142568-26-1P, Bismuth cobalt
     oxide (Bi0.6Co0.401.5)
                              142568-27-2P, Bismuth cobalt oxide
     (Bi0.7Co0.301.5)
                        142568-28-3P, Bismuth cobalt oxide (Bi0.9Co0.101.5)
     142584-46-1P, Bismuth cobalt oxide (Bi0.8Co0.201.5)
                                                          184022-86-4DP,
     Cerium cobalt gadolinium oxide (Ce0.88Co0.02Gd0.102), oxygen-deficient
     184022-93-3DP, Cerium cobalt gadolinium oxide (Ce0.85Co0.05Gd0.102),
                        184023-00-5DP, Cerium cobalt gadolinium oxide
     oxygen-deficient
     (Ce0.8Co0.1Gd0.102), oxygen-deficient
                                             184023-08-3DP, Cerium cobalt
     gadolinium oxide (Ce0.75Co0.15Gd0.102), oxygen-deficient
     184023-15-2DP, Cerium cobalt gadolinium oxide (Ce0.7Co0.2Gd0.102),
                        184023-19-6DP, Cerium cobalt gadolinium oxide
     oxygen-deficient
     (Ce0.6Co0.3Gd0.102), oxygen-deficient
                                             207741-91-1P, Bismuth
     praseodymium yttrium oxide (Bi0.42-0.75Pr0-0.15Y0.21-0.501.5-1.55)
     207741-92-2DP, Bismuth cobalt yttrium oxide (Bi0.63-1Co0-0.3Y0-
     0.101.5), oxygen-deficient
                                  207741-93-3P, Bismuth cobalt yttrium
     oxide (Bi(Co,Y)O1.5)
                            207741-94-4DP, Cerium cobalt gadolinium oxide
     (Ce(Co,Gd)O2), oxygen-deficient 207741-95-5DP, Cerium
     gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce(Gd,Mn)O2), oxygen-deficient
     207742-16-3DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide
     (Ce0.75Gd0.2Mn0.0502), oxygen-deficient 207742-17-4DP,
     Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.7Gd0.2Mn0.102),
     oxygen-deficient 207742-18-5DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese
     oxide (Ce0.65Gd0.2Mn0.1502), oxygen-deficient 207742-20-9DP,
     Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.6Gd0.2Mn0.202),
     oxygen-deficient 207742-22-1DP, Cerium gadolinium manganese
     oxide (Ce0.5Gd0.2Mn0.302), oxygen-deficient 207742-24-3DP,
     Cerium gadolinium manganese oxide (Ce0.4Gd0.2Mn0.402),
```

oxygen-deficient

 $\hbox{(preparation and ionic and electronic conductivity and oxygen permeability of} \\$ 

ceramic solid solns. based on bismuth oxide and ceria for solid electrolytes)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 33 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:48951 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:90969

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Characteristics of Prl-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells

AUTHOR(S):

Rim, Hyung-Ryul; Jeung, Soon-Ki; Jung, Euney; Lee,

Ju-Seong

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Industrial Chemistry, Hanyang

University, Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea Materials Chemistry and Physics (1998),

52(1), 54-59

CODEN: MCHPDR; ISSN: 0254-0584

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science S.A.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

ED Entered STN: 29 Jan 1998

Calcium and strontium-doped praseodymium manganite powders were prepared as cathode materials in solid oxide fuel cells. The characteristics of these materials such as particle size distribution, elec. conductivity, cathodic polarization, thermal expansion, and reactivity with electrolyte were investigated. It was found the optimum doping content of Ca and Sr was 30 mol% and that Ca-doped PrMnO3 had higher elec. conductivity and lower cathodic overpotential than Sr-doped PrMnO3. Further, the 30 mol% Ca-doped PrMnO3 had not reacted with Y2O3 stabilized ZrO2 (YSZ) in the temperature range 1000-1200° for 100 h and it had a thermal expansion coefficient close to that of YSZ. It was found that 30 mol% Ca-doped PrMnO3 was satisfactory for use as a cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells.

IT 112510-20-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPr0.7Sr0.3O3 144698-18-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPr0.9Sr0.1O3 144698-21-5, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPr0.5Sr0.5O3 186338-08-9, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPr0.3Sr0.7O3

(characteristics of Pr1-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

RN 112510-20-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.7Sr0.3O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	ļ	Ratio	!	Component
	 ⊥		! 	Registry Number
	,		-	
0		3		17778-80-2
Sr		0.3		7440-24-6
Pr		0.7	1	7440-10-0
Mn		1	1	7439-96-5

RN 144698-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.9Sr0.103) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component | Ratio | Component

RN 144698-21-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.5Sr0.503) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
=======================================	==+===		====+=:	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.5	1	7440-24-6
Pr .	1	0.5		7440-10-0
Mn	- 1	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 186338-08-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.3Sr0.703) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
			1	Registry Number
===========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.7	1	7440-24-6
Pr ·	1	0.3	1	7440-10-0
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell cathode doped praseodymium manganite
- IT Cathodic polarization

Electric conductivity

Fuel cell cathodes

Particle size distribution

Thermal expansion

(characteristics of Prl-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

IT Fuel cell electrolytes

(yttria-stabilized zirconia, reaction of, with cathodes; characteristics of Prl-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(Y2O3-stabilized, electrolyte; characteristics of Pr1-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

IT 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses

(ZrO2 stabilized with, electrolyte; characteristics of Pr1-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

IT 12362-87-7, Manganese praseodymium oxide MnPrO3 112510-20-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPrO.7SrO.3O3 144698-18-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPrO.9SrO.1O3 144698-21-5, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPrO.5SrO.5O3 171525-81-8, Calcium manganese praseodymium oxide CaO.3MnPrO.7O3 171610-86-9, Calcium manganese praseodymium oxide CaO.1MnPrO.9O3 173260-65-6, Calcium manganese praseodymium

oxide Ca0.5MnPr0.503 178861-68-2, Calcium manganese praseodymium oxide Ca0.7MnPr0.303 186338-08-9, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPr0.3Sr0.703

(characteristics of Pr1-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

ΙT 114168-16-0, Tz 8y

(electrolyte; characteristics of Pr1-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr)

as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

12165-18-3, Praseodymium zirconium oxide Pr2Zr2O7 ΙT

> (reaction product, with electrolyte; characteristics of Pr1-xMxMnO3 (M=Ca, Sr) as cathode material in solid oxide fuel cells)

REFERENCE COUNT:

ΙT

15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 34 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:9764 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:50629

TITLE: Stability of solid oxide fuel cell materials Armstrong, T. R.; Bates, J. L.; Coffey, G. W.; AUTHOR(S):

Pederson, L. R.; Raney, P. J.; Stevenson, J. W.;

Weber, W. J.; Zheng, F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland,

WA, 99352, USA

Oak Ridge National Laboratory, [Report] ORNL/FMP SOURCE:

(United States) (1996), ORNL/FMP-96/1,

Proceedings of the Tenth Annual Conference on

Fossil Energy Materials, 1996, 301-310

CODEN: ORFMEY

DOCUMENT TYPE: Report LANGUAGE: English EDEntered STN: 09 Jan 1998

AΒ Chromite interconnection materials in an SOFC are exposed to both highly oxidizing conditions at the cathode and to highly reducing conditions at the anode. Because such conditions could lead to component failure, we have evaluated thermal, elec., chemical, and structural stabilities of these materials as a function of temperature and oxygen partial pressure. The crystal lattice of the chromites was shown to expand for oxygen partial pressures smaller than 10-10 atm, which could lead to cracking and debonding in an SOFC. Highly substituted lanthanum chromite compns. were the most susceptible to lattice expansion; yttrium chromites showed better dimensional stability by more than a factor of two. New chromite compns. were developed that showed little tendency for lattice expansion under strongly reducing conditions, yet provided a good thermal expansion match to other fuel cell components. Use of these new chromite interconnect compns. should improve long-term SOFC performance, particularly for planar cell configurations. Thermodn. properties of substituted lanthanum manganite cathode compns. have been determined through measurement of electromotive force as a function of temperature Critical oxygen decomposition pressures for SR and Ca-substituted lanthanum manganites were established using cells based on a zirconium electrolyte. Strontium oxide and calcium oxide activities in a lanthanum manganite matrix were determined using cells based on strontium fluoride and calcium fluoride electrolytes, resp. The compositional range of single-phase behavior of these ABO3-type perovskites was established as a function of A/B cation ratios and the extent of acceptor doping. Before this work, very little thermodn. information was in existence for substituted manganite compns. Such information is needed to predict the long-term stability of solid oxide fuel cell assemblies.

64296-91-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide la0.5mnsr0.5o3

106390-66-3, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide la0.7mnsr0.3o3 108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide la0.8mnsr0.2o3

(substituted lanthanum and yttrium chromite stability as interconnects for solid oxide fuel cells)

RN 64296-91-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMn2SrO6) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		=+=	
0	l	6	ı	17778-80-2
Sr	1	1 .	i	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	. 2		7439-96-5
La	1	1	1	7439-91-0

RN 106390-66-3 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	    -+	Component Registry Number
	-+=====		=+==	
0 .	1	3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.3	1	7440-24-6
Mn		1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.7	1	7439-91-0

RN 108916-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component
	1			Registry Number
	==+==		===+=:	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.2	1	7440-24-6
Mn	Į	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.8	1	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide lamno3 12182-76-2, Chromium yttrium oxide cryo3 64296-91-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide la0.5mnsr0.5o3 106390-66-3, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide la0.7mnsr0.3o3 108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide la0.8mnsr0.2o3 140392-21-8, Calcium chromium cobalt yttrium oxide ca0.3cr0.8co0.2y0.7o3 140392-23-0, Calcium chromium yttrium oxide ca0.3cry0.7o3 200067-85-2

(substituted lanthanum and yttrium chromite stability as interconnects for solid oxide fuel cells)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 35 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:792670 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

12

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:107651

TITLE:

Physicochemical and electrochemical properties of the La0.6Sr0.4Mnl-x(Co, Ni)xO3 electrode

materials

AUTHOR(S): Tikhonova, L. A.; Zhuk, P. P.; Poluyan, A. F.;

Al'fer, S. A.; Vecher, A. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Research Institute of Physicochemical Problems,

Belarussian State University, Minsk, 220080,

Belarus

SOURCE: Russian Journal of Electrochemistry (Translation

of Elektrokhimiya) (1997), 33(11),

1236-1241

CODEN: RJELE3; ISSN: 1023-1935

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 19 Dec 1997

AΒ The structural, thermal, elec., and electrochem. properties of the electrode materials La0.6Sr0.4Mnl-x(Co,Ni)xO3 (x = 0-0.05) were studied. Adding transition metals in cubic perovskites raises the Mn4+ ion concentration from 49 to 57%. The manganite conductivity rises at room temperature from 250 to 700 S cm-1 at x = 0 and x = 0.02 Ni, resp. At 300-1100 K, all samples have metallic conduction; samples with x = 0.02 have the maximum conductivity. The coefficient of linear thermal expansion is virtually independent of the doping and varies in the region (13.9-14.6) + 10-6 K-1. In the temperature range 300 to 1100 K, changes in the resistance parameter of the interface between the electrode and solid electrolyte are of a semiconductor nature. The activation energy for conduction varies from 6.7 to 23.4 kJ mol-1. The min. magnitude of the resistance parameter is intrinsic to samples coated with manganite of the compns. corresponding x = 0.05. Increasing the electrode layer thickness from 20 to 100 mg cm-2 reduces the resistance parameter 2 to 20 times. The surface resistance of samples of compns. studied remains almost invariable at Po2 = 102-105 Pa. Introducing additives of transition metals in La0.6Sr0.4Mn03 reduces the polarization resistance of the gas-electrode-solid electrolyte interface. At 773-1073 K and 102-105 Pa, the min. values of the polarization resistance are intrinsic to electrode layers 50 mg cm-2 thick, containing 0.05 mol Co or Ni.

IT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
 (La0.6MnSr0.403)

(physicochem. and electrochem. properties of **electrode** material of)

RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	!	Component
	 ==+==:		 ===+=	Registry Number
0	i	3	i	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.4		7440-24-6
Mn	1.	1	1	7439-96-5
La	- 1	0.6	1	7439-91-0

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST physicochem lanthanum strontium transition metal oxide; electrochem lanthanum strontium transition metal oxide; electrode lanthanum strontium transition metal oxide; cond lanthanum strontium transition metal oxide; polarization lanthanum strontium transition metal oxide

IT Partial pressure

(elec. resistance of La0.6Sr0.4Mn1-x(Co)xO3 or La0.6Sr0.4Mn1-x(Ni)xO3 electrodes dependence on partial pressure of oxygen)

ΙT Electrodes (physicochem. and electrochem. properties of La0.6Sr0.4Mn1-x(Co)xO3 or La0.6Sr0.4Mn1-x(Ni)xO3) ΙT Electric conductivity Electric resistance Polarization resistance Thermal expansion (physicochem. and electrochem. properties of La0.6Sr0.4Mnl-x(Co)xO3 or La0.6Sr0.4Mn1-x(Ni)xO3 electrodes) ΙT 7782-44-7, Oxygen, properties (elec. resistance of La0.6Sr0.4Mnl-x(Co)xO3 or La0.6Sr0.4Mnlx(Ni)xO3 electrodes dependence on partial pressure of) ΙT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 123921-92-6, Lanthanum manganese nickel strontium (La0.6MnSr0.403) oxide (La0.6Mn0.98ni0.02Sr0.403) 123921-93-7, Lanthanum manganese nickel strontium oxide (La0.6Mn0.95ni0.05Sr0.403) 130679-99-1, Cobalt lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Co0.02La0.6Mn0.98Sr0.4O3) 201422-69-7 201422-68-6 201422-70-0 (physicochem. and electrochem. properties of electrode material of) REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L31 ANSWER 36 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:576427 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:266690 A study on the synthesis of Gd-doped CeO2 and TITLE: Sr-doped LaMnO3 powders and phase stability in their interface Jung, Seunghun; Kim, Namjin; Lee, Dikyol AUTHOR(S): Dep. of Mater. Sci. & Eng., Korea Univ., S. Korea CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: Yoop Hakhoechi (1997), 34(6), 652-658 CODEN: YPHJAP; ISSN: 0372-7807 PUBLISHER: Korean Ceramic Society DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Korean Entered STN: 10 Sep 1997 F.D AΒ The phase stability in the interface of Sr-doped LaMnO3(LSM)/Gd-doped CeO2(CGO) was examined in this study to check the feasibility of using LSM as the cathode material in a low-temperature SOFC (solid oxide fuel cell) using CGO as the electrolyte. For the purpose, CGO powders of Ce0.82Gd0.18O1.91 and two LSM powders having different compns., La0.9Sr0.1MnO3(LSM10) and LaO.5SrO.5MnO3(LSM50), were synthesized by the Pechini method. Then, specimens having the LSM/CGO interface were heat-treated at 1300°C for up to 3 days, and analyzed by XRD and STEM/EDX. Face-centered cubic CGO powders of less than 10 nm size were obtained by calcination of polymeric precursor formed in the process at 450°C. Higher calcination temperature of 700°C was necessary for monoclinic LSM10 and cubic LSM50 powders. LSM powders were coarser than CGO and observed to be  $50-100 \ \mathrm{nm}$ . No trace of LSM-CGO interaction product was found in the XRD pattern. Also it was known from the concentration profile in the vicinity of the interface that interdiffusion occurred over only a small penetration depth of .apprx.100 nm. ΙT 64296-91-9P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.5MnSr0.503 110781-51-6P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.9MnSr0.103 (powder; preparation and interface reaction of Gd-doped CeO2 and Sr-doped LaMnO3 powders)

Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMn2SrO6) (CA INDEX NAME)

64296-91-9 HCAPLUS

RN

CN

				10/713,969	•	
Component   Ratio				Component   Registry Number		
	O Sr Mn La		6 1 2 1	17778-80-2   7440-24-6   7439-96-5   7439-91-0		
	RN CN		-6 HCAPLUS manganese strontium	oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103)	(CA INDEX NAME)	
	Co	mponent	Ratio	Component   Registry Number		
	O Sr Mn La		3 0.1 1 0.9	17778-80-2   7440-24-6   7439-96-5   7439-91-0	· ·	
	CC	57-2 (Cera				
	IT.	Solid <b>ele</b> d (cerium	_	preparation and interfa	ce reaction of Gd-doped	
	ΙT	Cathodes (lantha	-	nate; preparation and i	nterface reaction of	
	ΙT	7440-54-21 (dopant	P, Gadolinium, prepar	ration paration and interface	reaction of	
	IT	7440-24-61 (dopant	P, Strontium, prepara E, lanthanum manganat	ation te powder; preparation		
	reaction of Gd-doped CeO2 and Sr-doped LaMnO3 powders)  IT 1306-38-3P, Cerium oxide (CeO2), preparation 12031-12-8P, Lanthanum manganese oxide (LaMnO3) 64296-91-9P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide LaO.5MnSrO.5O3 110781-51-6P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide LaO.9MnSrO.1O3 115927-77-0P, Cerium gadolinium oxide CeO.82GdO.18O1.91  (powder; preparation and interface reaction of Gd-doped CeO2 and Sr-doped LaMnO3 powders)					
	ACCE	ANSWER 37 SSION NUMBI MENT NUMBER E:	ER: 1997:56200 R: 127:236692 Behavior operovskite	of SrRul-xMexO3 (Me = Fes as supercapacitor ma	terials	
	AUTH	OR(S):	J.	M.; Guther, T. J.; Oes		
	CORPORATE SOURCE: Division 3: Energy Storage and Conversion, Center					

Division 3: Energy Storage and Conversion, Center CORPORATE SOURCE: for Solar Energy and Hydrogen Research Baden-Wuerttemberg, Ulm, D-89081, Germany SOURCE: Proceedings - Electrochemical Society ( 1997), 97-18(Batteries for Portable Applications and Electric Vehicles), 613-622 CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374 PUBLISHER: Electrochemical Society DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: 04 Sep 1997 Entered STN:

New perovskite type materials ABO3 were investigated for applications as supercapacitor active materials. The materials are alkaline earth ruthenates like SrRuO3. Specific capacitances up to 28 F/g for undoped SrRuO3, prepared at 500 °C, were measured. The replacement of ruthenium by other transition metal cations like cobalt, iron and manganese strongly influences the electrochem. properties. With increasing amount of dopants, especially cobalt and iron, the electrochem. stability window decreases. There is no evidence that cobalt and iron contribute to the redox processes, which deliver most of the capacitance in these materials. The manganese doped compds. show a different behavior. The manganese ions contribute to the redox processes and the capacitance is found to increase with increasing manganese doping while the stability window of the electrolyte remains nearly unchanged.

IT 195390-57-9, Manganese ruthenium strontium oxide
 (Mn0.1Ru0.9SrO3) 195390-58-0, Manganese ruthenium strontium
 oxide (Mn0.2Ru0.8SrO3) 195390-59-1, Manganese ruthenium
 strontium oxide (Mn0.3Ru0.7SrO3) 195390-60-4, Manganese
 ruthenium strontium oxide (Mn0.4Ru0.6SrO3)

(behavior of SrRul-xMexO3 perovskites as supercapacitor materials)

RN 195390-57-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese ruthenium strontium oxide (Mn0.1Ru0.9SrO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
==========	==+===		===+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1.	1	1	7440-24-6
Ru	- 1	0.9	1	7440-18-8
Mn	1	0.1	1	7439-96-5

RN 195390-58-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese ruthenium strontium oxide (Mn0.2Ru0.8SrO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=======================================	==+==		+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	1 .	1	7440-24-6
Ru	1	0.8	1	7440-18-8
Mn		0.2	1	7439-96-5

RN 195390-59-1 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese ruthenium strontium oxide (Mn0.3Ru0.7SrO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		====+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	1	1	7440-24-6
Ru	1	0.7	- 1	7440-18-8
Mn	1	0.3	1	7439 <b>-</b> 96-5

RN 195390-60-4 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese ruthenium strontium oxide (Mn0.4Ru0.6SrO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	- 1		1	Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
0 .	1	3	1	17778 <b>-</b> 80-2

```
Sr
                        1
                                            7440-24-6
Ru
                       0.6
                                            7440-18-8
                       0.4
                                            7439-96-5
Mn
CC
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
     Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
     122026-80-6, Cobalt ruthenium strontium oxide co0.2ru0.8sro3
IT
     195390-50-2, Iron ruthenium strontium oxide (Fe0.1Ru0.9SrO3)
     195390-51-3, Iron ruthenium strontium oxide (Fe0.2Ru0.8SrO3)
     195390-52-4, Iron ruthenium strontium oxide (Fe0.3Ru0.7SrO3)
     195390-53-5, Iron ruthenium strontium oxide (Fe0.4Ru0.6SrO3)
     195390-54-6, Cobalt ruthenium strontium oxide (Co0.1Ru0.9SrO3)
     195390-55-7, Cobalt ruthenium strontium oxide (Co0.3Ru0.7SrO3)
     195390-56-8, Cobalt ruthenium strontium oxide (Co0.4Ru0.6SrO3)
     195390-57-9, Manganese ruthenium strontium oxide
     (Mn0.1Ru0.9SrO3) 195390-58-0, Manganese ruthenium strontium
     oxide (Mn0.2Ru0.8SrO3) 195390-59-1, Manganese ruthenium
     strontium oxide (Mn0.3Ru0.7SrO3) 195390-60-4, Manganese
     ruthenium strontium oxide (Mn0.4Ru0.6SrO3)
        (behavior of SrRul-xMexO3 perovskites as supercapacitor materials)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                               RE FORMAT
L31 ANSWER 38 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         1997:461272 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         127:178747
TITLE:
                         Chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite
                         structures at the interface of the
                         electrolyte of a solid oxide fuel cell
                         (SOFC)
                         Kindermann, L.; Hilpert, K.; Nickel, H.
AUTHOR(S):
                         Institut Werkstoffe Energietechnik,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Forschungszentrum Julich G.m.b.H., Juelich,
                         D-52425, Germany
SOURCE:
                         Berichte des Forschungszentrums Juelich (
                         1997), Juel-3382, 1-129 pp.
                         CODEN: FJBEE5; ISSN: 0366-0885
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Report
LANGUAGE:
                         German
ED
     Entered STN: 23 Jul 1997
     For reducing the operation temperature of a solid oxide fuel cell from 1000°
AB
     to 850° the development of a new and advanced cathode material is a necessary
     demand. The investigation of the chemical stability and compatibility of a
     new material based on LaFeO3 was of main interest in the work. In addition
     the elec. properties and the thermal expansion coefficient of some selected
     compns. were investigated. Also expts. to determine the oxygen vacancy
     formation were carried out. Physicochem. compatibilities of different
     compns., (La0.6A0.4) zFe0.8Mo.2O3 (A = Sr, Ca; M = Cr, Mn, Co, Ni; z = 0.9,
     1.0) and (Lal-xSrx)zFel-yMnyO3 (x = 0-0.4; y = 0-1; z = 0.9, 0.95, 1.0), with
     the solid electrolyte zirconia-yttria (8 mol% Y2O3) were investigated. Powder
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mixts. of these perovskites were annealed at 1000°, 1100° and 1400° for time periods up to 3600 h in a high temperature furnace. After quenching, the samples were analyzed by XRD, SEM/EDX and TEM/EDX for identification of the reaction products. Inter-diffusion processes between the perovskite material and the electrolyte lead to the formation of new phases. High Sr content on A site lead to the formation of SrZrO3 whereas La2Zr2O7 was detected in powder mixts. With high La concentration Samples with Ca on A site and Co or Ni on B site showed the formation of a CaZrO3 phase while a garnet phase was observed

with M = Cr or Mn. In some cases also monoclinic zirconia was found. Some compns. showed no reaction products. Based on these results it was possible to work out different stability criteria for LaFeO3 based perovskites. Some suggestions were made concerning an **electrolyte** with a modified composition as well as different **dopants** namely Co, Zr or Ir.

RN 12186-38-8 HCAPLUS

CN Iron lanthanum manganese oxide (FeLa2MnO6) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    !	Ratio	  -  -	Component Registry Number
	==+==:	<b></b>	-+=	
0	1	6	1	17778-80-2
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5
La	- 1	. 2		7439-91-0
Fe	1	1 .		7439-89-6

RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
			T	
0	1 .	3		17778-80-2
Sr	1 .	0.4	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1 .	- 1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.6	1	7439-91-0

RN 108916-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	ļ 	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==	===========	==+=	
0	1	3	- 1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.2	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.8	1	. 7439-91-0

RN 133878-22-5 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.66MnSr0.2803) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=============
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Sr .	1	0.28	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1.	7439-96-5
La	1	0.66	7439-91-0

RN · 185147-84-6 HCAPLUS

CN Iron lanthanum manganese oxide (Fe0.2La0.95Mn0.803) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	.	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	=======================================
0		3	1	17778-80-2
Mn		0.8	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.95		7439-91-0
Fe	1	0.2		7439-89-6

RN 190204-02-5 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.71MnSr0.2403) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+==	
0	- 1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.24	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1		7439-96-5
La	1	0.71		7439-91-0

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
  - Section cross-reference(s): 57, 72.
- ST fuel cell cathode electrolyte chem compatibility;
  perovskite yttria zirconia electrolyte interface; lanthanum
  iron oxide fuel cell cathode; iridium doping
  perovskite fuel cell cathode
- IT Ceramics

#### Electrode-electrolyte interface

Fuel cell cathodes

Fuel cell electrolytes

Perovskite-type crystals

(chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite cathodes at interface of YSZ electrolyte of a solid oxide fuel cell)

IT Polarization resistance

Thermal expansion

(of LaFeO3-base perovskite fuel cell cathodes)

12022-43-4, Iron lanthanum oxide (FeLaO3) 12031-12-8, Lanthanum IT manganese oxide (LaMnO3) 12186-38-8, Iron lanthanum manganese oxide (Fe0.5LaMn0.503) 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) 108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) 109546-91-0, Iron lanthanum strontium oxide (FeLa0.8Sr0.203) 110641-92-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.7Mn0.8Sr0.303) 110758-52-6, Iron lanthanum strontium oxide (FeLa0.6Sr0.403) 120949-38-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.7Mn0.5Sr0.303) 133878-22-5, Lanthanum manganese 148595-66-8, Cobalt iron strontium oxide (La0.66MnSr0.2803) lanthanum strontium oxide (Co0.2Fe0.8La0.6Sr0.403) Calcium iron lanthanum manganese oxide (Ca0.4Fe0.8La0.6Mn0.2O3) 158307-84-7, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.6Mn0.2Sr0.403) 159423-43-5, Calcium cobalt iron lanthanum oxide (Ca0.4Co0.2Fe0.8La0.6O3) 164723-14-2, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.8Mn0.8Sr0.2O3) 166188-05-2, Calcium iron lanthanum nickel oxide (Ca0.4Fe0.8La0.6Ni0.2O3) 166188-06-3, Calcium

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iron lanthanum nickel oxide (Ca0.36Fe0.8La0.54Ni0.203)
Calcium chromium iron lanthanum oxide (Ca0.36Cr0.2Fe0.8La0.5403)
166188-08-5, Calcium iron lanthanum manganese oxide
(Ca0.36Fe0.8La0.54Mn0.203) 166188-09-6, Calcium cobalt iron
lanthanum oxide (Ca0.36Co0.2Fe0.8La0.54O3)
                                             177080-58-9, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.6Mn0.5Sr0.403)
184045-31-6, Chromium iron lanthanum strontium oxide
(Cr0.2Fe0.8La0.6Sr0.403)
                          184045-32-7, Iron lanthanum nickel
strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.6Ni0.2Sr0.4O3) 184045-33-8, Chromium iron
lanthanum strontium oxide (Cr0.2Fe0.8La0.54Sr0.3603)
                                                      184045-34-9,
Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.54Mn0.2Sr0.3603)
184045-35-0, Cobalt iron lanthanum strontium oxide
(Co0.2Fe0.8La0.54Sr0.3603)
                           184045-36-1, Iron lanthanum nickel
strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.54Ni0.2Sr0.36O3)
                                             184839-68-7, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.86Mn0.8Sr0.103)
184839-70-1, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.5La0.86Mn0.5Sr0.103)
                          184839-72-3, Iron lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.66Mn0.5Sr0.2803)
                                            185147-80-2, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.7Mn0.3Sr0.3O3)
185147-81-3, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.7La0.76Mn0.3Sr0.1903)
                           185147-82-4, Iron lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.72Mn0.5Sr0.1803)
                                             185147-83-5, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.76Mn0.8Sr0.1903)
185147-84-6, Iron lanthanum manganese oxide
(Fe0.2La0.95Mn0.803)
                       185147-85-7, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium
oxide (Fe0.7La0.86Mn0.3Sr0.103) 185147-86-8, Iron lanthanum
manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.66Mn0.3Sr0.2803)
                                                       185147-87-9,
Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.66Mn0.8Sr0.2803)
185147-88-0, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.7La0.63Mn0.3Sr0.2703)
                           185148-62-3, Iron lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.72Mn0.2Sr0.1803) 188425-10-7, Calcium
chromium iron lanthanum oxide (Ca0.4Cr0.2Fe0.8La0.603)
                                                        190203-97-5,
Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.63Mn0.5Sr0.2703)
190203-98-6, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.2La0.63Mn0.8Sr0.2703)
                             190203-99-7, Iron lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.81Mn0.8Sr0.1403)
                                             190204-00-3, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.71Mn0.8Sr0.2403)
190204-01-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.5La0.76Mn0.5Sr0.1403) 190204-02-5, Lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (La0.71MnSr0.2403)
                                   190204-03-6, Iron lanthanum
manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.1La0.71Mn0.9Sr0.2403)
                                                       191729-80-3,
Cobalt iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Co0.05Fe0.5La0.7Mn0.45Sr0.303)
                                  193412-94-1
                                               193412-95-2
              193412-97-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
193412-96-3
(Fe0.2La0.76Mn0.8Sr0.1403)
                           193412-98-5
                                           193412-99-6, Iron lanthanum
manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.76Mn0.5Sr0.1903)
                                                       193413-00-2
193413-01-3, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.2La0.9Mn0.8Sr0.103)
                          193413-02-4, Iron lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.9Mn0.5Sr0.103)
                                           193413-03-5, Iron lanthanum
manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.8Mn0.5Sr0.203)
                                                     193413-04-6, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.9Mn0.3Sr0.103)
193413-05-7, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.7La0.8Mn0.3Sr0.2O3) 193413-06-8, Iron lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.81Mn0.8Sr0.0903)
                                           193413-07-9, Iron
lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.81Mn0.5Sr0.0903)
193413-08-0, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
(Fe0.7La0.81Mn0.3Sr0.0903) 193413-09-1, Iron lanthanum manganese
                                           193413-10-4
                                                           193413-11-5
strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.72Mn0.3Sr0.1803)
193413-12-6
   (chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite cathodes
```

```
at interface of YSZ electrolyte of a solid oxide fuel
        cell)
IT
     7439-88-5, Iridium, uses
        (chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite cathodes
        at interface of YSZ electrolyte of a solid oxide fuel
ΙT
     64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide
        (chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite cathodes
        at interface of YSZ electrolyte of a solid oxide fuel
        cell)
     1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses
ΙT
        (yttria-stabilized; chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite
        cathodes at interface of YSZ electrolyte of a
        solid oxide fuel cell)
     1314-36-9, Yttria, uses
IT
        (zirconia containing; chemical compatibility of LaFeO3-base perovskite
        cathodes at interface of YSZ electrolyte of a
        solid oxide fuel cell)
L31 ANSWER 39 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1997:215197 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         127:20806
                         Electrical and microstructural characterization of
TITLE:
                         (La0.8Sr0.2) (Fe1-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2) (Mn1-
                         xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode
                         materials
                         Holc, Janez; Kuscer, Danjela; Hrovat, Marko;
AUTHOR (S):
                         Bernik, Slavko; Drago Kolar
                         Jozef Stefan Institute, University of Ljubljana,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Jamova 39, 61000, Ljubljana, Slovenia
SOURCE:
                         Solid State Ionics (1997), 95(3,4),
                         259-268
                         CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738
                         Elsevier
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
ED
     Entered STN: 02 Apr 1997
     The perovskites with nominal compns. (La0.8Sr0.2) (Fe1-xAlx)03 and
AΒ
      (La0.8Sr0.2) (Mn1-xAlx)03 (x from 0 to 0.94) were evaluated as possible solid
     oxide fuel cell (SOFC) cathodes. Cell parameters of solid solns. were
     calculated The elec. and microstructural characteristics and high temperature
     interactions with YSZ were studied. As compared with 'pure' perovskites,
     doping with strontium and aluminum decreases and increases their specific
     resistivity, resp. The incorporation of alumina and strontium oxide
     substantially reduces the sinterability resulting in a rather porous, fine
     grained microstructure. The reaction rate between perovskite materials and
     YSZ at high temps. is higher for lanthanum manganites than for lanthanum
     ferrites, and the partial exchange of cations on 'B' sites with aluminum
     decreases the reaction rate.
     84615-81-6, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (AlLa2MnO6)
TΤ
     108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     La0.8MnSr0.203 190664-72-3, Aluminum lanthanum manganese
     oxide (Al0.94La2Mn0.0603)
        (elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fe1-
        xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2) (Mn1-xAlx)03 as possible SOFC
        cathode materials)
     84615-81-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (AlLa2MnO6) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

1

Ratio

Component

Component ·

	 ===-+==-		1	Registry Number
0	; I	6	. <b></b>	17778-80 <b>-</b> 2
Mn	i	1	i	7439-96-5
La	i	2 .	i	7439-91-0
Al	i	1	i	. 7429-90-5

RN 108916-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	+		===+==	
0	1	3	}	1.7778-80-2
Sr	1	0.2	. 1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La		0.8	1	7439-91-0

RN 190664-72-3 HCAPLUS

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
==========	==+==		-====================================
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Mn	1	0.06	7439-96-5
La	1	2	7439-91-0
Al	1	0.94	7429-90-5

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell cathode elec microstructural characterization; lanthanum strontium iron aluminum oxide cathode; manganese lanthanum strontium aluminum oxide cathode
- IT Electric resistance

Fuel cell cathodes

Microstructure

X-ray spectra

(elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fel-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2)(Mn1-xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

12022-43-4, Iron lanthanum oxide FeLaO3 ΙT 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide LaMn03 84615-81-6, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (AlLa2MnO6) 108916-22-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.8MnSr0.203 109546-91-0, Iron lanthanum strontium 178493-65-7, Aluminum iron lanthanum oxide oxide FeLa0.8Sr0.203 Al0.5Fe0.5La03 190664-64-3, Aluminum iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Al0.3Fe0.7La0.8Sr0.2O3) 190664-65-4, Aluminum iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Al0.5Fe0.5La0.8Sr0.2O3) 190664-66-5, Aluminum iron lanthanum strontium oxide (Al0.94Fe0.06La0.8Sr0.203) 190664-67-6 190664-68-7 190664-69-8 190664-70-1, Aluminum iron lanthanum oxide (Al0.35Fe0.65LaO3) 190664-71-2, Aluminum iron lanthanum oxide (Al0.94Fe0.06LaO3) 190664-72-3, Aluminum lanthanum manganese oxide (Al0.94La2Mn0.0603)

(elec. and microstructural characterization of (La0.8Sr0.2)(Fel-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2)(Mnl-xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

IT 64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide

(electrolyte; elec. and microstructural characterization

of (La0.8Sr0.2) (Fel-xAlx)03 and (La0.8Sr0.2) (Mnl-xAlx)03 as possible SOFC cathode materials)

REFERENCE COUNT:

34

THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 40 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

1997:59929 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:133468

TITLE:

Characteristics of Prl-xMxMnO3(M=Ca, Sr) as a

cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell

AUTHOR(S):

Rim, Hyung-Ryul; Jeong, Soon-Ki; Lee, Ju-Seong Dept. Industrial Chemistry, Hanyang University,

Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea

SOURCE:

Kongop Hwahak (1996), 7(6), 1125-1131

CODEN: KOHWE9; ISSN: 1225-0112

PUBLISHER:

Korean Society of Industrial and Engineering

Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Korean

ED Entered STN: 27 Jan 1997

AB Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 were prepared for cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell. The characteristics such as the elec. conductivity and the cathodic overpotential were investigated as to doping contents. Also the reactivity with yttria stabilized zirconia of electrolyte, and the thermal expansion coefficient were studied. The prepared perovskite powder had the mean particle size of 2-5 μm, and the particle size and the surface area was out of relation to the doping content. When Ca doping amount of electrode material was 30 mol%, the elec. conductivity was the highest value of 266 S.cm-1 at 1000°, and also the polarization characteristics showed the best property. The reactivity between YSZ and Ca-doped PrMnO3 at 1200° for 100 h was lower than that between YSZ and Sr-doped PrMnO3. The thermal expansion coefficient of Pr0.7Ca0.3MnO3 was 1.19+10-5K-1 in the temperature range of 300-1000°, and this value was similar to that of YSZ, 1.15+10-5K-1.

112510-20-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.7Sr0.3O3) 144698-18-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.9Sr0.1O3) 144698-21-5, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.5Sr0.5O3) 186338-08-9, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.3Sr0.7O3) (characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMpO3 as a cathode

(characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 as a cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell)

RN 112510-20-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.7Sr0.3O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
	=+==		===+=	
0		3	1	17778-80-2
Sr		0.3	1	7440-24-6
Pr		0.7	1	7440-10-0
Mn	1	1	.	7439-96-5

RN 144698-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.9Sr0.103) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component		
	1	Registry	Number	
	+======================================	+========	=======	

0		3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.1	1	7440-24-6
Pr		0.9	1	7440-10-0
Mn	ľ	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 144698-21-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.5Sr0.503) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	+		
0	- 1	3 .	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.5	7440-24-6
Pr	1	0.5	7440-10-0
Mn .	ŀ	1	7439-96-5

RN 186338-08-9 HCAPLUS

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		+==	
0	- 1	3		17778-80-2
Sr	- 1	0.7	1	7440-24-6
Pr	- 1	0.3	1	7440-10-0
Mn	1	1		7439-96-5

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST cathode material solid oxide fuel cell; calcium praseodymium manganese oxide fuel cell; strontium praseodymium manganese oxide fuel cell
- IT Cathodic polarization

Electric conductivity

Fuel cell cathodes

Particle size

Thermal expansion

(characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 as a cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(Y2O3-stabilized, electrolyte; characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 as a cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses

(ZrO2 stabilized with, electrolyte; characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 as a cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell)

112510-20-0, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide
(MnPr0.7Sr0.3O3) 144698-18-0, Manganese praseodymium
strontium oxide (MnPr0.9Sr0.1O3) 144698-21-5, Manganese
praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.5Sr0.5O3) 171525-81-8, Calcium
manganese praseodymium oxide (Ca0.3MnPr0.7O3) 171610-86-9, Calcium
manganese praseodymium oxide (Ca0.1MnPr0.9O3) 173260-65-6, Calcium
manganese praseodymium oxide (Ca0.5MnPr0.5O3) 178861-68-2, Calcium
manganese praseodymium oxide (Ca0.7MnPr0.3O3) 186338-08-9,
Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.3Sr0.7O3)
(characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 as a cathode
material of solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide (electrolyte; characteristics of Ca or Sr-doped PrMnO3 as

a cathode material of solid oxide fuel cell)

L31 ANSWER 41 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:691572 HCAPLUS Full-text

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

06 60021

mama p

126:68031

TITLE:

Electric conductivity of Lal-xSrxFel-yMnyO3

materials

AUTHOR(S):

Gordes, P.; Christiansen, N.; Poulsen, F. W.;

Bouakaz, L.; Thomsen, K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Research and Development Laboratories, Lyngby,

DK-2800, Den.

SOURCE:

High Temperature Electrochemistry: Ceramics and Metals, Proceedings of the Risoe International Symposium on Materials Science, 17th, Roskilde,

Den., Sept. 2-6, 1996 (1996), 247-252. Editor(s): Poulsen, F. W. Risoe National

Laboratory: Roskilde, Den.

CODEN: 63PAA2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference

LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 1996

AB (La1-xSrx)sFe1-yMnyO3 perovskite compds. with s 0.9-1.0, x  $0-\le 0.4$  and y 0.2-0.8 were synthesized by drip pyrolysis. The four-point dc method was used to measure the electronic conductivity as a function of temperature, Sr doping, Fe/Mn and (La+Sr)/(Fe+Mn) ratios. High electronic conductivities of  $\le 126$  S/cm at  $1000^\circ$  in air were obtained for x = 0.30 and y = 0.80. The produced perovskite powders are suitable for SOFC cathode materials.

IT 185147-84-6, Iron lanthanum manganese oxide

(Fe0.2La0.95Mn0.803)

(elec. conductivity of Lal-xSrxFel-yMnyO3 materials)

RN 185147-84-6 HCAPLUS

CN Iron lanthanum manganese oxide (Fe0.2La0.95Mn0.803) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		===+=	
0	1	3		17778-80-2
Mn	1	'0.8	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.95	1	7439-91-0
Fe	1	0.2	1	7439-89-6

CC 76-1 (Electric Phenomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 52

110641-92-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.7Mn0.8Sr0.303 120949-38-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.7Mn0.5Sr0.303 158307-84-7, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.6Mn0.2Sr0.4O3 184045-34-9, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.54Mn0.2Sr0.3603 184839-68-7, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide 185147-80-2, Iron lanthanum manganese (Fe0.2La0.86Mn0.8Sr0.103) strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.7Mn0.3Sr0.3O3) 185147-81-3, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.76Mn0.3Sr0.1903) 185147-82-4, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.5La0.72Mn0.5Sr0.1803) 185147-83-5, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.76Mn0.8Sr0.1903) 185147-84-6, Iron lanthanum manganese oxide (Fe0.2La0.95Mn0.803) 185147-85-7, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.86Mn0.3Sr0.103) 185147-86-8,

Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.66Mn0.3Sr0.2803) 185147-87-9, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.2La0.66Mn0.8Sr0.2803) 185147-88-0, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.7La0.63Mn0.3Sr0.2703) 185148-62-3, Iron lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (Fe0.8La0.72Mn0.2Sr0.1803) (elec. conductivity of La1-xSrxFe1-yMnyO3 materials)

L31 ANSWER 42 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:673734 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:334203

TITLE:

Manufacture of lithium doped-α-

manganese dioxide for lithium battery

cathodes

INVENTOR(S):

Ooi, Kenta; Hyo, Ki; Kano, Hirobumi; Myai, Yoshitaka; Nakanaga, Takefumi; Tani, Masato

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kogyo Gijutsuin, Japan; Otsuka Kagaku Kk

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08239222	A	19960917	JP 1996-83262	. 19960311
	•		<	
JP 2835436	B2	19981214		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		·	JP 1996-83262	19960311
			<b>/</b>	

EDEntered STN: 14 Nov 1996

The title compds. are manufactured by ion exchanging proton of  $\alpha\textsc{-MnO2}\textsc{,}$  which AΒ is manufactured by treating Mn inorg. salts with LiMnO4, NaMnO4, and/or Mg(MnO4)2 in addition of  $\geq 4$  mol concentration of inorg. acids, with Li.

ΙT 10377-62-5, Magnesium permanganate

(manufacture of Li-doped  $\alpha$ -MnO2 for Li battery cathodes)

RN 10377-62-5 HCAPLUS

Permanganic acid (HMnO4), magnesium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

#### 1/2 Mg

ICM C01G045-00 IC ICS H01M004-50

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CC Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 49

STmanganese oxide lithium doping battery cathode

10101-50-5, Sodium permanganate 10377-62-5, Magnesium ΙT 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate 13453-79-7, Lithium permanganate permanganate

(manufacture of Li-doped  $\alpha$ -MnO2 for Li battery cathodes) L31 ANSWER 43 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:184779 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:237161 TITLE: Electrolyte preparation and characteristics of Lal-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell Rim, Hyung-Ryul; Lee, Ju-Seong AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. Industrial Chem., Hanyang Univ., Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea Kongop Hwahak (1996), 7(1), 9-17 SOURCE: CODEN: KOHWE9; ISSN: 1225-0112 PUBLISHER: Korean Society of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Korean Entered STN: 30 Mar 1996 AΒ Solid oxide electrolytes of 8 mol% YSZ (Y2O3 stabilized zirconia) were prepared at various sintering conditions and their ionic conductivities were measured. The highest ionic conductivity of 10-1 S.cm-1 was obtained when the sintering temperature was 1400° and the sintering time was 10 h. Also the cathode material, La1-xSrxMnO3, was prepared by solid state reaction method and the overpotential, elec. conductivity, and charge transfer resistance between cathode material and YSZ electrolyte were studied. It was found that the optimum doping content of Sr for La was 50 mol%. 12163-45-0, Manganese strontium oxide MnSrO3 ΙT

12163-45-0, Manganese strontium oxide MnSrO3
64296-91-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.5MnSr0.503
106390-66-3, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
La0.7MnSr0.3O3 110781-51-6, Lanthanum manganese strontium
oxide La0.9MnSr0.1O3 112593-63-2, Lanthanum manganese
strontium oxide La0.1MnSr0.9O3 112593-64-3, Lanthanum
manganese strontium oxide La0.3MnSr0.7O3

(cathodes; electrolyte preparation and

characteristics of Lal-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

RN 12163-45-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese strontium oxide (MnSrO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	1		1	Registry Number
========	==+==		===+=	
0 .	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	1	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 64296-91-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMn2SrO6) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
==========	। :=+===	=============	' :=+=	======================================
0	İ	6	İ	17778-80-2
Sr	ĺ	1	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	. 2	-	7439-96 <b>-</b> 5
La	1	1	ļ	7439-91-0

RN 106390-66-3 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component | Ratio | Component

RN 110781-51-6 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    +	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	<b>-</b>		T==
0	- 1	3	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.1	7440-24-6
Mn	٠ ١	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.9	7439-91-0

RN 112593-63-2 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.1MnSr0.903) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	I	Ratio	1	Component
	ŀ		1	Registry Number
	==+==		+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.9	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	- 1	0.1		7439-91-0

RN 112593-64-3 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.3MnSr0.703) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component Registry Number
	==+==:		-======================================
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.7	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5
Ĺa	1	0.3	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST fuel cell yttria stabilized zirconia **electrolyte**; lanthanum strontium manganite **cathode** fuel cell

IT Fuel-cell electrolytes

(Y2O3 stabilized zirconia; electrolyte preparation and characteristics of La1-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT Electric conductivity and conduction

(electrolyte preparation and characteristics of Lal-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 12031-12-8, Lanthanum manganese oxide LaMnO3 12163-45-0,
 Manganese strontium oxide MnSrO3 64296-91-9, Lanthanum
 manganese strontium oxide La0.5MnSr0.503 106390-66-3,
 Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.7MnSr0.303 110781-51-6
 , Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide La0.9MnSr0.103
 112593-63-2, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
 La0.1MnSr0.903 112593-64-3, Lanthanum manganese strontium
 oxide La0.3MnSr0.703

(cathodes; electrolyte preparation and

characteristics of Lal-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 114168-16-0, Yttrium zirconium oxide (Y0.16Zr0.9202.08)

(electrolyte; electrolyte preparation and

characteristics of Lal-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(yttria-stabilized, electrolyte; electrolyte

preparation and characteristics of Lal-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

IT 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses

(zirconia stabilized with, electrolyte;

electrolyte preparation and characteristics of La1-xSrxMnO3 for solid oxide fuel cell)

L31 ANSWER 44 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:121119 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:150873

TITLE:

Weakly doped manganese dioxide

for use in positive electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary

batteries comprising the positive

electrodes

INVENTOR(S):

Delmas, Claude; Capitaine, Francois

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bollore Technologies, Fr.

SOURCE:

Fr. Demande, 21 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2718728	A1	19951020	FR 1994-4453	19940414
ED 0210200	<b>D</b> 1	10060710	<	
FR 2718728	B1	19960712	ED 1004 4452	19940414
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1994-4453	19940414

ED Entered STN: 28 Feb 1996

AB The MnO2 is doped with an atom A capable of improving the kinetics of diffusion and the reversibility of the insertion of Li, in A/Mn ratio ≤0.12 (excluding V-doped MnO2) and having discharge capacity <60 A.h/kg at final discharge voltage 1.8 V. The doped MnO2 is obtained by mixing a solution of a Mn compound under oxidizing conditions and in stoichiometric ratio with an A-containing compound, evaporating the liquid, and heat-treating the residue in O at 25-500°. The A-containing compound is selected from ≥1 of V, W, Mo, and Nb compds, e.g., V2O5, NH4VO3, and MoO3, and the Mn compound is Mn(NO3)2.

IT 173721-29-4P, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.95V0.0501.9-2.2)

173721-30-7P, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.99V0.0101.9-2.2)

(weakly doped manganese dioxide for use as pos.

electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary

batteries comprising the pos. electrodes)

RN 173721-29-4 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.95V0.0501.9-2.2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
==========	==+==		==+==	
0		1.9 - 2.2	1	17778-80-2
V	1	0.05	1	7440-62-2
Mn	1	0.95	1	7439 <b>-</b> 96-5

```
RN
    173721-30-7 HCAPLUS
CN
    Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.99V0.0101.9-2.2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
  Component
                     Ratio
                                  Component
                                  | Registry Number
   1.9 - 2.2
                                1
                                      17778-80-2
0
                                         7440-62-2
V
                     0.01
                                 . |
Mn
                      0.99
                                          7439-96-5
                                 ICM C01G045-02
IC
     ICS H01M004-50; H01M004-26
CC
    52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
     Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 49
ST
     lithium ion secondary battery pos electrode;
     dopant manganese dioxide pos electrode;
     vanadium pentoxide dopant manganese nitrate;
     ammonium vanadate dopant manganese nitrate;
    molybdenum trioxide dopant manganese nitrate;
     tungsten dopant manganese nitrate
IT
     Polymers, uses
        (solid electrolytes; weakly doped
        manganese dioxide for use as pos. electrodes, its
       manufacture, and lithium ion secondary batteries comprising
        the pos. electrodes)
ΙT
    Batteries, secondary
        (weakly doped manganese dioxide for use as pos.
        electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary
       batteries comprising the pos. electrodes)
IT
    Cathodes
        (battery, weakly doped manganese
        dioxide for use as pos. electrodes, its manufacture, and
        lithium ion secondary batteries comprising the pos.
        electrodes)
ΙT
    Electrolytes
        (solid, polymers; weakly doped manganese
        dioxide for use as pos. electrodes, its manufacture, and
        lithium ion secondary batteries comprising the pos.
        electrodes)
    7440-33-7D, Tungsten, compds.
ΙT
        (dopants; weakly doped manganese
        dioxide for use as pos. electrodes, its manufacture, and
        lithium ion secondary batteries comprising the pos.
        electrodes)
ΙT
     1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation
        (weakly doped manganese dioxide for use as pos.
        electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary
        batteries comprising the pos. electrodes)
ΙT
     173721-29-4P, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.95V0.0501.9-2.2)
     173721-30-7P, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.99V0.0101.9-2.2)
        (weakly doped manganese dioxide for use as pos.
        electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary
       batteries comprising the pos. electrodes)
     1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses
IT
        (weakly doped manganese dioxide for use as pos.
        electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary
       batteries comprising the pos. electrodes)
     1313-27-5, Molybdenum trioxide, processes 7803-55-6, Ammonium
```

vanadate 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate (weakly doped manganese dioxide for use as pos.

electrodes, its manufacture, and lithium ion secondary
batteries comprising the pos. electrodes)

L31 ANSWER 45 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:950102 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:17438

TITLE: Oxygen ion transport and electrode

properties of La(Sr)MnO3

AUTHOR(S): Kharton, V. V.; Nikolaev, A. V.; Naumovich, E. N.;

Vecher, A. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Physico-Chemical Problems, Belarus

State University, 14 Leningradsky Str., 220080,

Minsk, Belarus

SOURCE: Solid State Ionics (1995), 81(3,4),

201-9

CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 29 Nov 1995

Cathodic polarization of LaxSryMnO3 (x = 0.3-0.6; y = 0.3-0.5) electrodes, doped by the sintering agents Bi2O3, PbO, Sb2O3, CuO, or Bi2CuO4, on a zirconia solid electrolyte was studied. The electrochem. activity of La0.6Sr0.4MnO3 electrodes with sintering agent®Bi2CuO4 is the highest among the solid solns. based on La(Sr)MnO3. The pos. effect of the bismuth cuprate addition is ascribed to the sufficiently high mixed ionic and electronic conductivity of Bi2CuO4. The obtained results were characterized by the absence of a direct correlation between the electrochem. parameters of the electrode layers and oxygen permeability of the manganite ceramics. Oxygen transport through the manganite ceramics is limited by the sorption on ceramics surface.

IT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
 (La0.6MnSr0.403)

(electrochem. activity of La0.6Sr0.4MnO3 electrodes doped by sintering with various oxides)

RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    !	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		+=	
0	- 1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	- 1	0.4		7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	.0.6	1	7439-91-0

64296-91-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.503) 166188-02-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.403) 166188-03-0, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.303) 166188-04-1, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.3MnSr0.503)

(electrode properties of)

RN 64296-91-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMn2SrO6) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Compor	ent
-			1	Registry	Number

0	1	6		17778-80-2
Sr	1	1		7440-24-6
Mn	1 .	2	1	7439-96-5
T <sub>r</sub> a	ı	1	1	7439-91-0

RN 166188-02-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.4O3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
==========	=+==	=======================================	+=:	
0	1	. 3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.4		7440-24-6
Mn		1		7439-96-5
La	1	0.5		7439-91-0

RN 166188-03-0 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.303) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		. 1	Registry Number
	==+==		====+=	
0	I	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	ļ	0.3	1	7440-24-6
Mn	ł	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.5		7439-91-0

RN 166188-04-1 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.3MnSr0.503) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    1	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
0			- <b>-</b>	17770 00 2
	i	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.5	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.3	1	7439-91-0

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 66, 75, 76

ST lanthanum strontium oxide electrode oxygen transport; bismuth oxide sintering lanthanum strontium oxide; lead oxide sintering lanthanum strontium oxide; antimony oxide sintering lanthanum strontium oxide; copper oxide sintering lanthanum strontium oxide; cuprate bismuth sintering lanthanum strontium oxide

IT Electrodes

(lanthanum strontium manganese oxide electrodes doped by sintering)

IT Electric conductivity and conduction

(of bismuth cuprate and doping of lanthanum strontium manganese oxide by sintering with bismuth cuprate)

IT Permeability and Permeation

(of oxygen by lanthanum strontium manganese oxide electrodes)

IT Electrolytic polarization

(cathodic, of lanthanum strontium manganese
oxide electrodes doped by sintering)

IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi203), properties 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide (Sb2O3), properties 1317-36-8, Lead oxide (PbO), properties 1317-38-0, Cupric oxide, properties 39368-32-6, Bismuth copper oxide (Bi2CuO4) (electrochem. activity of La0.6Sr0.4MnO3 electrodes doped by sintering with) IT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (electrochem. activity of La0.6Sr0.4MnO3 electrodes doped by sintering with various oxides) ΙT 64296-91-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaO.5MnSr0.503) 166188-02-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.403) 166188-03-0, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaO.5MnSrO.3O3) 166188-04-1, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.3MnSr0.503) (electrode properties of) 16833-27-5, Oxide IT (oxygen ion transport and electrode properties of lanthanum strontium manganese oxide) IT7782-44-7, Oxygen, properties (permeation by lanthanum strontium manganese oxide electrodes) L31 ANSWER 46 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1995:570571 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:318609 TITLE: Doped PrMnO3 perovskite oxide as a new cathode of solid oxide fuel cells for low temperature operation AUTHOR(S): Ishihara, Tatsumi; Kudo, Takanari; Matsuda, Hideaki; Takita, Yusaku CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Appl. Chem., Fac. Eng., Oita Univ., Oita, 870-11, Japan Journal of the Electrochemical Society ( SOURCE: 1995), 142(5), 1519-24 CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651 PUBLISHER: Electrochemical Society DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English 24 May 1995 ED Entered STN: Cathodic overpotentials of Ln0.6Sr0.4Mn03 (Ln = La, Pr, Nd, Sm, Gd, Yb, and Y) AB were studied for a new cathode of solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC). Cathodic overpotentials as well as the elec. conductivity strongly depended on the rare earth cations used for the A sites of perovskite oxide. Strontium doped PrMnO3 exhibited the highest elec. conductivity among the examined perovskite oxide containing Mn for B sites. Moreover, overpotentials of Sr-doped PrMnO3 cathode maintained low values in spite of decreasing the operating temperature Consequently, almost the same power d. of SOFC with La0.6Sr0.4MnO3 cathode can be obtained at about 100 K lower operating temperature by using Sr-doped PrMnO3 as the cathode. The overpotentials and elec. conductivity decreased and increased with increasing the amount of Sr dopant in PrMnO3, resp., and the lowest overpotential was attained at x = 0.4 in Pr1-xSrxMnO3. Comparing with La0.6Sr0.4MnO3 oxide, the reactivity of Pr0.6Sr0.4MnO3 with Y2O3stabilized ZrO2 is much less than that of LaO.6SrO.4MnO3 and furthermore, the matching of thermal expansion of Pr0.6Sr0.4Mn03 with Y2O3-ZrO2 was satisfactorily high. Therefore, perovskite oxide of Pr0.6Sr0.4Mn03 has a great possibility of the cathode materials for decreasing the operating

IT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
La0.6MnSr0.4o3 129208-48-6, Barium manganese praseodymium

temperature of solid oxide fuel cells.

oxide Ba0.4MnPr0.6o3 144698-20-4, Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide MnPr0.6Sr0.4o3 152825-24-6, Manganese neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.6Sr0.4o3 156248-17-8, Manganese samarium strontium oxide MnSm0.6Sr0.4o3 156248-18-9, Gadolinium Manganese strontium oxide Gd0.6MnSr0.4o3 156248-19-0, Manganese strontium ytterbium oxide MnSr0.4Yb0.6o3 156248-20-3, Manganese strontium yttrium oxide MnSr0.4Yb0.6o3

(doped PrMnO3 perovskite oxide as a new **cathode** of solid oxide fuel cells for low temperature operation)

RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	·	Component Registry Number
	+		+	
0	ŀ	. 3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.4	1	7440-24-6
Mn	ŀ	1	1	. 7439-96-5
La	1	0.6		7439-91-0

RN 129208-48-6 HCAPLUS

CN Barium manganese praseodymium oxide (Ba0.4MnPr0.603) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
==========	==+==:		====+=	
0	1	3	- 1	17778-80-2
Ва	1	0.4	.	7440-39-3
Pr	1	0.6	1	7440-10-0
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 144698-20-4 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese praseodymium strontium oxide (MnPr0.6Sr0.4O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	~ <del>1</del>	Ratio	Component Registry Number
=========	==+=		-======================================
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Sr	ŧ	.0 . 4	7440-24-6
Pr	1	0.6	7440-10-0
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 152825-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese neodymium strontium oxide (MnNd0.6Sr0.4O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
==========		
0	3	17778-80-2
Sr	0.4	7440-24-6
Nd .	0.6	7440-00-8
Mn	1 1	7439-96-5

RN 156248-17-8 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese samarium strontium oxide (MnSm0.6Sr0.4O3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component | Ratio | Component

			R	egistry Number
	т			
0 .		3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.4	1	7440-24-6
Sm	1	0.6	1	7440-19-9
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 156248-18-9 HCAPLUS

CN Gadolinium manganese strontium oxide (Gd0.6MnSr0.403) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	+===		-==+=	======================================
0	I	3	1	17778-80-2
Gd	į	0.6	1	7440-54-2
Sr	- 1	0.4	- 1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 156248-19-0 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese strontium ytterbium oxide (MnSr0.4Yb0.6O3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	==+==:		===+============
0	- 1	. 3	17778-80-2
Yb	- 1	0.6	7440-64-4
Sr	1	0.4	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 156248-20-3 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese strontium yttrium oxide (MnSr0.4Y0.603) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	+		+-	
0	- 1	3		17778-80-2
Y	- 1	0.6	1	7440-65-5
Sr	- 1	0.4	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 72

- fuel cell cathode perovskite oxide
- IT Electric conductivity and conduction

(doped PrMnO3 perovskite oxide as a new cathode of solid oxide fuel cells for low temperature operation)

IT Cathodes

ST

(fuel-cell, doped PrMnO3 perovskite oxide as a new cathode of solid oxide fuel cells for low temperature operation)

IT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
La0.6MnSr0.4o3 125862-02-4, Calcium manganese praseodymium oxide
Ca0.4MnPr0.6o3 129208-48-6, Barium manganese praseodymium
oxide Ba0.4MnPr0.6o3 144698-20-4, Manganese praseodymium
strontium oxide MnPr0.6Sr0.4o3 152825-24-6, Manganese
neodymium strontium oxide MnNd0.6Sr0.4o3 156248-17-8,
Manganese samarium strontium oxide MnSm0.6Sr0.4o3 156248-18-9
, Gadolinium Manganese strontium oxide Gd0.6MnSr0.4o3

156248-19-0, Manganese strontium ytterbium oxide MnSr0.4Yb0.603 156248-20-3, Manganese strontium yttrium oxide MnSr0.4Y0.603

(doped PrMnO3 perovskite oxide as a new cathode of solid oxide fuel cells for low temperature operation)

IT 64417-98-7, Yttrium zirconium oxide 114168-16-0, Tz 8y (electrolyte; doped PrMnO3 perovskite oxide as a new

cathode of solid oxide fuel cells for low temperature operation)

L31 ANSWER 47 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:551907 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:68535

TITLE: The improvements of the solid oxide steam

electrolysis cell components

AUTHOR(S): Koshiro, Ikumasa; Miyamoto, Hitoshi; Sumi, Masao;

Mori, Kazutaka

CORPORATE SOURCE: Takasago R&D Center, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries

Ltd., Takasago, 676, Japan

SOURCE: Hydrogen Energy Prog. X, Proc. World Hydrogen

Energy Conf., 10th (1994), Volume 1,

695-701. Editor(s): Block, David L.; Veziroglu, T. Nejat. Fla. Sol. Energy Cent.: Cape Canaveral,

Fla.

CODEN: 61FXA7
Conference

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 17 May 1995

The mechanism of the degradation of the Solid Oxide Steam Electrolysis Cell (SOE) components and their countermeasures are discussed. Two major degradation phenomena were faced in SOE. One was an intergranular degradation of yttria-stabilized zirconia (YSZ). The other was a peeling-off phenomenon of the LSM (LaSrMnO3) anode from YSZ during electrolysis. The YSZ degradation was caused from a reduction of SiO2, which was 1 of the minor impurities contained in YSZ. Because this degradation occurred at a cathodic potential of less than -1.4V (vs. air), the development of a higher performance cathode was needed. The authors overcame this problem by making a mixed conductive thin film layer over the cathode side. The YSZ surface was doped with Cebased materials. The increase of the anode overpotential was observed soon after starting SOE operation. Finally, the anode peeled off at the electrode/electrolyte boundary. This phenomenon was caused from La2Zr2O7 generation at the LSM/YSZ boundary during electrolysis. By increasing the amount of Sr doping in LSM, the anode detachment from YSZ could be prevented.

IT 141067-82-5, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMnSrO3)

(peeling off of LSM anode from yttria-stabilized zirconia during electrolysis)

141067-82-5 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMnSrO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
	=+==	:=====================================	+=	
0		3		17778-80-2
Sr	1	1	1	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1	1	7439 <b>-</b> 96-5
La		1	1	7439-91-0

- CC 72-9 (Electrochemistry)
- IT Electrolytic cells

(improvements of solid oxide steam electrolysis cell components)

IT 1314-36-9, Yttrium sesquioxide, uses

(peeling off of LSM anode from yttria-stabilized zirconia during electrolysis)

IT 141067-82-5, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMnSrO3) (peeling off of LSM anode from yttria-stabilized zirconia during electrolysis)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(yttria-stabilized; peeling off of LSM anode from yttria-stabilized zirconia during electrolysis)

L31 ANSWER 48 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:546435 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:42991

TITLE:

Effect of Bi-doping on the

electrochemical behavior of layered MnO2 as

lithium intercalation compound

AUTHOR(S):

Bach, Stephane; Pereira-Ramos, Jean-Pierre;

Cachet, Christine; Bode, Mohammad; Yu, Liang Tse

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Electrochimie, Catalyse Synthese Organique,

Thiais, 94320, Fr.

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

Electrochimica Acta (1995), 40(6), 785-9

CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Elsevier Journal English

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1995

Electrochem. lithium insertion into layered MnO2 forms containing bismuth is AΒ reported. A low temperature technique based on a slow copptn. in acidic medium in the presence of KMnO4 and a bismuth(III) salt is applied, leading to amorphous MnO2 forms. A chronopotentiometric study showed that the lithium insertion process occurs in one step located at 3 V and is reversible in the whole range 0 < x < 0.8. The influence of the bismuth and water content on the galvanostatic cycling curves was studied. These results are discussed and compared with the electrochem. behavior of the sol-gel birnessite MnO1.84.nH2O. The best results were obtained for the lowest Bi content with a high specific capacity of 120 Ah kg-1 recovered after the 50th cycle at a discharge-charge rate of C/8, while the lower the water content, the poorer the cycling behavior. From the better reversible behavior found for the Bidoped MnO2 structure in comparison with the sol-gel birnessite compound, one can suggest that a pillaring effect due to interlayer Bi3+ ions minimizes the magnitude of structural changes.

IT 164144-55-2 164144-57-4

(electrochem. reduction in propylene carbonate containing lithium perchlorate)

RN 164144-55-2 HCAPLUS

CN Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.15MnO2.16), hydrate (20:19) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 164144-54-1 CMF Bi . Mn . O

CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 17778-80-2

CMF O

0

CM 3

CRN 7440-69-9

CMF Bi

Вi

CM

CRN. 7439-96-5

CMF Mn

Mn

RN 164144-57-4 HCAPLUS

CN Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.27MnO2.34), hydrate (5:4) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 164144-56-3

CMF Bi . Mn . O

CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 17778-80-2

CMF O

CM 3

CRN 7440-69-9

CMF Bi

Вi

0

CM

CRN 7439-96-5

CMF Mn

Mn

IT 164144-52-9

> (electrochem. reduction in propylene carbonate containing lithium perchlorate and crystal structure and thermal decomposition of)

164144-52-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.1MnO2.11), hydrate (25:24) (9CI) INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 163932-04-5 CMF Bi . Mn . O

CCI ŢIS

> CM2

CRN 17778-80-2

CMF

CM 3

7440-69-9 CRN

CMF Вi

Вi

CM

7439-96-5 CRN

CMF Mn Mn

```
IT 163932-04-5P, Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.1MnO2.11) 164144-53-0P
```

(preparation by thermal decomposition and electrochem. cycling in propylene carbonate containing lithium perchlorate)

RN 163932-04-5 HCAPLUS

CN Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.1MnO2.11) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1	•	1	Registry Number
===========	==+==:		===+=:	
0		2.11	1	17778-80-2
Bi	İ	0.1	1	7440-69-9
Mn		1	-	7439-96-5

RN 164144-53-0 HCAPLUS

CN Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.1MnO2.11), hydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 163932-04-5 CMF Bi . Mn . O CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 17778-80-2

CMF O

0

CM 3

CRN 7440-69-9

CMF Bi

Вi

CM 4

CRN 7439-96-5

CMF Mn

Mn

```
CC
     72-2 (Electrochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 75, 78
ST
     lithium electrointercalation bismuth doped manganese
     oxide; intercalation electrochem lithium manganese oxide
TT
     Cathodes
        (battery, bismuth-doped manganese oxide)
TΤ
     164144-55-2 164144-57-4
        (electrochem. reduction in propylene carbonate containing lithium
        perchlorate)
     164144-52-9
ΙT
        (electrochem. reduction in propylene carbonate containing lithium
        perchlorate and crystal structure and thermal decomposition of)
ΙT
     163932-04-5P, Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0.1Mn02.11)
        (preparation by thermal decomposition and electrochem. cycling in propylene
        carbonate containing lithium perchlorate)
L31 ANSWER 49 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1994:513258 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         121:113258
TITLE:
                         Selection, fabrication and properties of
                         electrodes used in high temperature solid
                         oxide fuel cells
                         Sammes, N. M.; Phillipps, M. B.
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Cent. Technol., Univ. Waikato, Hamilton, 3105, N.
                         Ζ.
SOURCE:
                         Sci. Technol. Zirconia V, [Int. Conf.], 5th (
                         1993), Meeting Date 1992, 742-51
                         CODEN: 59UVAJ
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Conference
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 03 Sep 1994
AB
     This paper describes the fuel-cell electrode fabrication and properties as a
     function of their chemical and phys. compatibility and conductivity A series
     of Lal-xSrxMnO3 cathodes were synthesized using a fabrication technique which
     involved the formation of a polymer precursor. Excellent adherence of
     electrodes was found, even for relatively high dopant levels. A series of
     Ni/Y2O3-stabilized ZrO2 cermets were investigated as anodes as a function of
     their Ni loading and compatibility with the electrolyte. A single cell was
     fabricated using the above electrodes and Y2O3-doped fully stabilized ZrO2 as
     the electrolyte.
     64296-91-9P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (LaO.5MnSrO.5O3) 106390-66-3P, Lanthanum manganese strontium
     oxide (LaO.7MnSrO.3O3) 108916-21-8P, Lanthanum manganese
     strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) 108916-22-9P, Lanthanum
     manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) 110781-51-6P,
     Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103)
        (cathodes, manufacture and properties of, for solid-oxide fuel
RN
     64296-91-9 HCAPLUS
     Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMn2SrO6)
                                                     (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
  Component
```

Registry Number

-

0		6		17778-80-2
Sr	.	1	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	2	1	7439-96-5
La		1	1	7439-91-0

RN 106390-66-3 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	Component
	-		Registry Number
==========	=+==		+=============
0 .	Ì	3	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.3	7440-24-6
Mn		1	7439-96-5
La	- 1	0.7	7439-91-0

RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	Component Registry Number
	==+==		
0		3	17778-80-2
Sr	١.	0.4	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1 .	7439-96-5
La	1	0.6	7439-91-0

RN 108916-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+===		+	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.2	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.8	1	7439-91-0

RN 110781-51-6 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	-	Ratio		Component
	1		. 1	Registry Number
=========	==+==	==========	===+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.1	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.9	ŀ	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy

Technology)

ST lanthanum strontium manganese oxide cathode manuf; nickel yttrium zirconium oxide anode manuf; solid oxide fuel cell manuf

IT Cathodes

(fuel-cell, lanthanum manganese strontium oxide, manufacture and properties of)

IT Anodes

(fuel-cell, nickel/yttrium zirconium oxide cermet, manufacture and properties of)

```
ΙT
     Fuel cells
        (solid-state, with yttria-stabilized zirconia electrolyte
        , manufacture of)
ΙT
     143107-06-6P
        (anodes, manufacture and properties of, for solid-oxide fuel
ΙT
     1314-11-0P
        (cathodes, fuel-cell, lanthanum manganese strontium
        oxide, manufacture and properties of)
IT
     12031-12-8P, Lanthanum manganese oxide (LaMnO3) 64296-91-9P,
     Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.5MnSr0.503)
     106390-66-3P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (La0.7MnSr0.303) 108916-21-8P, Lanthanum manganese strontium
     oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) 108916-22-9P, Lanthanum manganese
     strontium oxide (La0.8MnSr0.203) 110781-51-6P, Lanthanum
     manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103)
        (cathodes, manufacture and properties of, for solid-oxide fuel
        cells)
IT
     114168-16-0P, Yttrium zirconium oxide (Y0.16Zr0.9202.08)
        (electrolyte, solid-oxide fuel cells with, manufacture of)
IT
     1314-23-4P, Zirconia, uses
        (yttria-stabilized, electrolyte, solid-oxide fuel cells
        with, manufacture of)
     1314-36-9P, Yttria, uses
IΤ
        (zirconia stabilized with, electrolyte, solid-oxide fuel
        cells with, manufacture of)
L31 ANSWER 50 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         1994:327486 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         120:327486
TITLE:
                         Oxygen pumping characteristics of oxide ion
                         electrolytes at low temperatures
                         Doshi, R.; Shen, Y.; Alcock, C. B.
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Cent. Sensor Mater., Univ. Notre Dame, Notre Dame,
                         IN, 46556, USA
SOURCE:
                         Solid State Ionics (1994), 68(1-2),
                         133 - 7
                         CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 25 Jun 1994
ED
     Electrochem. O pumping was used to study O transport characteristics of oxide
AB
     ceramics for electrolytes and electrodes of fuel cells. The O transference
     number was measured as the volume change using a liquid column in a capillary.
     The electrolyte ceramics studied were 10 mol% Ca doped CeO2 and 20 mol% Sr
     doped Bi2O3. The electrode materials were Pt, Pd/Au and ceramic
     La0.7Sr0.3MnO3-\delta, La0.5Sr0.5MnO3-\delta, and La0.7Sr0.3FeO3-\delta perovskites. The
     manganite perovskite electrode performance was comparable to Pt at 700° in
     both electrolytes. The Bi203 electrolyte was reduced to metal on the cathode
     side at high current densities.
ΙT
     64296-91-9D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (LaO.5MnSrO.503), oxygen-deficient 106390-66-3D, Lanthanum
     manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303), oxygen-deficient
        (ceramic, oxygen transport parameters in perovskite, for fuel cell
        electrodes)
     64296-91-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (LaMn2SrO6) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
                      Ratio
                                          Component
  Component
              1
                                       Registry Number
```

```
0
                       6 · .|
                                         17778-80-2
                      1 !
Sr
                                        7440-24-6
Mn
                       2
                                         7439-96-5
                                 7439-91-0
La
                                 - 1
    106390-66-3 HCAPLUS
RN
    Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
  Component
                    Ratio
                                 Component
                                 | Registry Number
      3
                                | 17778-80-2
                      0.3
Sr
                                7440-24-6
Mn
                     1
                                 1
                                         7439-96-5
La
                      0.7
                                 7439-91-0
CC
    52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
    Technology)
    Section cross-reference(s): 57, 72
    oxygen pumping transport oxide electrolyte; manganite
ST
    perovskite electrode oxygen transport
ΙT
    Fuel-cell electrolytes
       (ceria and bismuth oxide for, oxygen transport and ionic
       transference number in)
    Electrodes
IT
       (fuel-cell, lanthanum manganite perovskites for, oxygen transport
       in, measurement of)
ΙT
    64296-91-9D, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (La0.5MnSr0.503), oxygen-deficient 106390-66-3D, Lanthanum
    manganese strontium oxide (La0.7MnSr0.303), oxygen-deficient
    107121-72-2D, Iron lanthanum strontium oxide (FeLa0.7Sr0.3O3),
    oxygen-deficient
        (ceramic, oxygen transport parameters in perovskite, for fuel cell
       electrodes)
ΙT
    7440-24-6, Strontium, uses
        (dopant, bismuth oxide electrolyte containing,
       oxygen transport in, for fuel cell)
    7440-70-2, Calcium, uses
ΙT
        (dopant, ceria electrolyte containing, oxygen
       transport in, for fuel cell)
    7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-57-5,
TΤ
    Gold, uses
        (electrodes containing sputtered layer of, oxygen transport
       in, for fuel cell)
ΙT
    1306-38-3, Cerium oxide (CeO2), uses
        (electrolyte of calcium-doped, electrochem. oxygen
       transport in, for 'fuel cell'
    1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses
ΙT
        (electrolyte of strontium-doped, electrochem. oxygen
       transport in, for fuel cell)
    7782-44-7, Oxygen, miscellaneous
IT
        (transport of, in solid oxide electrolyte and ceramic
       oxide electrodes, for fuel cells)
L31 ANSWER 51 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:569130 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       119:169130
                       Activities of rare-earth-containing oxides as
TITLE:
                        electrodes for oxide ion conductor
```

```
Eguchi, Koichi; Inoue, Takanori; Setoguchi,
AUTHOR(S):
                        Toshihiko; Arai, Hiromichi
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Grad. Sch. Eng. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Kasuga, 816,
                        Japan
SOURCE:
                        Journal of Alloys and Compounds (1993),
                        193(1-2), 59-61
                        CODEN: JALCEU; ISSN: 0925-8388
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
ED
    Entered STN: 16 Oct 1993
     The substitutional dissoln. of an appropriate dopant to CeO2 is effective in
AΒ
     controlling ionic and elec. conductivities. The combination of
     La0.6Sr0.4Co0.98Ni0.0203 electrode /(CeO2)0.8(SmO1.5)0.2 electrolyte exhibited
     high electrode polarization conductivity Anodic properties were evaluated in
     relation to an electrolyte material and oxide material in an Ni-based cermet
     anode.
IT
     108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (La0.6MnSr0.403)
        (electrode, with cobalt cerium oxide electrolyte
        , elec. conductivity in relation to)
RN
     108916-21-8 HCAPLUS
CN
    Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)
  Component |
                     Ratio
                                        Component
             -1
                                 | Registry Number
3
         17778-80-2
Sr
             0.4
                                          7440-24-6
                                 -
                                          7439-96-5
Mn
             1
                                  0.6
La
             1
                                           7439-91-0
CC
    72-2 (Electrochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52, 76
ST
    rare earth contg oxide electrode cond; lanthanum nickel
     strontium cobaltate electrode cond; cerium samarium oxide
     electrolyte cond; nickel cermet based anode cond;
     fuel cell electrolyte
ΙT
    Fuel-cell electrolytes
        (rare earth-containing oxides)
    Electrodes
        (rare earth-containing oxides,)
ΙT
    Anodes
        (fuel-cell, nickel-base)
ΙT
     1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses
        (anode from metal oxides with, elec. conductivity of)
     111705-95-4, Nickel praseodymium oxide 134883-91-3, Cerium nickel
ΙT
           149319-21-1, Nickel yttrium zirconium oxide 150341-70-1,
     Cerium nickel samarium oxide
        (anode, elec. conductivity of)
     12060-58-1, Samarium oxide (Sm2O3)
ΙT
        (cerium oxide electrolyte with, with cobalt lanthanum
       nickel strontium oxide electrode, elec. conductivity in relation
     7440-06-4, Platinum, uses
ΙT
        (electrode, with cerium calcium oxide electrolyte
        , comparison with lanthanum oxide-containing electrodes)
     118392-69-1, Cobalt lanthanum nickel strontium oxide
IT
     (Co0.98La0.6Ni0.02Sr0.403)
        (electrode, with cerium samarium oxide
```

electrolyte, elec. conductivity in relation to)

ΙT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (electrode, with cobalt cerium oxide electrolyte , elec. conductivity in relation to) 1314-36-9, Yttrium oxide (Y2O3), properties IT (electrolyte from zirconia stabilized with, with cobalt lanthanum nickel strontium oxide or lanthanum manganese strontium oxide **electrodes**, elec. conductivity in relation to) IT 1306-38-3, Cerium dioxide, properties (electrolyte, samarium oxide-doped, with cobalt lanthanum nickel strontium oxide electrode, elec. conductivity in relation IT 116875-84-4, Cerium samarium oxide (Ce0.8Sm0.201.9) (electrolyte, with cobalt lanthanum nickel strontium .oxide **electrode**, elec. conductivity in relation to) 116443-69-7, Calcium cerium oxide (Ca0.1Ce0.901.9) IΤ (electrolyte, with lanthanum oxide-containing electrodes and with platinum) 1314-23-4, Zirconia, properties IT (electrolyte, yttria-stabilized, with cobalt lanthanum strontium nickel oxide or lanthanum manganese strontium oxide electrodes, elec. conductivity in relation to) L31 ANSWER 52 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:63283 HCAPLUS Full-text 118:63283 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Manufacture of perovskite-type oxide TITLE: cathodes for fuel cells INVENTOR(S): Stadelmann, Heinz PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ABB Patent GmbH, Germany

Com Offen 4 nn. SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 4 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. . KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 19910613 A1 19921217 DE 1991-4119498 DE 4119498 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1991-4119498 19910613 ED Entered STN: 16 Feb 1993 AΒ The cathodes are prepared by mixing a screen-printing paste from Lal-xMxM103 (M = Ca, Sr; M1 = Mn, Ni, Cr, Co), terpineol, a binder, a plasticizer, and a dispersing agent; applying the paste at 30 µm on a sintered electrolyte disk; and by heating at .apprx.1400°. The organic additives in addition to terpineol are Ethocel 10, triolein, and di-Bu phthalate. Lal-xMxM103 is La0.86Sr0.16MnO3. 140884-85-1P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide ΙT (La0.84MnSr0.1603) (cathodes, air, manufacture of, for fuel cells) 140884-85-1 HCAPLUS . RNLanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.84MnSr0.1603) (CA INDEX CN NAME) Ratio | Component Component | Registry Number

```
0
                        3
                                           17778-80-2
Sr
                       0.16
                                            7440-24-6
Mn
                        1
                                            7439-96-5
                                   1
                       0.84
La
                                            7439-91-0
                                   1
IC
     ICM H01M008-02
     ICS H01M012-06; B41M001-12; B41M001-34
ICA
     C09D011-02
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy
     Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 57
ST
     full cell air cathode; lanthanum strontium manganate air
     cathode
ΙT
     Cathodes
        (fuel-cell, air, perovskite-type oxide, manufacture of)
ΙT
     12016-86-3P, Cobalt lanthanum oxide (CoLaO3)
                                                   12017-94-6P, Chromium
     lanthanum oxide (CrLaO3) 12031-12-8P, Lanthanum manganese oxide
                12031-18-4P, Lanthanum nickel oxide (LaNiO3)
        (calcium- or strontium-doped, cathodes, air, manufacture of,
        for fuel cells)
IT
     140884-85-1P, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
     (La0.84MnSr0.1603)
        (cathodes, air, manufacture of, for fuel cells)
IT
     7440-24-6P, Strontium, uses 7440-70-2P, Calcium, uses
        (dopant, perovskite-type air cathodes containing,
        manufacture of, for fuel cells)
IT
     84-74-2, Dibutyl phthalate 122-32-7, Triolein 8000-41-7, Terpineol
     9004-57-3, Ethocel 10
        (oxide paste containing, perovskite-type, for air cathodes
        for fuel cells)
L31 ANSWER 53 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:29039 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         118:29039
TITLE:
                         Nonstoichiometry in perovskite-type oxide calcium
                         cerium manganate (Cal-xCexMnO3-\delta) and its
                         properties in alkaline solution
AUTHOR(S):
                         Esaka, T.; Morimoto, H.; Iwahara, H.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Fac. Eng., Tottori Univ., Koyamacho, 680, Japan
                         Journal of Applied Electrochemistry (1992
SOURCE:
                         ), 22(9), 821-4
                         CODEN: JAELBJ; ISSN: 0021-891X
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 24 Jan 1993
AB
     Nonstoichiometry in high-conductivity perovskite-type oxide Cal-xCexMnO3-\delta was
     investigated. At room temperature in air, the 3-\delta value was determined to be
     2.91 for CaMnO3-\delta, which meant that 82% of the Mn was tetravalent. Although
     the 3-\delta value increased by increasing the Ce content, i.e. by doping of the
     higher valence cation into the Ca site, the quantity of Mn4+ in the sample
     oxide essentially decreased with increasing x. The O contents change
     reversibly with temperature in air. A change in the O content was also
     observed upon discharging this oxide as the cathode material of a battery in
     alkaline solution Surprisingly, the sintered ceramics of this oxide worked as
     a cathode without mixing with a conductive powder such as graphite.
     Considering the discharge performance, this oxide may be a candidate for the
     cathode material of the alkaline battery.
```

145077-20-9D, Calcium cerium manganese oxide

(Ca0.85-1Ce0-0.15MnO3), oxygen-deficient

IT

(stoichiometry and discharging of, application in battery in relation to)

RN 145077-20-9 HCAPLUS

CN Calcium cerium manganese oxide (Ca0.85-1Ce0-0.15MnO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX

Component		Ratio	    -	Component Registry Number
	T-		+-	
0		3		17778-80-2
Ca		0.85 - 1	1	7440-70-2
Ce	- 1	0 - 0.15	1	7440-45-1
Mn	- 1	1	1	.7439-96-5

- IT122325-37-5, Calcium cerium manganese oxide ca0.9ce0.1mno3 (stoichiometry and discharging of, battery application in relation to)
- 122325-37-5 HCAPLUS RN
- CN Calcium cerium manganese oxide (Ca0.9Ce0.1MnO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	- 1		l	Registry Number
=========	==+==		+=	
0		3		17778-80-2
Ca		0.9		7440-70-2
Ce	1	0.1		7440-45-1
Mn	- 1	1	1	7439-96-5

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 52

- STcalcium cerium manganese oxide stoichiometry; discharge electrochem cathode battery
- IT Electrolytic polarization

(of calcium cerium manganese oxide, application in battery in relation to)

ΙT Electrodes

> (battery, calcium cerium manganese oxide, discharging behavior of)

IT 145077-20-9D, Calcium cerium manganese oxide (Ca0.85-1Ce0-0.15MnO3), oxygen-deficient

(stoichiometry and discharging of, application in battery in relation to)

122325-37-5, Calcium cerium manganese oxide ca0.9ce0.1mno3 IT(stoichiometry and discharging of, battery application in relation to)

L31 ANSWER 54 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:618276 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:218276

TITLE: Electrostatic dispersion of zirconia-doped

lanthanum strontium manganese oxide (La0.9Sr0.1MnO3) in aqueous systems

Richards, V. L.; Singhal, S. C. AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fuel Cell Technol., Sci. Technol. Cent.,

Pittsburgh, PA, 15235, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Materials Science Letters (1992

), 11(17), 1193-6

CODEN: JMSLD5; ISSN: 0261-8028

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 28 Nov 1992

AB The effects of CO2 on wet and dry storage of La0.9Sr0.1MnO3 + 10 weight% ZrO2 powders were investigated and the use of a typical anionic surfactant as a control measure was evaluated. The results showed that CO2 had the effect of decreasing the isoelec. point during dry storage. Use of anionic polyelectrolyte offers control of the zeta potential in slurries despite isoelec. point changes during powder storage.

IT 110781-51-6, Lanthanum strontium manganese oxide
 (La0.9Sr0.1MnO3)

(zirconia-doped, storage of, wet and dry, isoelec. point change in, carbon dioxide effect on)

RN 110781-51-6 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.9MnSr0.103) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==		=+=	=======================================
0	- 1	3	1	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.1	1	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	-	7439-96-5
La	- 1	0.9	1	7439-91-0

CC 57-2 (Ceramics)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 72

IT 9003-03-6, Darvan 821A

(in lanthanum strontium manganate slurries with zirconia dopant, for zeta potential control)

IT 110781-51-6, Lanthanum strontium manganese oxide (La0.9Sr0.1MnO3)

(zirconia-doped, storage of, wet and dry, isoelec. point change in, carbon dioxide effect on)

L31 ANSWER 55 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:534441 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:134441

TITLE: Electrical properties of ceria-based oxides and

their application to solid oxide fuel cells

AUTHOR(S): Eguchi, K.; Setoguchi, T.; Inoue, T.; Arai, H. CORPORATE SOURCE: Grad. Sch. Eng. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Kasuga, 816,

Japan

SOURCE: Solid State Ionics (1992), 52(1-3),

165-72

CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 04 Oct 1992

The ionic conductivity of CeO2-alkaline earth and -rare-earth oxide systems was investigated in relation to structure, elec. conductivity, and reducibility. Sm2O3- and Gd oxide-doped CeO2 samples exhibited the highest elec. conductivity in CeO2-based oxides because of the close ionic radii of Sm3+ and Gd3+ to that of Ce4+. The ionic conductivity of Sm2O3-doped CeO2 was also measured by an a.c. 4-probe method with electron blocking electrodes. A solid oxide fuel cell with a Sm2O3-doped CeO2 electrolyte produced high elec. power, because of its highest O ionic conductivity The reduction of CeO2 electrolyte at the fuel side could be suppressed by a coating of stabilized ZrO2 thin film on the CeO2 surface. The anodic overvoltage of the doped CeO2/anode interface was very small.

IT 108916-21-8, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
 (La0.6MnSr0.403)

(cathodes, in fuel cell)

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RN 108916-21-8 HCAPLUS
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CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.6MnSr0.403) (CA INDEX NAME)

	mponent	Rat		Component   Registry Number
0		-======= 3		+=====================================
Sr		0.		7440-24-6
Mn		1		7439-96-5
La		0.	6	7439-91-0
CC	Technology			onal, and Thermal Energy
ST				lectrolyte cation doped ceria
IT		electrolyt- based oxid		properties of)
IT	Crystal st (of cer		xides, <b>dop</b> a	ant concentration and radius effect
ΙŢ	108916-21- (La0.6MnS		_	se strontium oxide
ĪŢ	12060-58-1 (Gd2O3)	l, Samarium	oxide (Sm	203) 12064-62-9, Gadolinium oxide
	electro	olyte)	_	um oxide containing, for fuel cell
IT		conductivi		, properties l oxide containing, for fuel cell
IT		, Nickel, u a-stabilize		with, fuel cell anodes)
IT	(yttri	, Zirconia, a-stabilize with, fuel	d, samariu	m-doped ceria <b>electrolyte</b>
IT	1314-36-9 (zirco	, Yttria, u	ses zed with,	samarium-doped ceria electrolyte
L31	ANSWER 56	OF 62 HCA	PLUS COPY	RIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
	SSION NUMB			2 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
	MENT NUMBE	R:	116:238732	
TITL	Æ:			hermodynamic compatibility of solid
AUTH	OR(S):			cell materials Harumi; Sakai, Natsuko; Kawada, Tatsuya;
CORP	ORATE SOUR	CE:	-	s. Cent., Natl. Chem. Lab. Ind.,
SOUR	RCE:			Communities, [Rep.] EUR (1991
	), EUR 13	564, Proc.	Int. Symp. 663-70	Solid Oxide Fuel Cells, 2nd, 1991,
D 0 55				ED9; ISSN: 0303-755X
	MENT TYPE:		Report	
	GUAGE: Entered S		English	
ED AB	A thermoo	dn. anal. woonents. P	as carried hase diagra	out of Y2O3-stabilized ZrO2 materials for fuel am calcns. were made using empirical relations radii of dopants; Mn dissoln. and zirconate

formation at the Y203-stabilized ZrO2 and manganite electrode were clarified

in terms of A-site occupancy in the perovskite structure. Reactions of LaCa chromite separator with LaSr manganite air electrode or with Y2O3-ZrO2 were investigated by chemical equilibrium calcns. Calculated chemical potentials of binary oxides were used to explain driving forces for kinetic phenomena, particularly migration and reactions in co-firing processes. The chromite layer should contain CaO to enhance sinterability, but CaO tends to migrate into other layers and as a result, the chromite layer is not densified.

59707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide ΙT

(fuel-cell material, chemical thermodn. compatibility of)

RN 59707-46-9 HCAPLUS

Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Component	 	Ratio	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==	===============	+======================================
0	1	X·	17778-80-2
Sr	1	x	7440-24-6
Mn	1	х	1 7439-96-5
La	1	x	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 68, 69

57679-28-4, Calcium chromium lanthanum oxide 59707-46-9, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide

(fuel-cell material, chemical thermodn. compatibility of)

L31 ANSWER 57 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1992:197603 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:197603

TITLE: Defect chemistry and properties of yttrium calcium

manganese oxide Y1-xCaxMnO3

AUTHOR(S): Nasrallah, M. M.; Anderson, H. U.; Stevenson, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Ceram. Eng., Univ. Missouri, Rolla, MO,

65401, USA

SOURCE: Comm. Eur. Communities, [Rep.] EUR (1991

), EUR 13564, Proc. Int. Symp. Solid Oxide Fuel Cells, 2nd, 1991,

545-52

CODEN: CECED9; ISSN: 0303-755X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Report LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 16 May 1992

Compns. in the Ca-doped YMnO3 system were investigated for use as cathodes in AΒ solid oxide fuel cells. A miscibility gap wa detected for Ca contents <25%. Complete miscibility, associated with stabilization of the perovskite structure, was identified for higher Ca containing compns. The stability regime and O nonstoichiometry were determined for the 40-60% Ca containing compns. with thermogravimetric techniques. Elec. conductivity data confirm that a thermally activated small polaron mechanism is operative. The effect of dopant, temperature, and O activity on TGA and conductivity values are interpreted in terms of a postulated defect structure model. Thermal expansion coefficient (TEC) data show strong dependence on Ca content. Contrary to Sr-doped LaMnO3, the YMnO3 system can be made to match the TEC of Y203-stabilized Zr02 electrolyte.

131913-39-8, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.3MnY0.703) 134775-79-4, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.5MnY0.503) 141050-58-0, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.4MnY0.603) 141067-73-4, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide

(elec. and thermal properties of, for fuel cell cathodes)

RN 131913-39-8 HCAPLUS

CN Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.3MnY0.703) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component.	1	Ratio	   	Component Registry Number
=========	==+==	-======================================	+==	
0	1	3		17778-80-2
Ca	1	0.3	1	7440-70-2
Y		0.7		7440-65-5 .
Mn	ł	1		7439-96-5

RN 134775-79-4 HCAPLUS

CN Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.5MnY0.503) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	   	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	-=+-=		=+=	
0	- 1	3	-	17778-80-2
Ca	- 1	0.5	1	7440-70-2
Y	1	0.5		7440-65-5
Mn	- 1	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 141050-58-0 HCAPLUS

CN Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.4MnY0.603) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
==========	==+==	==========	====+=	
0	1	3	1	17778-80-2
Ca		0.4	1	7440-70-2
Y		0.6	1	7440-65-5
Mn	ł	1	1	7439-96-5

RN 141067-73-4 HCAPLUS

CN Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
=======================================	==+==	=======================================	=+==	
0	1	x	1	17778-80-2
Ca	1	x	1	7440-70-2
Y	- 1	x	1	7440-65-5
Mn	- 1	x	1	7439-96-5

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 57, 76

ST yttrium calcium manganese oxide cathode

IT Cathodes

(fuel-cell, calcium manganese yttrium oxide for, properties of)

IT 131913-39-8, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.3MnY0.703)

134775-79-4, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.5MnY0.503)

141050-58-0, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide (Ca0.4MnY0.603)

141067-73-4, Calcium manganese yttrium oxide

(elec. and thermal properties of, for fuel cell cathodes)

L31 ANSWER 58 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:167902 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

114:167902

TITLE: Solid-electrolyte fuel cells

INVENTOR(S):

Iwahara, Hironari

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tonen Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

1

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03001453	Ä	19910108	JP 1989-134535	19890530
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-134535	19890530
			<b>/</b>	

ED Entered STN: 03 May 1991

AB The fuel cells use BaCeO3-based electrolytes and Ni-containing anodes. The fuel cells preferably use Ba-doped LaMnO3 cathodes. These electrodes can be used in place of Pt electrodes.

IT 127610-27-9D, Barium lanthanum manganese oxide

(Ba0.4La0.6MnO3), oxygen-deficient

(cathodes, for fuel cells with barium cerate-based solid electrolytes)

RN 127610-27-9 HCAPLUS

CN Barium lanthanum manganese oxide (Ba0.4La0.6MnO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	==+==:		-+==========
0	1	3	17778-80-2
Ba	1	0.4	7440-39-3
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.6	7439-91-0

- IC ICM H01M008-12
  - ICS H01M004-86
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell barium cerate electrolyte; nickel anode solid fuel cell; lanthanum manganete cathode fuel cell; barium doping lanthanum manganete cathode
- IT Cathodes

(fuel-cell, barium-doped lanthanum manganese
oxide)

IT Anodes

(fuel-cell, nickel)

IT Fuel cells

(solid-electrolyte, barium cerium neodymium oxide for)

IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses and miscellaneous

(anodes, for fuel cells with barium cerate-based solid electrolytes)

IT 127610-27-9D, Barium lanthanum manganese oxide

(Ba0.4La0.6MnO3), oxygen-deficient

(cathodes, for fuel cells with barium cerate-based solid electrolytes)

(electrolyte, for fuel cells)

L31 ANSWER 59 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:500819 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:100819

TITLE: A new cathode material (La, Sr)1-z (Mn1-yCr6)03 (O

 $\leq$  y  $\leq$  0.2) for SOFC

AUTHOR(S): Mori, Masashi; Sakai, Natsuko; Kawada, Tatsuya;

Yokokawa, Harumi; Dokiya, Masayuki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Res. Inst. Electr. Power Ind., Yokosuka,

240-01, Japan

SOURCE: Denki Kagaku oyobi Kogyo Butsuri Kagaku (

**1990**), 58(6), 528-32

CODEN: DKOKAZ; ISSN: 0366-9297

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 16 Sep 1990

AB A new air electrode for SOFC (solid oxide fuel cell) was prepared by doping Cr into La(Mn,Cr) perovskite oxides to form (La,Sr)1-z(Mn1-yCryO3 (0 < y  $\leq$  0.2). Shrinkage of the mixed oxide was minimal during sintering and the oxide did not react with Y2O3-stabilized ZrO2 in tests at 1773 K for 5 h. The elec. conductivity of the new oxide was 47.3 S/cm for (La0.92Sr0.08) (Mn0.88Cr0.12)O3 compared with 61.9 S/cm for (La0.92Sr0.08)MnO3. The new oxide electrode had a smaller change in overvoltage at 0.13-0.18 V and c.d. 1.0 A/cm2 at 1673 K, compared to 0.09-0.25 V for the undoped oxide. The lattice parameters of the new oxides as a function of Cr content and the shrinkage with Cr or Sr content are given.

IT 128932-09-2, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide
 (La0.84MnSr0.0703) 128932-11-6, Lanthanum manganese
 strontium oxide (La0.92MnSr0.0803)

(cathode active mass, for solid oxide fuel cells)

RN 128932-09-2 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.84MnSr0.0703) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	    !	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
	+=-		+
0	- 1	3	17778-80-2
Sr	1	0.07	7440-24-6
Mn	1	1	7439-96-5
La	- 1	0.84	7439-91-0

RN 128932-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.92MnSr0.0803) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
		2		17778-80-2
0 .		3	ı	1///0-00-2
Sr	- 1	0.08	1	7440-24-6
Mn	- 1	1	1	7439-96-5
La	1	0.92	1	7439-91-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT Cathodes

(fuel-cell, chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide, for solid fuel cells)

IT 128932-09-2, Lanthanum manganese strontium oxide (La0.84MnSr0.0703) 128932-10-5 128932-11-6, Lanthanum

manganese strontium oxide (La0.92MnSr0.0803)

(cathode active mass, for solid oxide fuel cells)

ΙT 1314-11-0

> (cathodes, fuel-cell, chromium-doped lanthanum manganese strontium oxide, for solid fuel cells)

ΙT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses and miscellaneous (lanthanum manganese strontium oxide doped with, cathode active material, for solid oxide fuel cells)

L31 ANSWER 60 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1988:599850 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

109:199850

TITLE:

Electrochemical preparation and behavior of mixed

oxide of cobalt, nickel, and manganese

AUTHOR(S):

Dhawan, Sundeep Kumar; Trivedi, Dinesh Chandra

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Cent. Electrochem. Res. Inst., Karaikudi, 623 006,

India

SOURCE:

Bulletin of Electrochemistry (1988),

4(8), 743-4

CODEN: BUELE6; ISSN: 0256-1654

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

EDEntered STN: 25 Nov 1988

AΒ An attempt was made to prepare the mixed Co oxide by codeposition of Ni and Mn oxides. It was observed that the inclusion of Ni or Mn enhances the life of the Co oxide anode and electrocatalytic properties are improved considerably.

IT 68136-21-0P, Manganese nickel oxide

(electrosynthesis and electrocatalytic properties of)

68136-21-0 HCAPLUS RN

Manganese nickel oxide (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Component	1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	1	•	1	Registry Number
==========	==+==	=======================================	===+=	=======================================
0	1	x	- 1	17778-80-2
Ni	1	x	1	7440-02-0
Mn	1	х	1	7439-96-5

- CC 72-4 (Electrochemistry)
- ΙT Anodes

(cobalt and manganese oxides, nickel doping

effect on catalytic properties of)

Catalysts and Catalysis

(electrochem., cobalt and manganese oxides, nickel doping effect on)

ΙT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses and miscellaneous

(doping with, of cobalt and manganese oxides, catalytic properties in relation to)

ΙT 11104-61-3P, Cobalt oxide 11129-60-5P, Manganese oxide (electrosynthesis and catalytic properties of, nickel doping in relation to)

ΙT 12737-30-3P, Cobalt nickel oxide 68136-21-0P, Manganese nickel oxide

(electrosynthesis and electrocatalytic properties of) .

ΙT 12016-80-7P 12017-00-4P

(synthesis and electrocatalytic properties of, nickel doping effect on)

ANSWER 61 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:476531 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

109:76531

TITLE:

Corrosion of metal oxide ceramics in molten

lithium-potassium carbonates

AUTHOR(S):

Lessing, P. A.; Yang, Z. Z.; Miller, G. R.;

Yamada, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Ceramatec, Inc., Salt Lake City, UT, 84115, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of the Electrochemical Society (

**1988**), 135(5), 1049-57

CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

ED Entered STN: 02 Sep 1988

AB A corrosion testing program was used to survey metal oxides potentially useful in a molten carbonate fuel cell environment. Tests included immersion of polycryst. sintered pellets, powdered samples immersed in molten carbonate under 10 atm of simulated cathode gas, and immersion gravimetric tests using powder samples under 1 atm of simulated cathode gas. All tests were done at 700° using (0.62 Li-0.38 K)2CO3 under static (no elec. potential) conditions. Li2TiO3, Li2ZrO3, PbZrO3, and ZrTiO4 had a high corrosion resistance at large and small carbonate to ceramic ratios and under 1 and 10 atm of cathode gas. CaTiO3 + M+5 (M = metals) dopants, SrTiO3 + M+5 dopants, CaZrO3, and MgO.ZrO2 were not stable at 1 atm pressure for large (150:1) carbonate to ceramic ratios, but were more stable at 10 atm pressure and lower carbonate to ceramic ratios (10:1, 1:1). The effects were explained using solubility and carbonate decomposition thermodn.

IT 12032-74-5, Manganese titanium oxide (MnTiO3)

(ceramic, corrosion of, in molten carbonates, fuel cell application in relation to)

RN 12032-74-5 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese titanium oxide (MnTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
			1	Registry Number
========	==+===		:===+=:	
0		3	1	17778-80-2
Ti	1	1	1	7440-32-6
Mn	1	1	1	7439-96-5

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
  - Section cross-reference(s): 57
- 12009-21-1, Barium zirconium oxide (BaZrO3) 12009-63-1, Barium TΤ titanium oxide (Ba2TiO4) 12013-47-7, Calcium zirconium oxide (CaZrO3) 12014-14-1, Cadmium titanium oxide (CdTiO3) 12017-01-5, Cobalt titanium oxide (CoTiO3) 12017-38-8, Cobalt titanium oxide 12022-46-7, Iron lithium oxide (LiFeO2) 12023-70-0 12031-82-2, Lithium titanium oxide (Li2TiO3) 12031-83-3, Lithium zirconium oxide (Li2ZrO3) 12032-30-3, Magnesium titanium oxide (MgTiO3) 12032-74-5, Manganese titanium oxide (MnTiO3) 12036-70-3 12036-39-4, Strontium zirconium oxide (SrZrO3) 12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3), reactions 12060-01-4, Lead zirconium oxide Calcium titanium oxide (CaTiO3) 12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide (SrTiO3) 12232-23-4 (ceramic, corrosion of, in molten carbonates, fuel cell application in relation to)
- L31 ANSWER 62 OF 62 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:595910 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:195910

TITLE: Platinum-substitute materials as electrocatalysts

for oxygen reduction

Cathey, W. N.; Nicks, L. J.; Bauer, D. J. AUTHOR(S):

Reno Metall. Res. Cent., Bur. Mines, Reno, NV, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

U. S., Bur. Mines, Rep. Invest. (1979), SOURCE:

RI 8341, 17 pp.

CODEN: XBMIA6; ISSN: 0096-1922

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Report

LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 12 May 1984 ED

Many materials including carbides, silicides, phosphides, borides, nitrides, AΒ oxides, and metals were studied as potential fuel-cell catalysts for electroredn. of O in a N H2SO4 electrolyte to assess the potential of abundant, low-cost materials as substitutes for Pt or to increase the catalytic efficiency of Pt. Several compds. were rejected because of their reaction in the corrosive environment of the O electrode. The activity of carbides such as WC could be improved by doping with Pt-group metals, by varying stoichiometry, or by sputtering on a Pt layer. While no catalysts were found with activity as high as Pt, some compds. deserve further investigation.

ΙT 12360-69-9

(catalysts containing, fuel-cell, oxygen reduction of)

12360-69-9 HCAPLUS RN

Cerium manganese oxide (CeMnO3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	- 1		1	Registry Number
	==+==	.==========	==+=	
0	- 1	3		17778-80-2
Ce	- 1	1		7440-45-1
Mn	1	1	- 1	7439-96-5

ΙT 12032-75-6

(catalysts, fuel-cell, oxygen reduction at)

RN 12032-75-6 HCAPLUS

Manganese yttrium oxide (MnYO3) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		=+=	
0	1	3	- 1	17778-80-2
Y	1	1	- 1	7440-65-5
Mn.	}	1 .	- 1	7439-96-5

52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy CC Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 57, 67

fuel cell oxygen electrode; carbide fuel cell catalyst; ST silicide fuel cell catalyst; phosphide fuel cell catalyst; boride fuel cell catalyst; nitride fuel cell catalyst; oxide fuel cell catalyst; platinum fuel cell catalyst

ΙT Cathodes

(fuel-cell, oxygen catalytic)

1312-81-8 1313-96-8 12006-78-9 1306-38-3, uses and miscellaneous IT 12033-72-6 12053-27-9 12058-38-7 **12360-69-9** 24094-93-7

(catalysts containing, fuel-cell, oxygen reduction of)

1310-43-6 1312-81**-**8 1313-99-1, 1309-48-4, uses and miscellaneous ΙT 1317-36-8, uses and miscellaneous uses and miscellaneous 1317-34-6

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1344-43-0, uses and miscellaneous
                                     7440-06-4, uses and miscellaneous
7440-18-8, uses and miscellaneous
                                     7440-25-7, uses and miscellaneous
7440-57-5, uses and miscellaneous
                                     12006-79-0
                                                 12006-84-7
12006-98-3
             12007-00-0
                           12007-37-3
                                        12008-02-5
                                                      12012-35-0
12017-94-6
             12018-36-9
                           12019-52-2
                                        12025-53-5
                                                      12031-12-8
12032-75-6
             12032-78-9
                           12033-62-4
                                        12034-66-1
                                                      12035-74-4
             12037-63-7
12036-10-1
                           12037-65-9
                                        12039-13-3
                                                      12039-15-5
12039-83-7
             12039-87-1
                           12039-90-6
                                        12045-15-7
                                                      12052-86-7
12053-05-3
             12059-19-7
                           12066-53-4
                                        12069-40-8
                                                      12069-94-2
12070-06-3
             12070-08-5
                           12070-12-1
                                        12070-14-3
                                                      12134-02-0
12136-78-6
             12142-88-0
                           12347-11-4
                                        12361-46-5
                                                      12361-86-3
12378-57-3
             12535-30-7
                           12600-91-8
                                         20033-08-3
                                                      24621-21-4
24646-85-3
             25583-20-4
                           25658-42-8
                                         2.6342-61-0
                                                      29888-22-0
37296-86-9
   (catalysts, fuel-cell, oxygen reduction at)
7782-44-7, reactions
   (reduction of, on fuel-cell catalytic electrodes)
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ΙT

#### => d his nofile (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:56:58 ON 13 AUG 2007) FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:57:16 ON 13 AUG 2007 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US20030215712/PN L1SEL RN FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:57:36 ON 13 AUG 2007 113 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (1310-58-3/BI OR 1313-13-9/BI OR L2 378248-51-2/BI OR 378248-52-3/BI OR 378248-53-4/BI OR 378248-54-5/BI OR 378248-55-6/BI OR 378248-56-7/BI OR 378248-57-8/BI OR 378248-58-9/BI OR 378248-59-0/BI OR 378248-60-3/BI OR 378248-61-4/BI OR 378248-62-5/BI OR 378248-63-6/BI OR 378248-64-7/BI OR 378248-65-8/BI OR 378248-66-9/BI OR 378248-67-0/BI OR 378248-68-1/BI OR 378248-69-2/BI OR 378248-70-5/BI OR 378248-71-6/BI OR 378248-72-7/BI OR 378248-73-8/BI OR 378248-74-9/BI OR 378248-75-0/BI OR 378248-76-1/BI OR 378248-77-2/BI OR 378248-78-3/BI OR 378248-79-4/BI OR 378248-80-7/BI OR 378248-81-8/BI OR 378248-82-9/BI OR 378248-83-0/BI OR 378248-84-1/BI OR 378248-85-2/BI OR 378248-86-3/BI OR 378248-87-4/BI OR 378248-88-5/BI OR 378248-89-6/BI OR 378248-90-9/BI OR 378248-91-0/BI OR 378248-92-1/BI OR 378248-93-2/BI OR 378248-94-3/BI OR 378248-95-4/BI OR 378248-96-5/BI OR 378248-97-6/BI OR 378248-98-7/BI OR 378248-99-8/BI OR 378249-00-4/BI OR 378249-01-5/BI OR 378249-02-6/BI OR 378249-03-7/BI OR 378249-04-8/BI OR 378249-05-9/BI OR 378249-06-0/BI OR 378249-07-1/BI OR 378249-08-2/BI OR 378249-09-3/BI OR 378249-10-6/BI OR 378249-11-7/BI OR 378249-12-8/BI OR 378249-13-9/BI OR 378249-14-0/BI OR 378249-15-1/BI OR 378249-16-2/BI OR 378249-17-3/BI OR 378249-18-4/BI OR 378249-19-5/BI OR 378249-20-8/BI OR 378249-21-9/BI OR 378249-22-0/BI OR 378249-23-1/BI OR 378249-24-2/BI OR 378249-25-3/BI OR 378249-26-4/BI OR 378249-27-5/BI OR 378249-28-6/BI OR 378249-29-7/BI OR 378249-30-0/BI OR 378249-31-1/BI OR 378249-32-2/BI OR 378249-33-3/BI OR 378249-34-4/BI OR 378249-35-5/BI OR 378249-36-6/BI OR 378249-37-7/BI OR 378249-38-8/BI OR 378249-39-9/BI OR 378249-40-2/BI OR 378249-41-3/BI OR 378249-42-4/BI OR 378249-43-5/BI OR 378249-44-6/BI OR 378249-45-7/BI OR 378249-46-8/BI OR 378249-47-9/BI OR 378249-L3 13829 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (MN(L)(B OR MG OR AL OR SI OR P OR SC OR TI OR V OR CR OR FE OR CO OR ZN OR GA OR SR OR Y OR ZR OR NB OR RU OR RH OR PD OR AG OR NI OR CU OR IN OR SN OR SB OR BA OR CE OR HF OR TA OR RE OR OS OR IR OR PT OR AU OR BI) (L)O)/ELS(L)3-4/ELC.SUB93 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND L2 L4FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:05:03 ON 13 AUG 2007 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 L5 33444 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 E DOPANTS/CT DOPANTS+PFT, NT, OLD, NEW/CT 13914 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L7

24584 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DOPING+PFT, NT, OLD, NEW/CT

476 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND (L7 OR L8)

DOPING/CT

L8

L10		ABB=ON PLU=( ANT#)	ON L6 AND ((L7 OR L8) OR DOPING# OR
	<b>E</b> 1	BATTERY ELECTI	RODES/CT
L11	35777 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=0	ON "BATTERY ELECTRODES"+PFT, NT, OLD, NEW/CT
L12			
L13		ABB=ON PLU=	
			ON L13 AND L12
	85 SEA		
L16	34 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L15 AND (1840-2001)/PRY,AY,PY
	######################################	י באירבסבר אירי	15:11:57 ON 13 AUG 2007
L17			ON L3 NOT 1-100/LI
71.7	11000 SEA	ADD-ON FLU-	N 13 NOT 1-100/11
	FILE 'HCAPLUS'	ENTERED AT 1	5:12:40 ON 13 AUG 2007
L18	31211 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L17
L19	1690 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L18 AND ((L7 OR L8) OR DOPING# OR
	DOP	ANT#)	
L20	26 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L19 AND L11
L21	510 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L19 AND L13
L22	36 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L21 AND ELECTROCHEM?/SC,SX
L23	54 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L20 OR L22
L24	29 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L23 AND (1840-2001)/PRY, AY, PY
L25	158 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L19 AND ELECTROCHEM?/SC,SX
L26	94 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L25 AND (1840-2001)/PRY,AY,PY
	E	ELECTRODEPOSI	FION/CT .
L27	64449 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON ELECTRODEPOSITION+PFT, NT, OLD, NEW/CT
L28	2 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L26 AND L27
L29	81 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L26 AND (BATTER? OR ELECTROD? OR ANOD?
	OR	CATHOD?)	
L30	44 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L29 AND ELECTROLYT?
L31	62 SEA	ABB=ON PLU=	ON L24 OR L30
L32	1 SEA		
Ь32	1 SEA	ARR=ON LTO=	ON TOT WALL